2024 Evidence of Coverage Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial (HMO-POS)



#### **Notice of Nondiscrimination**

UCare complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex. UCare does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex.

We provide <u>aids and services at no charge to people with disabilities</u> to communicate effectively with us, such as TTY line, or written information in other formats, such as large print.

If you need these services, contact us at 612-676-3200 (voice) or toll free at 1-800-203-7225 (voice), 612-676-6810 (TTY), or 1-800-688-2534 (TTY).

We provide <u>language services at no charge to people whose primary language is not English</u>, such as qualified interpreters or information written in other languages.

If you need these services, contact us at the number on the back of your membership card or 612-676-3200 or toll free at 1-800-203-7225 (voice); 612-676-6810 or toll free at 1-800-688-2534 (TTY).

If you believe that UCare has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex, you can file an oral or written grievance.

#### Oral grievance

If you are a current UCare member, please call the number on the back of your membership card. Otherwise please call **612-676-3200** or toll free at **1-800-203-7225** (voice); **612-676-6810** or toll free at **1-800-688-2534** (TTY). You can also use these numbers if you need assistance filing a grievance.

#### Written grievance

Mailing Address

**UCare** 

Attn: Appeals and Grievances

PO Box 52

Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052

Email: <a href="mailto:cag@ucare.org">cag@ucare.org</a>
Fax: 612-884-2021

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services 200 Independence Avenue SW Room 509F, HHH Building Washington, D.C. 20201 1-800-368-1019, 1-800-537-7697 (TDD)

Complaint forms are available at http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.

ATENCIÓN: si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

LUS CEEV: Yog tias koj hais lus Hmoob, cov kev pab txog lus, muaj kev pab dawb rau koj. Hu rau 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

XIYYEEFFANNAA: Afaan dubbattu Oroomiffa, tajaajila gargaarsa afaanii, kanfaltiidhaan ala, ni argama. Bilbilaa 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

CHÚ Ý: Nếu bạn nói Tiếng Việt, có các dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí dành cho bạn. Gọi số 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

注意:如果您使用繁體中文,您可以免費獲得語言援助服務。請致電 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225(TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534)。

ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы говорите на русском языке, то вам доступны бесплатные услуги перевода. Звоните 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (телетайп: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

ໂປດຊາບ: ຖ້າວ່າ ທ່ານເວົ້າພາສາ ລາວ, ການບໍລິການຊ່ວຍເຫຼືອດ້ານພາສາ, ໂດຍບໍ່ເສັງຄ່າ, ແມ່ນມີພ້ອມໃຫ້ທ່ານ. ໂທຣ 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

ጣስታወሻ: የሚናገሩት ቋንቋ ኣጣርኛ ከሆነ የትርጉም እርዳታ ድርጅቶች፣ በነጻ ሊያባዝዎት ተዘጋጀተዋል፡ ወደ ሚከተለው ቁጥር ይደውሉ 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (መስጣት ለተሳናቸው: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

ဟ်သူဉ်ဟ်သး-နမ့်္။ကတိုး ကညီ ကျိဉ်အယိ, နမၤန့်၊ ကျိဉ်အတါမၤစၤၤလ၊ တလာာ်ဘူဉ်လာာ်စ္၊ နီတမံးဘဉ်သံ့နှဉ်လီးကိုး 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie Deutsch sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlos sprachliche Hilfsdienstleistungen zur Verfügung. Rufnummer: 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

ប្រយ័ក្ន៖ បើសិនជាអ្នកនិយា ភាសារ័ខ្ចរ, រសវាជំនួយរ័ជ្នកភាសា ដោយមិនគិតឈ្នួល គឺអាចមានសំរាប់បំរវីអ្នក។ ចូរ ទូរស័ព្ទ 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/ 1-800-688-2534)។

ملحوظة :إذا كنت تتحدث اذكر اللغة، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية تتوافر لك بالمجان التصل برقم ملحوظة :إذا كنت تتحدث اذكر اللغة، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية تتوافر لك بالمجان التصل برقم 670-6810/1-800-688-676-670).

ATTENTION : Si vous parlez français, des services d'aide linguistique vous sont proposés gratuitement. Appelez le 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (ATS : 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

주의: 한국어를 사용하시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534) 번으로 전화해 주십시오.

PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, maaari kang gumamit ng mga serbisyo ng tulong sa wika nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 (TTY: 612-676-6810/1-800-688-2534).

#### Multi-Language Insert Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225. Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

**Spanish**: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al **612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225**. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑问。如果**您需要此翻**译服务,请致电 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯 服務。如需翻譯服務,請致電 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這 是一項免費服務。

**Tagalog**: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa **612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225**. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

**Vietnamese**: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi **612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225** sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí .

**German**: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Form CMS-10802 (Expires 12/31/25)

**Russian**: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону **612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225**. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic: إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على 7225-203-800-3200/1-676-612. سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانبة.

Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 र फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

**Italian**: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero **612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225**. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

**Portuguese:** Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número **612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225**. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

**Polish**: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer **612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225**. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

**Japanese**: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、612-676-3200/1-800-203-7225 にお電話ください。日本語を話す人者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

#### January 1 – December 31, 2024

#### **Evidence of Coverage:**

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial (HMO-POS)

This document gives you the details about your Medicare health care and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2024. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.** 

For questions about this document, please contact Customer Service at 612-676-6520 or 1-888-618-2595 (this call is free). TTY users should call 612-676-6810 or 1-800-688-2534 (this call is free). Hours are 8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week.

This plan, Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, is offered by UCare Health, Inc. (When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we," "us," or "our," it means UCare Health, Inc. When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial.)

You can get this information for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, or audio. Call Customer Service at the number on the back cover of this document.

Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2025.

The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.

This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:

- Your plan premium and cost sharing;
- Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
- How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
- How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
- Other protections required by Medicare law.

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# CHAPTER 1 Getting started as a member

#### **SECTION 1** Introduction

## Section 1.1 You are enrolled in Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, which is a Medicare HMO Point-of-Service Plan

You are covered by Medicare, and you have chosen to get your Medicare health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial is a Medicare Advantage HMO Plan (HMO stands for Health Maintenance Organization) with a Point-of-Service (POS) option approved by Medicare and run by a private company. Point-of-Service means you can use providers outside the plan's network for an additional cost. (See Chapter 3, Section 2.4 for information about using the Point-of-Service option.)

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: <a href="https://www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families">www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families</a> for more information.

#### Section 1.2 What is the *Evidence of Coverage* document about?

This *Evidence of Coverage* document tells you how to get your medical care and prescription drugs. It explains your rights and responsibilities, what is covered, what you pay as a member of the plan, and how to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a decision or treatment.

The words *coverage* and *covered services* refer to the medical care and services and the prescription drugs available to you as a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial.

It's important for you to learn what the plan's rules are and what services are available to you. We encourage you to set aside some time to look through this *Evidence of Coverage* document.

If you are confused, concerned or just have a question, please contact Customer Service.

#### Section 1.3 Legal information about the *Evidence of Coverage*

This *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you about how Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial covers your care. Other parts of this contract include your enrollment form, the *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*, and any notices you receive from us about changes to your coverage or conditions that affect your coverage. These notices are sometimes called *riders* or *amendments*.

The contract is in effect for months in which you are enrolled in Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial between January 1, 2024 and December 31, 2024.

Each calendar year, Medicare allows us to make changes to the plans that we offer. This means we can change the costs and benefits of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial after December 31, 2024. We can also choose to stop offering the plan in your service area after December 31, 2024.

Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) must approve Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial each year. You can continue each year to get Medicare coverage as a member of our plan as long as we choose to continue to offer the plan and Medicare renews its approval of the plan.

#### SECTION 2 What makes you eligible to be a plan member?

#### Section 2.1 Your eligibility requirements

You are eligible for membership in our plan as long as:

- You have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B
- -- and -- you live in our geographic service area (Section 2.2 below describes our service area). Incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the geographic service area even if they are physically located in it.
- -- and -- you are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States

## Section 2.2 Here is the plan service area for Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial

Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial is available only to individuals who live in our plan service area. To remain a member of our plan, you must continue to reside in the plan service area. The service area is described below.

Our service area includes these counties in Minnesota: Anoka, Chisago, Dakota, Hennepin, Isanti, Ramsey and Washington.

If you plan to move out of the service area, you cannot remain a member of this plan. Please contact Customer Service to see if we have a plan in your new area. When you move, you will have a Special Enrollment Period that will allow you to switch to Original Medicare or enroll in a Medicare health or drug plan that is available in your new location.

It is also important that you call Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

#### Section 2.3 U.S. Citizen or Lawful Presence

A member of a Medicare health plan must be a U.S. citizen or lawfully present in the United States. Medicare (the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services) will notify Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial if you are not eligible to remain a member on this basis. Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial must disenroll you if you do not meet this requirement.

#### SECTION 3 Important membership materials you will receive

#### Section 3.1 Your plan membership card

While you are a member of our plan, you must use your membership card whenever you get services covered by this plan and for prescription drugs you get at network pharmacies. You should also show the provider your Medicaid card, if applicable. Here's a sample membership card to show you what yours will look like:



Do NOT use your red, white, and blue Medicare card for covered medical services while you are a member of this plan. If you use your Medicare card instead of your Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial membership card, you may have to pay the full cost of medical services yourself. Keep your Medicare card in a safe place. You may be asked to show it if you need hospital services, hospice services, or participate in Medicare approved clinical research studies also called clinical trials.

If your plan membership card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Customer Service right away and we will send you a new card.

#### Section 3.2 Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists our current network providers, pharmacies and durable medical equipment suppliers.

**Network providers** are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

Coverage is available for certain services from out-of-network providers and facilities through the Point-of-Service (POS) benefit. POS benefits are covered at the out-of-network cost-sharing level. You do not need a referral from your PCP before using POS benefits. Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more information about the POS benefit.

**Network pharmacies** are all of the pharmacies that have agreed to fill covered prescriptions for our plan members. You can use the *Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use. Refer to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for information on when you can use pharmacies that are not in the plan's network.

The most recent list of providers, pharmacies and suppliers is available on our website at ucare.org/searchnetwork.

If you don't have your copy of the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, you can request a copy (electronically or in hardcopy form) from Customer Service. Requests for hard copy Provider and Pharmacy Directories will be mailed to you within three business days. You may ask Customer Service for more information about our network providers, including their qualifications. You can also go to the Provider and Pharmacy Directory at **ucare.org**/**searchnetwork**, or download it from **ucare.org**/**formembers**. Both Customer Service and the website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network providers.

#### Section 3.3 The plan's List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. It tells which Part D prescription drugs are covered under the Part D benefit included in Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial. The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list must meet requirements set by Medicare. Medicare has approved the Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial "Drug List."

The "Drug List" also tells you if there are any rules that restrict coverage for your drugs.

We will provide you a copy of the "Drug List." To get the most complete and current information about which drugs are covered, you can visit the plan's website (ucare.org/searchdruglist) or call Customer Service.

## SECTION 4 Your monthly costs for Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan Premium (Section 4.1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section 4.2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section 4.3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount (Section 4.4)

#### In some situations, your plan premium could be <u>less</u>

There are programs to help people with limited resources pay for their drugs. The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. Chapter 2, Section 7 tells more about this program. If you qualify, enrolling in the program might lower your monthly plan premium.

If you are *already enrolled* and getting help from this program, **the information about premiums in this** *Evidence of Coverage* **may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get "Extra Help" Paying for Prescription Drugs* (also known as the Low-Income Subsidy Rider or the LIS Rider), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the LIS Rider.

Medicare Part B and Part D premiums differ for people with different incomes. If you have questions about these premiums review your copy of *Medicare & You 2024* handbook, the section called *2024 Medicare Costs*. If you need a copy, you can download it from the Medicare website (<a href="www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a>). Or, you can order a printed copy by phone at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.

#### Section 4.1 Plan premium

As a member of our plan, you pay a monthly plan premium. For 2024, the monthly premium for Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial is \$28.

#### Section 4.2 Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

#### Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

In addition to paying the monthly plan premium, you must continue paying your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Part B. It may also include a premium for Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Part A.

#### Section 4.3 Part D Late Enrollment Penalty

Some members are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty. The Part D late enrollment penalty is an additional premium that must be paid for Part D coverage if at any time after your initial enrollment period is over, there is a period of 63 days or more in a row when you did not have Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. Creditable prescription drug coverage is coverage that meets Medicare's minimum standards since it is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. The cost of the late enrollment penalty depends on how long you went without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage. You will have to pay this penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.

The Part D late enrollment penalty is added to your monthly premium. When you first enroll in Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, we let you know the amount of the penalty. If you do not pay your Part D late enrollment penalty, you could lose your prescription drug benefits.

#### You will not have to pay it if:

- You receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs.
- You have gone less than 63 days in a row without creditable coverage.
- You have had creditable drug coverage through another source such as a former employer, union, TRICARE, or Department of Veterans Affairs. Your insurer or your human resources department will tell you each year if your drug coverage is creditable coverage. This information may be sent to you in a letter or included in a newsletter from the plan. Keep this information, because you may need it if you join a Medicare drug plan later.
  - Note: Any notice must state that you had creditable prescription drug coverage that
    is expected to pay as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug plan pays.
  - **Note:** The following are *not* creditable prescription drug coverage: prescription drug discount cards, free clinics, and drug discount websites.

#### Medicare determines the amount of the penalty. Here is how it works:

- If you went 63 days or more without Part D or other creditable prescription drug coverage after you were first eligible to enroll in Part D, the plan will count the number of full months that you did not have coverage. The penalty is 1% for every month that you did not have creditable coverage. For example, if you go 14 months without coverage, the penalty will be 14%.
- Then Medicare determines the amount of the average monthly premium for Medicare drug plans in the nation from the previous year. For 2023 this average premium amount was \$32.74. This amount may change for 2024.
- To calculate your monthly penalty, you multiply the penalty percentage and the average monthly premium and then round it to the nearest 10 cents. In the example here, it would be 14% times \$32.74, which equals \$4.5836. This rounds to \$4.58. This amount would be added to the monthly premium for someone with a Part D late enrollment penalty.

There are three important things to note about this monthly Part D late enrollment penalty:

- First, **the penalty may change each year** because the average monthly premium can change each year.
- Second, **you will continue to pay a penalty** every month for as long as you are enrolled in a plan that has Medicare Part D drug benefits, even if you change plans.
- Third, if you are <u>under 65</u> and currently receiving Medicare benefits, the Part D late enrollment penalty will reset when you turn 65. After age 65, your Part D late enrollment penalty will be based only on the months that you don't have coverage after your initial enrollment period for aging into Medicare.

If you disagree about your Part D late enrollment penalty, you or your representative can ask for a review. Generally, you must request this review within 60 days from the date on the first letter you receive stating you have to pay a late enrollment penalty. However, if you were paying a penalty before joining our plan, you may not have another chance to request a review of that late enrollment penalty.

**Important:** Do not stop paying your Part D late enrollment penalty while you're waiting for a review of the decision about your late enrollment penalty. If you do, you could be disenrolled for failure to pay your plan premiums.

#### Section 4.4 Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount

Some members may be required to pay an extra charge, known as the Part D Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. The extra charge is figured out using

your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago. If this amount is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and the additional IRMAA. For more information on the extra amount you may have to pay based on your income, visit <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/">https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/</a> costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/monthly-premium-for-drug-plans.

If you have to pay an extra amount, Social Security, not your Medicare plan, will send you a letter telling you what that extra amount will be. The extra amount will be withheld from your Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, or Office of Personnel Management benefit check, no matter how you usually pay your plan premium, unless your monthly benefit isn't enough to cover the extra amount owed. If your benefit check isn't enough to cover the extra amount, you will get a bill from Medicare. You must pay the extra amount to the government. It cannot be paid with your monthly plan premium. If you do not pay the extra amount, you will be disenrolled from the plan and lose prescription drug coverage.

If you disagree about paying an extra amount, you can ask Social Security to review the decision. To find out more about how to do this, contact Social Security at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

#### SECTION 5 More information about your monthly premium

#### Section 5.1 There are several ways you can pay your plan premium

There are six ways you can pay your plan premium. We list our payment options on the enrollment form. You can pick one when you fill out the form. Or, contact us by phone or in writing to choose your payment option.

#### Option 1: Paying by check

You can pay your monthly plan premium by check. We'll send you a monthly billing statement. Mail us a check, made payable to:

UCare PO Box 856170 Minneapolis, MN 55485-6170

Payments are due on the 1st of each month.

#### Option 2: Paying online

You can pay your monthly plan premium by credit card online. Sign up for a secure, online Member Account at **member.ucare.org**. With your Member Account, you can make a one-time credit card payment. We'll still send you a billing statement each month.

#### Option 3: Paying by phone

You can pay your monthly plan premium by phone. Call Customer Service and follow the prompts. With this method, you can pay with a credit/debit card or checking/savings account. We'll still send you a billing statement each month.

#### Option 4: Paying by Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT)

You can have your monthly plan premium automatically taken out of your checking or savings account. Call Customer Service to get an Automatic Payment form. Fill out the form and send it back to us to set up your monthly payments. You can also find the form online at **ucare.org/formembers**.

We'll take out your premium payments between the 7th and 10th day of each month. You won't get a monthly billing statement in the mail.

## Option 5: Having your plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Social Security check. Contact Customer Service for more information on how to pay your plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up.

## Option 6: Having your plan premium taken out of your monthly Railroad Retirement Board check

You can have the plan premium taken out of your monthly Railroad Retirement Board check. Contact Customer Service for more information on how to pay your plan premium this way. We will be happy to help you set this up.

#### Changing the way you pay your plan premium

If you decide to change the option by which you pay your plan premium, it can take up to three months for your new payment method to take effect. While we are processing your request for a new payment method, you are responsible for making sure that your plan premium is paid on time. To change your payment method, contact us by phone or in writing.

#### What to do if you are having trouble paying your plan premium

Your plan premium is due in our office by the 1st of the month. If we have not received your payment by the 12th of the month, we will send you a notice telling you that your plan membership will end if we do not receive your premium within 90 days. If you are required to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.

If you are having trouble paying your premium on time, please contact Customer Service to see if we can direct you to programs that will help with your costs.

If we end your membership because you did not pay your premium, you will have health coverage under Original Medicare. In addition, you may not be able to receive Part D coverage until the following year if you enroll in a new plan during the annual enrollment period. (If you go without creditable drug coverage for more than 63 days, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty for as long as you have Part D coverage.)

At the time we end your membership, you may still owe us for premiums you have not paid. In the future, if you want to enroll again in our plan (or another plan that we offer), you will need to pay the amount you owe before you can enroll.

If you think we have wrongfully ended your membership, you can make a complaint (also called a grievance); see Chapter 9 for how to file a complaint. If you had an emergency circumstance that was out of your control and it caused you to not be able to pay your plan premium within our grace period, you can make a complaint. For complaints, we will review our decision again. Chapter 9, Section 10 of this document tells how to make a complaint, or you can call us at 612-676-6520 or 1-888-618-2595 (this call is free) between 8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week. TTY users should call 612-676-6810 or 1-800-688-2534 (this call is free). You must make your request no later than 60 days after the date your membership ends.

## Section 5.2 Can we change your monthly plan premium during the year?

**No.** We are not allowed to change the amount we charge for the plan's monthly plan premium during the year. If the monthly plan premium changes for next year, we will tell you in September and the change will take effect on January 1.

However, in some cases the part of the premium that you have to pay can change during the year. This happens if you become eligible for the "Extra Help" program or if you lose your eligibility for the "Extra Help" program during the year. If a member qualifies for "Extra Help" with their prescription drug costs, the "Extra Help" program will pay part of the member's monthly plan premium. A member who loses their eligibility during the year will need to start paying their full monthly premium. You can find out more about the "Extra Help" program in Chapter 2, Section 7.

#### SECTION 6 Keeping your plan membership record up to date

Your membership record has information from your enrollment form, including your address and telephone number. It shows your specific plan coverage, including your Primary Care Provider.

The doctors, hospitals, pharmacists, and other providers in the plan's network need to have correct information about you. **These network providers use your membership record to** 

know what services and drugs are covered and the cost-sharing amounts for you. Because of this, it is very important that you help us keep your information up to date.

#### Let us know about these changes:

- Changes to your name, your address, or your phone number
- Changes in any other health insurance coverage you have (such as from your employer, your spouse or domestic partner's employer, workers' compensation, or Medicaid)
- If you have any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident
- If you have been admitted to a nursing home
- If you receive care in an out-of-area or out-of-network hospital or emergency room
- If your designated responsible party (such as a caregiver) changes
- If you are participating in a clinical research study (Note: You are not required to tell your plan about the clinical research studies you intend to participate in but we encourage you to do so)

If any of this information changes, please let us know by calling Customer Service.

It is also important to contact Social Security if you move or change your mailing address. You can find phone numbers and contact information for Social Security in Chapter 2, Section 5.

#### SECTION 7 How other insurance works with our plan

#### Other insurance

Medicare requires that we collect information from you about any other medical or drug insurance coverage that you have. That's because we must coordinate any other coverage you have with your benefits under our plan. This is called **Coordination of Benefits**.

Once each year, we will send you a letter that lists any other medical or drug insurance coverage that we know about. Please read over this information carefully. If it is correct, you don't need to do anything. If the information is incorrect, or if you have other coverage that is not listed, please call Customer Service. You may need to give your plan member ID number to your other insurers (once you have confirmed their identity) so your bills are paid correctly and on time.

When you have other insurance (like employer group health coverage), there are rules set by Medicare that decide whether our plan or your other insurance pays first. The insurance that pays first is called the primary payer and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the secondary payer, only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If you have other insurance, tell your doctor, hospital, and pharmacy.

These rules apply for employer or union group health plan coverage:

- If you have retiree coverage, Medicare pays first.
- If your group health plan coverage is based on your or a family member's current employment, who pays first depends on your age, the number of people employed by your employer, and whether you have Medicare based on age, disability, or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD):
  - If you're under 65 and disabled and you or your family member is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 100 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 100 employees.
  - If you're over 65 and you or your spouse or domestic partner is still working, your group health plan pays first if the employer has 20 or more employees or at least one employer in a multiple employer plan that has more than 20 employees.
- If you have Medicare because of ESRD, your group health plan will pay first for the first 30 months after you become eligible for Medicare.

These types of coverage usually pay first for services related to each type:

- No-fault insurance (including automobile insurance)
- Liability (including automobile insurance)
- Black lung benefits
- Workers' compensation

Medicaid and TRICARE never pay first for Medicare-covered services. They only pay after Medicare, employer group health plans, and/or Medigap have paid.

# CHAPTER 2 Important phone numbers and resources

# SECTION 1 Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial contacts (how to contact us, including how to reach Customer Service)

#### How to contact our plan's Customer Service

For assistance with claims, billing, or member card questions, please call or write to Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial Customer Service. We will be happy to help you.

Method	Customer Service - Contact Information
CALL	612-676-6520
	1-888-618-2595 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	Customer Service also has free language interpreter services
	available for non-English speakers.
TTY	612-676-6810
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only
	for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	612-676-6501
	1-866-457-7145
WRITE	Attn: Customer Service
	UCare
	PO Box 52
	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052
WEBSITE	ucare.org

## How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your medical care

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical services. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your medical care, refer to Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Coverage Decisions for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	Customer Service
	612-676-6520
	1-888-618-2595 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
TTY	612-676-6810
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only
	for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	612-884-2021
	1-866-283-8015
	Attn: Appeals and Grievances
WRITE	Attn: Standard Review
	UCare
	PO Box 52
	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052
WEBSITE	ucare.org

#### How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your medical care

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your medical care, refer to Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	Appeals and Grievances
	612-676-6841
	1-877-523-1517 (this call is free)
	8 am – 4:30 pm, Monday – Friday
TTY	612-676-6810
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)
	8 am – 4:30 pm, Monday – Friday
	These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only
	for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	612-884-2021
	1-866-283-8015
	Attn: Appeals and Grievances
WRITE	Attn: Appeals and Grievances
	UCare
	PO Box 52
	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052
	Or <b>email</b> us at cag@ucare.org
WEBSITE	ucare.org

#### How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your medical care

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network providers including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your medical care, refer to Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Complaints About Medical Care – Contact Information
CALL	Customer Service
	612-676-6520
	1-888-618-2595 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
TTY	612-676-6810
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only
	for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	612-884-2021
	1-866-283-8015
	Attn: Appeals and Grievances
WRITE	Attn: Appeals and Grievances
	UCare
	PO Box 52
	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052
	Or email us at cag@ucare.org
MEDICARE	You can submit a complaint about Care Core with M Health
WEBSITE	Fairview & North Memorial directly to Medicare. To submit an
	online complaint to Medicare, go to
	www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx.

## How to contact us when you are asking for a coverage decision about your Part D prescription drugs

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your Part D prescription drugs. For more information on asking for coverage decisions about your Part D prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	Customer Service
	612-676-6520
	1-888-618-2595 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
TTY	612-676-6810
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-855-668-8552
WRITE	Attn: Medicare Reviews
	Navitus Health Solutions
	PO Box 1039
	Appleton, WI 54912-1039

## How to contact us when you are making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs

An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. For more information on making an appeal about your Part D prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs - Contact Information	
CALL	Appeals and Grievances	
	612-676-6841	
	1-877-523-1517 (this call is free)	
	8 am – 4:30 pm, Monday – Friday	
TTY	612-676-6810	
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)	
	8 am – 4:30 pm, Monday – Friday	
	These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only	
	for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.	
FAX	612-884-2021	
	1-866-283-8015	
	Attn: Appeals and Grievances	
WRITE	Attn: Appeals and Grievances	
	UCare	
	PO Box 52	
	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052	
	Or <b>email</b> us at cag@ucare.org	
WEBSITE	ucare.org	

## How to contact us when you are making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs

You can make a complaint about us or one of our network pharmacies, including a complaint about the quality of your care. This type of complaint does not involve coverage or payment disputes. For more information on making a complaint about your Part D prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)).

Method	Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information
CALL	Customer Service 612-676-6520 1-888-618-2595 (this call is free) 8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
TTY	612-676-6810 1-800-688-2534 (this call is free) 8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	612-884-2021 1-866-283-8015 <b>Attn: Appeals and Grievances</b>
WRITE	Attn: Appeals and Grievances UCare PO Box 52 Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052 Or email us at cag@ucare.org
MEDICARE WEBSITE	You can submit a complaint about Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a> .

## Where to send a request asking us to pay for our share of the cost for medical care or a drug you have received

If you have received a bill or paid for services (such as a provider bill) that you think we should pay for, you may need to ask us for reimbursement or to pay the provider bill. Refer to Chapter 7 (Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs).

**Please note:** If you send us a payment request and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Refer to Chapter 9 (What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)) for more information.

Method	Payment Requests - Contact Information
CALL	Customer Service
	612-676-6520
	1-888-618-2595 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
TTY	612-676-6810
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	For medical claims only:
	612-884-2021
	1-866-283-8015
	For prescription drug claims only (Navitus Health Solutions):
	1-855-668-8550
WRITE	For medical claims, submit to UCare's Direct Member
	Reimbursement Department (DMR):
	Attn: DMR Department
	UCare
	PO Box 52
	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052
	For prescription drug claims, submit to Navitus Health Solutions:
	Navitus Health Solutions
	Manual Claims
	PO Box 1039
	Appleton, WI 54912-1039
WEBSITE	ucare.org

## **SECTION 2 Medicare** (how to get help and information directly from the Federal Medicare program)

Medicare is the Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The Federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (sometimes called CMS). This agency contracts with Medicare Advantage organizations including us.

Method	Medicare - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) (This call is free.) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week
TTY	1-877-486-2048 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. (This call is free.)

Method	Medicare - Contact Information
WEBSITE	<ul> <li>www.medicare.gov</li> <li>This is the official government website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare and current Medicare issues. It also has information about hospitals, nursing homes, physicians, home health agencies, and dialysis facilities. It includes documents you can print directly from your computer. You can also find Medicare contacts in your state.</li> <li>The Medicare website also has detailed information about your Medicare eligibility and enrollment options with the following tools: <ul> <li>Medicare Eligibility Tool: Provides Medicare eligibility status information.</li> <li>Medicare Plan Finder: Provides personalized information about available Medicare prescription drug plans, Medicare health plans, and Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) policies in your area. These tools provide an estimate of what your out-of-pocket costs might be in different Medicare plans.</li> <li>You can also use the website to tell Medicare about any complaints</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	you have about Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial:  • Tell Medicare about your complaint: You can submit a complaint about Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. Medicare takes your complaints seriously and will use this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.  If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using its computer. Or you can call Medicare and tell them what information you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. (You can call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

## SECTION 3 State Health Insurance Assistance Program (free help, information, and answers to your questions about Medicare)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) is a government program with trained counselors in every state. In Minnesota, the SHIP is called Senior LinkAge Line\*.

Senior LinkAge Line® is an independent (not connected with any insurance company or health plan) state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Senior LinkAge Line® counselors can help you understand your Medicare rights, help you make complaints about your medical care or treatment, and help you straighten out problems with your Medicare bills. Senior LinkAge Line® counselors can also help you with Medicare questions or problems and help you understand your Medicare plan choices and answer questions about switching plans.

#### METHOD TO ACCESS SHIP and OTHER RESOURCES:

- Visit <a href="https://www.shiphelp.org">https://www.shiphelp.org</a> (Click on SHIP LOCATOR in middle of page)
- Select your STATE from the list. This will take you to a page with phone numbers and resources specific to your state.

Method	Senior LinkAge Line® (Minnesota SHIP) - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-333-2433 (this call is free)
TTY	Call the Minnesota Relay Service at 711 or use your preferred relay service. (This call is free.)
WRITE	Minnesota Board on Aging PO Box 64976 St. Paul, MN 55164-0976
WEBSITE	www.seniorlinkageline.com

#### **SECTION 4** Quality Improvement Organization

There is a designated Quality Improvement Organization for serving Medicare beneficiaries in each state. For Minnesota, the Quality Improvement Organization is called Livanta.

Livanta has a group of doctors and other health care professionals who are paid by Medicare to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Livanta is an independent organization. It is not connected with our plan.

You should contact Livanta in any of these situations:

- You have a complaint about the quality of care you have received.
- You think coverage for your hospital stay is ending too soon.
- You think coverage for your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

Method	Livanta (Minnesota's Quality Improvement Organization) – Contact Information
CALL	1-888-524-9900 (this call is free) 9 am – 5 pm, Monday – Friday 11 am – 3 pm on weekends
ТТҮ	1-888-985-8775 (this call is free) This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	1-855-236-2423
WRITE	Livanta BFCC-QIO 10820 Guilford Road, Suite 202 Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1105
WEBSITE	www.livantaqio.com

#### **SECTION 5** Social Security

Social Security is responsible for determining eligibility and handling enrollment for Medicare. U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 or older, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

Social Security is also responsible for determining who has to pay an extra amount for their Part D drug coverage because they have a higher income. If you got a letter from Social Security telling you that you have to pay the extra amount and have questions about the amount or if your income went down because of a life-changing event, you can call Social Security to ask for reconsideration.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

Method	Social Security - Contact Information
CALL	1-800-772-1213 (This call is free.) Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use Social Security's automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day.
TTY	1-800-325-0778 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. (This call is free.) Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday.
WEBSITE	www.ssa.gov

#### SECTION 6 Medicaid

Medicaid is a joint Federal and state government program that helps with medical costs for certain people with limited incomes and resources. Some people with Medicare are also eligible for Medicaid.

The programs offered through Medicaid help people with Medicare pay their Medicare costs, such as their Medicare premiums. These **Medicare Savings Programs** include:

- Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB): Helps pay Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and other cost sharing (like deductibles, coinsurance, and copayments). (Some people with QMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (QMB+).)
- **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB):** Helps pay Part B premiums. (Some people with SLMB are also eligible for full Medicaid benefits (SLMB+).)
- Qualifying Individual (QI): Helps pay Part B premiums.
- Qualified Disabled & Working Individuals (QDWI): Helps pay Part A premiums.

To find out more about Medicaid and its programs, contact the Minnesota Department of Human Services.

Method	Minnesota Department of Human Services (Minnesota's Medicaid program) - Contact Information
CALL	651-431-2670 (Twin Cities Metro area) 1-800-657-3739 (outside the Twin Cities Metro area) (this call is free) 8 am – 5 pm, Monday – Friday
TTY	1-800-627-3529 (This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.) Or 711 or use your preferred relay service (You do <b>not</b> need special telephone equipment to call this number.) (This call is free.)
WRITE	Minnesota Department of Human Services PO Box 64976 St. Paul, MN 55164-0976
WEBSITE	mn.gov/dhs

### SECTION 7 Information about programs to help people pay for their prescription drugs

The Medicare.gov website (<a href="https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/costs-in-the-coverage-gap/5-ways-to-get-help-with-prescription-costs">https://www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/costs-in-the-coverage-gap/5-ways-to-get-help-with-prescription-costs</a>) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, described below.

#### Medicare's "Extra Help" Program

Medicare provides "Extra Help" to pay prescription drug costs for people who have limited income and resources. Resources include your savings and stocks, but not your home or car. If you qualify, you get help paying for any Medicare drug plan's monthly premium, yearly deductible, and prescription copayments. This "Extra Help" also counts toward your out-of-pocket costs.

If you automatically qualify for "Extra Help" Medicare will mail you a letter. You will not have to apply. If you do not automatically qualify you may be able to get "Extra Help" to pay for your prescription drug premiums and costs. To see if you qualify for getting "Extra Help," call:

- 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week;
- The Social Security Office at 1-800-772-1213, between 8 am to 7 pm, Monday through Friday. TTY users should call 1-800-325-0778 (applications); or
- Your State Medicaid Office (applications) (Refer to Section 6 of this chapter for contact information).

If you believe you have qualified for "Extra Help" and you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, or, if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- First, contact Customer Service. We will help you identify what documentation must be sent to us. Upon receipt of your documentation, we will review it and determine if it meets Medicare requirements. If the documentation meets Medicare requirements, we will correct your cost-sharing amount. If the documentation does not support a change in your cost-sharing amount, we will notify you.
- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you can pay the correct copayment when you get your next prescription at the pharmacy. If you overpay your copayment, we will reimburse you. Either we will forward a check to you in the amount of your overpayment or we will offset future

copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owed by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make the payment directly to the state. Please contact Customer Service if you have questions.

### What if you have coverage from an AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)? What is the AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)?

The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance.

This program may help you if you:

- Are not eligible for medication coverage through programs like Medicaid or MinnesotaCare
- Have medication coverage through Medicare Part D and need help to pay medication copays and deductibles

Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your State, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of State residence and HIV status, low income as defined by the State, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance. For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call:

Method	Minnesota's AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) - Contact Information
CALL	Twin Cities Metro area: 651-431-2414
	<b>Statewide:</b> 1-800-657-3761 (this call is free)
TTY	1-800-627-3529 (This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.) Or 711 or use your preferred relay service (You do not need special telephone equipment to call this number.)
FAX	(This call is free.) 651-431-7414

Method	Minnesota's AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP) - Contact Information
WRITE	HIV/AIDS Programs, Department of Human Services PO Box 64972 St. Paul, MN 55164-0972
WEBSITE	https://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/adults/health-care/hiv-aids/programs-services/medications.jsp

#### SECTION 8 How to contact the Railroad Retirement Board

The Railroad Retirement Board is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive your Medicare through the Railroad Retirement Board, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the Railroad Retirement Board, contact the agency.

Method	Railroad Retirement Board - Contact Information
CALL	1-877-772-5772 (This call is free.) If you press "0," you may speak with an RRB representative from 9:00 am to 3:30 pm, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, and from 9:00 am to 12:00 pm on Wednesday.
	If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB HelpLine and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays.
TTY	1-312-751-4701 This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. Calls to this number are <i>not</i> free.
WEBSITE	rrb.gov/

### SECTION 9 Do you have group insurance or other health insurance from an employer?

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Customer Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. (Phone numbers for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this document.) You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

# CHAPTER 3 Using the plan for your medical services

### SECTION 1 Things to know about getting your medical care as a member of our plan

This chapter explains what you need to know about using the plan to get your medical care covered. It gives definitions of terms and explains the rules you will need to follow to get the medical treatments, services, equipment, prescription drugs, and other medical care that are covered by the plan.

For the details on what medical care is covered by our plan and how much you pay when you get this care, use the benefits chart in the next chapter, Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*).

#### Section 1.1 What are network providers and covered services?

- **Providers** are doctors and other health care professionals licensed by the state to provide medical services and care. The term providers also includes hospitals and other health care facilities.
- Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, hospitals, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and your cost-sharing amount as payment in full. We have arranged for these providers to deliver covered services to members in our plan. The providers in our network bill us directly for care they give you. When you go to a network provider, you pay only your share of the cost for their services.
- Covered services include all the medical care, health care services, supplies, equipment and prescription drugs that are covered by our plan. Your covered services for medical care are listed in the benefits chart in Chapter 4. Your covered services for prescription drugs are discussed in Chapter 5.

### Section 1.2 Basic rules for getting your medical care covered by the plan

As a Medicare health plan, Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial must cover all services covered by Original Medicare and must follow Original Medicare's coverage rules.

Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial will generally cover your medical care as long as:

- The care you receive is included in the plan's Medical Benefits Chart (this chart is in Chapter 4 of this document).
- The care you receive is considered medically necessary. Medically necessary means
  that the services, supplies, equipment or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis,

or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care. As a member of our plan, you must choose a network PCP (for more information about this, refer to Section 2.1 in this chapter).
- In general, you receive your care from a network provider (for more information about this, refer to Section 2 in this chapter). In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider (a provider who is not part of our plan's network) will not be covered. This means that you will have to pay the provider in full for the services furnished. *Here are four exceptions:* 
  - The plan covers emergency care or urgently needed services that you get from an out-of-network provider. For more information about this, and to learn what emergency or urgently needed services means, refer to Section 3 in this chapter.
  - You can obtain certain covered services through the Point-of-Service (POS) benefit at the out-of-network cost-sharing level. You do not need a referral from your PCP before getting services through the POS benefit. Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more information about the POS benefit.
  - If you need medical care that Medicare requires our plan to cover but there are no specialists in our network that provide this care, you can get this care from an out-of-network provider at the same cost sharing you normally pay in-network. You must get authorization from us prior to seeking care. In this situation, you will pay the same as you would pay if you got the care from a network provider. For information about getting approval to go to an out-of-network doctor, refer to Section 2.4 in this chapter.
  - The plan covers kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. The cost sharing you pay the plan for dialysis can never exceed the cost sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost sharing cannot exceed the cost sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual in-network provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from a provider outside the plan's network the cost sharing for the dialysis may be higher.

### SECTION 2 Use providers in the plan's network to get your medical care

### Section 2.1 You must choose a Primary Care Provider (PCP) to provide and oversee your medical care

#### What is a PCP and what does the PCP do for you?

A PCP is a provider who knows you and your medical history. Your PCP is trained to give you basic medical care. When you become a member of the plan, you must choose a Primary Care Clinic. A Primary Care Clinic is a clinic within Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial's network. You can see any PCP at this clinic. The types of providers that can act as a PCP are family medicine doctors, general practitioners, internists, geriatricians, doctors in obstetrics/gynecology, nurse midwives, physician assistants and nurse practitioners. You can get your routine or basic care from your PCP who will also coordinate the rest of the covered services you get as a plan member. This includes but is not limited to:

- Diagnostic tests
- X-rays
- Laboratory tests
- Therapies
- Hospital admissions
- Follow-up care
- Care from doctors who are specialists (you do not need a referral to see an in-network specialist)

"Coordinating" your services includes checking or consulting with other network providers about your care and how it is going. Some services will need prior authorization (see Chapter 4 for details). Because your provider will coordinate your medical care, you should have all of your past medical records sent to your provider's office. Chapter 8 tells you how we protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information.

#### How do you choose your PCP?

When you are a member or become a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial you chose or were assigned to a Primary Care Clinic. You can change your Primary Care Clinic at any time.

#### **Changing your PCP**

You may change your PCP for any reason at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP might leave our plan's network of providers and you would have to find a new PCP in our plan. If we are notified that your clinic is leaving the network, we will notify you in writing.

You may change your provider or clinic at any time. To change your provider or clinic, call Customer Service.

### Section 2.2 What kinds of medical care can you get without a referral from your PCP?

You can get the services listed below without getting approval in advance from your PCP.

- Routine women's health care, which includes breast exams, screening mammograms (x-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider
- Flu shots, COVID-19 vaccinations, Hepatitis B vaccinations, and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider
- Emergency services from network providers or from out-of-network providers
- Urgently needed services are covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area. If possible, please call Customer Service before you leave the service area so we can help arrange for you to have maintenance dialysis while you are away.

### Section 2.3 How to get care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care services for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists. Here are a few examples:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart conditions
- Orthopedists care for patients with certain bone, joint, or muscle conditions

You can see any specialist in the network on your own without a referral. To see an **out-of-network** doctor or specialist at the **in-network** cost-sharing level, you or your provider must obtain prior authorization from us in order for those services to be covered. You can also use the Point-of-Service (POS) benefit and pay the out-of-network cost sharing. Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for details on the POS benefit.

UCare has a mental health and substance use disorder triage line to assist members with any questions about how to get care from a mental health specialist, substance use disorder specialist or other network providers. Our triage line is available by phone 8 am – 5 pm, Monday – Friday at 612-676-6533 or 1-833-276-1185 toll free to support the mental health or substance use disorder needs of our members.

#### What if a specialist or another network provider leaves our plan?

We may make changes to the hospitals, doctors, and specialists (providers) that are part of your plan during the year. If your doctor or specialist leaves your plan you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even though our network of providers may change during the year, Medicare requires that we furnish you with uninterrupted access to qualified doctors and specialists.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
  - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
  - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We will assist you in selecting a new qualified in-network that you may access for continued care.
- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to request, and we will work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are receiving continues
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- We will arrange for any medically necessary covered benefit outside of our provider network, but at in-network cost sharing, when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. You may need a prior authorization to get in-network cost-sharing.
- If you find out your doctor or specialist is leaving your plan, please contact us so we can assist you in finding a new provider to manage your care.
- If you believe we have not furnished you with a qualified provider to replace your previous provider or that your care is not being appropriately managed, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance to the plan, or both. Please see Chapter 9.

#### Section 2.4 How to get care from out-of-network providers

Coverage is available for certain services from out-of-network providers and facilities through the Point-of-Service (POS) benefit. POS benefits are covered at the out-of-network cost-sharing level. You do not need a referral from your PCP before using POS benefits.

Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more details.

### SECTION 3 How to get services when you have an emergency or urgent need for care or during a disaster

#### Section 3.1 Getting care if you have a medical emergency

#### What is a medical emergency and what should you do if you have one?

A **medical emergency** is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent your loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb or function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

If you have a medical emergency:

• **Get help as quickly as possible.** Call 911 for help or go to the nearest emergency room or hospital. Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do *not* need to get approval or a referral first from your PCP. You do not need to use a network doctor. You may get covered emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the world.

#### What is covered if you have a medical emergency?

Our plan covers ambulance services in situations where getting to the emergency room in any other way could endanger your health. We also cover medical services during the emergency.

The doctors who are giving you emergency care will decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over.

After the emergency is over, you are entitled to follow-up care to be sure your condition continues to be stable. Your doctors will continue to treat you until your doctors contact us and make plans for additional care. Your follow-up care will be covered by our plan.

If your emergency care is provided by out-of-network providers, we will try to arrange for network providers to take over your care as soon as your medical condition and the circumstances allow. However, if you choose to remain with out-of-network providers, you will have to pay the Point-of-Service (POS) coinsurance. Refer to Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more details.

#### What if it wasn't a medical emergency?

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical emergency. For example, you might go in for emergency care – thinking that your health is in serious danger – and the doctor may say that it wasn't a medical emergency after all. If it turns out that it was not an emergency, as long as you reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we will cover your care.

However, after the doctor has said that it was *not* an emergency, we will cover additional care *only* if you get the additional care in one of these two ways:

- You use a network provider to get the additional care.
- -or The additional care you get is considered urgently needed services and you follow the rules for getting this urgent care (for more information about this, refer to Section 3.2 below).

#### Section 3.2 Getting care when you have an urgent need for services

#### What are urgently needed services?

An urgently needed service is a non-emergency situation requiring immediate medical care but, given your circumstances, it is not possible or not reasonable to obtain these services from a network provider. The plan must cover urgently needed services provided out of network. Some examples of urgently needed services are i) a severe sore throat that occurs over the weekend or ii) an unforeseen flare-up of a known condition when you are temporarily outside the service area.

You can find a list of urgent care providers online at **ucare.org/searchnetwork**, or by calling Customer Service at the number on the back cover of this booklet. To find out how to access urgently needed care, you can call your provider, or call the 24/7 nurse line, which is answered 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (The phone number is on the back of your plan membership card.) The nurse line can give you information on how to access care after normal business hours.

Our plan covers worldwide emergency and urgent care services outside the United States under the following circumstances. If you have an emergency or an urgent need for care outside of the U.S. and its territories, you may have to pay for those services upfront. If this happens, you then have to ask us to pay you back. Your provider may also choose to submit a claim on your behalf.

We'll pay you back (or will pay the provider if they submit the claim) at rates no greater than the rates at which Original Medicare would pay, had the services been performed in the locality where you live in the U.S. We'll subtract any cost-sharing amount you owe from the amount we pay. The amount we pay may be less than the amount you pay the foreign provider. This is because we'll pay at rates no greater than what Original Medicare would pay, and because foreign providers might charge more for services than the rates at which Original Medicare would pay. Because of this, you may want to consider purchasing travel insurance when you are planning to travel outside of the United States.

Worldwide emergency and urgent care services are a supplemental benefit not generally covered by Medicare. You must send proof of payment to UCare so we can pay you back. Refer to Chapter 4 (*Medical Benefits Chart, what is covered and what you pay*) for more information. If you've already paid for the covered services, we'll pay you back for our share of the cost. You can send the bill with medical records to us for payment consideration. Refer to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do if you get a bill or if you need to ask us to pay you back.

#### Section 3.3 Getting care during a disaster

If the Governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from your plan.

Please visit the following website: **ucare.org/important-coverage-information** for information on how to obtain needed care during a disaster.

If you cannot use a network provider during a disaster, your plan will allow you to obtain care from out-of-network providers at in-network cost sharing. If you cannot use a network pharmacy during a disaster, you may be able to fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Please refer to Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for more information.

### SECTION 4 What if you are billed directly for the full cost of your services?

### Section 4.1 You can ask us to pay our share of the cost of covered services

If you have paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services, or if you have received a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, go to Chapter 7 (*Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs*) for information about what to do.

### Section 4.2 If services are not covered by our plan, you must pay the full cost

Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial covers all medically necessary services as listed in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document. If you receive services not covered by our plan or services obtained out-of-network and were not authorized, you are responsible for paying the full cost of services.

For covered services that have a benefit limitation, you also pay the full cost of any services you get after you have used up your benefit for that type of covered service. For services with a

benefit limit, any additional cost beyond the benefit limit will not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum.

### SECTION 5 How are your medical services covered when you are in a clinical research study?

#### Section 5.1 What is a clinical research study?

A clinical research study (also called a *clinical trial*) is a way that doctors and scientists test new types of medical care, like how well a new cancer drug works. Certain clinical research studies are approved by Medicare. Clinical research studies approved by Medicare typically request volunteers to participate in the study.

Once Medicare approves the study, and you express interest, someone who works on the study will contact you to explain more about the study and find out if you meet the requirements set by the scientists who are running the study. You can participate in the study as long as you meet the requirements for the study *and* you have a full understanding and acceptance of what is involved if you participate in the study.

If you participate in a Medicare-approved study, Original Medicare pays most of the costs for the covered services you receive as part of the study. If you tell us that you are in a qualified clinical trial, then you are only responsible for the in-network cost sharing for the services in that trial. If you paid more, for example, if you already paid the Original Medicare cost-sharing amount, we will reimburse the difference between what you paid and the in-network cost sharing. However, you will need to provide documentation to show us how much you paid. When you are in a clinical research study, you may stay enrolled in our plan and continue to get the rest of your care (the care that is not related to the study) through our plan.

If you want to participate in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do *not* need to tell us or get approval from us or your PCP. The providers that deliver your care as part of the clinical research study do *not* need to be part of our plan's network of providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations (NCDs) and investigational device trials (IDE) and may be subject to prior authorization and other plan rules.

Although you do not need to get our plan's permission to be in a clinical research study, covered for Medicare Advantage enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you to notify us in advance when you choose to participate in Medicare-qualified clinical trials.

If you participate in a study that Medicare has *not* approved, *you will be responsible for paying all costs for your participation in the study*.

### Section 5.2 When you participate in a clinical research study, who pays for what?

Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, Original Medicare covers the routine items and services you receive as part of the study, including:

- Room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study.
- An operation or other medical procedure if it is part of the research study.
- Treatment of side effects and complications of the new care.

After Medicare has paid its share of the cost for these services, our plan will pay the difference between the cost sharing in Original Medicare and your in-network cost sharing as a member of our plan. This means you will pay the same amount for the services you receive as part of the study as you would if you received these services from our plan. However, you are required to submit documentation showing how much cost sharing you paid. Please see Chapter 7 for more information for submitting requests for payments.

Here's an example of how the cost sharing works: Let's say that you have a lab test that costs \$100 as part of the research study. Let's also say that your share of the costs for this test is \$20 under Original Medicare, but the test would be \$10 under our plan's benefits. In this case, Original Medicare would pay \$80 for the test and you would pay the \$20 copay required under Original Medicare. You would then notify your plan that you received a qualified clinical trial service and submit documentation such as a provider bill to the plan. The plan would then directly pay you \$10. Therefore, your net payment is \$10, the same amount you would pay under our plan's benefits. Please note that in order to receive payment from your plan, you must submit documentation to your plan such as a provider bill.

When you are part of a clinical research study, **neither Medicare nor our plan will pay for any of the following:** 

- Generally, Medicare will *not* pay for the new item or service that the study is testing unless Medicare would cover the item or service even if you were *not* in a study.
- Items or services provided only to collect data, and not used in your direct health care. For example, Medicare would not pay for monthly CT scans done as part of the study if your medical condition would normally require only one CT scan.

#### Do you want to know more?

You can get more information about joining a clinical research study by visiting the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare and Clinical Research Studies*. (The publication is available at:

www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf.) You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

### SECTION 6 Rules for getting care in a religious non-medical health care institution

#### Section 6.1 What is a religious non-medical health care institution?

A religious non-medical health care institution is a facility that provides care for a condition that would ordinarily be treated in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against a member's religious beliefs, we will instead provide coverage for care in a religious non-medical health care institution. This benefit is provided only for Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

### Section 6.2 Receiving Care from a Religious Non-Medical Health Care Institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are conscientiously opposed to getting medical treatment that is **non-excepted**.

- **Non-excepted** medical care or treatment is any medical care or treatment that is *voluntary* and *not required* by any federal, state, or local law.
- **Excepted** medical treatment is medical care or treatment that you get that is *not* voluntary or *is required* under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services you receive is limited to *non-religious* aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility, the following condition applies:
  - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to receive covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.

You are covered for unlimited days in the hospital, as long as your stay meets Medicare coverage guidelines. For more information, see "Inpatient hospital care" in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of this document.

#### SECTION 7 Rules for ownership of durable medical equipment

### Section 7.1 Will you own the durable medical equipment after making a certain number of payments under our plan?

Durable medical equipment (DME) includes items such as oxygen equipment and supplies, wheelchairs, walkers, powered mattress systems, crutches, diabetic supplies, speech generating devices, IV infusion pumps, nebulizers, and hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home. The member always owns certain items, such as prosthetics. In this section, we discuss other types of DME that you must rent.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, however, you usually will not acquire ownership of rented DME items no matter how many copayments you make for the item while a member of our plan, even if you made up to 12 consecutive payments for the DME item under Original Medicare before you joined our plan. Under certain limited circumstances we will transfer ownership of the DME item to you. Call Customer Service for more information.

### What happens to payments you made for durable medical equipment if you switch to Original Medicare?

If you did not acquire ownership of the DME item while in our plan, you will have to make 13 new consecutive payments after you switch to Original Medicare in order to own the item. The payments made while enrolled in your plan do not count.

Example 1: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. The payments you made in Original Medicare do not count. You will have to make 13 payments to our plan before owning the item.

Example 2: You made 12 or fewer consecutive payments for the item in Original Medicare and then joined our plan. You were in our plan but did not obtain ownership while in our plan. You then go back to Original Medicare. You will have to make 13 consecutive new payments to own the item once you join Original Medicare again. All previous payments (whether to our plan or to Original Medicare) do not count.

#### Section 7.2 Rules for oxygen equipment, supplies, and maintenance

#### What oxygen benefits are you entitled to?

If you qualify for Medicare oxygen equipment coverage Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial will cover:

• Rental of oxygen equipment

- Delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Tubing and related oxygen accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- Maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

If you leave Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial or no longer medically require oxygen equipment, then the oxygen equipment must be returned.

#### What happens if you leave your plan and return to Original Medicare?

Original Medicare requires an oxygen supplier to provide you services for five years. During the first 36 months you rent the equipment. The remaining 24 months the supplier provides the equipment and maintenance (you are still responsible for the copayment for oxygen). After five years, you may choose to stay with the same company or go to another company. At this point, the five-year cycle begins again, even if you remain with the same company, requiring you to pay copayments for the first 36 months. If you join or leave our plan, the five-year cycle starts over.

CHAPTER 4
Medical Benefits Chart
(what is covered and
what you pay)

### SECTION 1 Understanding your out-of-pocket costs for covered services

This chapter provides a Medical Benefits Chart that lists your covered services and shows how much you will pay for each covered service as a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial. Later in this chapter, you can find information about medical services that are not covered. It also explains limits on certain services.

### Section 1.1 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services

To understand the payment information we give you in this chapter, you need to know about the types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for your covered services.

- Copayment is a fixed amount you pay each time you receive certain medical services. You pay a copayment at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your copayments.)
- Coinsurance is a percentage you pay of the total cost of certain medical services. You pay a coinsurance at the time you get the medical service. (The Medical Benefits Chart in Section 2 tells you more about your coinsurance.)

Most people who qualify for Medicaid or for the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) program should never pay deductibles, copayments or coinsurance. Be sure to show your proof of Medicaid or QMB eligibility to your provider, if applicable.

### Section 1.2 What is the most you will pay for Medicare Part A and Part B covered medical services?

Because you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, there is a limit on the total amount you have to pay out-of-pocket each year for in-network medical services that are covered under Medicare Part A and Part B. This limit is called the maximum out-of-pocket (MOOP) amount for medical services. For calendar year 2024 this amount is \$5,500.

As a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, you will have two different limits on how much you have to pay out-of-pocket for medical services. These limits are the **in-network** and **out-of-network** maximum out-of-pocket amounts.

The most you will have to pay out-of-pocket for **in-network** covered Part A and Part B services in 2024 is \$5,500. The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for in-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your plan premiums and for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services

do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with a checkmark in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the in-network maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$5,500, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

The most you will have to pay out-of-pocket for **out-of-network** covered Part A and Part B services in 2024 is \$10,000. The amounts you pay for copayments and coinsurance for out-of-network covered services count toward this maximum out-of-pocket amount. The amounts you pay for your plan premiums and for your Part D prescription drugs do not count toward your out-of-network maximum out-of-pocket amount. In addition, amounts you pay for some services do not count toward your maximum out-of-pocket amount. These services are marked with a checkmark in the Medical Benefits Chart. If you reach the out-of-network maximum out-of-pocket amount of \$10,000, you will not have to pay any out-of-pocket costs for the rest of the year for out-of-network covered Part A and Part B services. However, you must continue to pay your plan premium and the Medicare Part B premium (unless your Part B premium is paid for you by Medicaid or another third party).

#### Section 1.3 Our plan does not allow providers to balance bill you

As a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, an important protection for you is that you only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get services covered by our plan. Providers may not add additional separate charges, called **balance billing**. This protection applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

Here is how this protection works.

- If your cost sharing is a copayment (a set amount of dollars, for example, \$15.00), then you pay only that amount for any covered services from a network provider.
- If your cost sharing is a coinsurance (a percentage of the total charges), then you never pay more than that percentage. However, your cost depends on which type of provider you go to:
  - If you receive the covered services from a network provider, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the plan's reimbursement rate (as determined in the contract between the provider and the plan).
  - If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who
    participates with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the
    Medicare payment rate for participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers
    services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you
    get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)

- If you receive the covered services from an out-of-network provider who does not
  participate with Medicare, you pay the coinsurance percentage multiplied by the
  Medicare payment rate for non-participating providers. (Remember, the plan covers
  services from out-of-network providers only in certain situations, such as when you
  get a referral or for emergencies or urgently needed services.)
- If you believe a provider has balance billed you, call Customer Service.

### SECTION 2 Use the *Medical Benefits Chart* to find out what is covered and how much you will pay

#### Section 2.1 Your medical benefits and costs as a member of the plan

The Medical Benefits Chart on the following pages lists the services Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial covers and what you pay out-of-pocket for each service. Part D prescription drug coverage is in Chapter 5. The services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered only when the following coverage requirements are met:

- Your Medicare-covered services must be provided according to the coverage guidelines established by Medicare.
- Your services (including medical care, services, supplies, equipment and Part B prescription drugs) *must* be medically necessary. Medically necessary means that the services, supplies, or drugs are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- Some of the services listed in the Medical Benefits Chart are covered *only* if your doctor or other network provider gets approval in advance (sometimes called prior authorization) from us. Covered services that need approval in advance are marked in the Medical Benefits Chart by an asterisk (\*). In addition, the following services not listed in the Benefits Chart may require prior authorization: inpatient rehabilitation services, spine surgery, bone growth stimulators, spinal cord stimulators, and molecular/genetic testing (for example screening for cancer).

#### Other important things to know about our coverage:

- Like all Medicare health plans, we cover everything that Original Medicare covers. For some of these benefits, you pay *more* in our plan than you would in Original Medicare. For others, you pay *less*. (If you want to know more about the coverage and costs of Original Medicare, look in your *Medicare & You 2024* handbook. View it online at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov">www.medicare.gov</a> or ask for a copy by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)
- For all preventive services that are covered at no cost under Original Medicare, we also
  cover the service at no cost to you. However, if you also are treated or monitored for an

existing medical condition during the visit when you receive the preventive service, a copayment will apply for the care received for the existing medical condition.

• If Medicare adds coverage for any new services during 2024, either Medicare or our plan will cover those services.

Important Benefit Information for Enrollees with Certain Chronic Conditions

- If you are diagnosed by a plan provider with the following chronic condition(s) identified below and meet certain medical criteria, you may be eligible for other targeted supplemental benefits and/or targeted reduced cost sharing:
  - Congestive Heart Failure
- For further detail, please go to the *Help with Certain Chronic Conditions* row in the Medical Benefits Chart below.
- Please contact us to find out exactly which benefits you may be eligible for.



You will see this apple next to the preventive services in the benefits chart.

- \* You will see this asterisk next to services that may require a prior authorization.
- ✓ You will see this checkmark next to services that do not apply to your out-of-pocket maximum.

#### **Medical Benefits Chart**

You may be responsible for more than one cost share (copayment or coinsurance) payment if more than one service is provided at an appointment. Examples:

- Copayment for the office visit and additional cost share for diagnostic tests (including x-rays) performed while you are there.
- The hospital will ask for separate cost sharing for outpatient hospital medical services and any radiological tests or Medicare Part B drugs administered while you are there.
- The specific cost sharing depends on which services you receive. The Medical Benefits Chart below lists the cost sharing that applies for each specific service.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening		
A one-time screening ultrasound for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for this preventive screening.
Acupuncture for chronic low back pain		
Covered services include:  Up to 12 visits in 90 days are covered for Medicare beneficiaries under the following circumstances:	\$40 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.
For the purpose of this benefit, <b>chronic low back pain</b> is defined as:		
<ul> <li>lasting 12 weeks or longer;</li> <li>nonspecific, in that it has no identifiable systemic cause (i.e., not associated with metastatic, inflammatory, infectious disease, etc.);</li> <li>not associated with surgery; and</li> <li>not associated with pregnancy.</li> </ul>		
An additional eight sessions will be covered for those patients demonstrating an improvement. No more than 20 acupuncture treatments may be administered annually.		
Treatment must be discontinued if the patient is not improving or is regressing.		
Provider Requirements:  Physicians (as defined in 1861(r)(1) of the Social Security Act (the Act)) may furnish		

## What you must pay when you get when you get these services that are covered for you In-Network Out-of-Network

### Acupuncture for chronic low back pain (continued)

acupuncture in accordance with applicable state requirements.

Physician assistants (PAs), nurse practitioners (NPs)/clinical nurse specialists (CNSs) (as identified in 1861(aa) (5) of the Act), and auxiliary personnel may furnish acupuncture if they meet all applicable state requirements and have:

- a masters or doctoral level degree in acupuncture or Oriental Medicine from a school accredited by the Accreditation Commission on Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine (ACAOM); and,
- a current, full, active, and unrestricted license to practice acupuncture in a State, Territory, or Commonwealth (i.e., Puerto Rico) of the United States, or District of Columbia.

Auxiliary personnel furnishing acupuncture must be under the appropriate level of supervision of a physician, PA, or NP/CNS required by our regulations at 42 CFR §§ 410.26 and 410.27.

#### **Ambulance services**

Covered ambulance services, whether for an emergency or non-emergency situation, include fixed wing, rotary wing, and ground ambulance services, to the nearest appropriate facility that can provide care if they are furnished to a member whose medical condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the

\$300 copayment for each one-way Medicare-covered trip. \$300 copayment for each one-way Medicare-covered trip.

## What you must pay when you get when you get these services that are covered for you In-Network Out-of-Network

#### **Ambulance services (continued)**

person's health or if authorized by the plan. If the covered ambulance services are not for an emergency situation, it should be documented that the member's condition is such that other means of transportation could endanger the person's health and that transportation by ambulance is medically required.

UCare follows Original Medicare. Original Medicare doesn't cover ambulance services if you're not transported. This means that we won't pay for ambulance services, including treatment performed, if one is dispatched for you and you're not transported.

When multiple ground and/or air ambulance providers respond, we only pay for the ambulance provider that transports you.



#### Annual physical exam

In addition to the Annual Wellness Visit or the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit, you are covered for the following, once per calendar year:

 Comprehensive preventive medicine evaluation including examination, and counseling/anticipatory guidance/risk factor reduction interventions.

**Note:** Doesn't include lab or diagnostic tests (ex: x-rays, blood tests, MRIs, etc). Additional copayments or coinsurance may apply to any lab or diagnostic testing

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual physical exam.

This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓

#### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services Services that are covered for you In-Network Out-of-Network



#### Annual physical exam (continued)

performed during your visit, as described for each separate service in this Medical Benefits Chart.



#### Annual wellness visit

If you've had Part B for longer than 12 months, you can get an annual wellness visit to develop or update a personalized prevention plan based on your current health and risk factors. This is covered once every 12 months.

Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to be covered for annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the annual wellness visit.



### Bone mass measurement

For qualified individuals (generally, this means people at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis), the following services are covered every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary: procedures to identify bone mass, detect bone loss, or determine bone quality, including a physician's interpretation of the results.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered bone mass measurement.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Breast cancer screening (mammograms)		
Covered services include:	There is no	There is no
<ul> <li>One baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39</li> <li>One screening mammogram every 12 months for women aged 40 and older</li> <li>Clinical breast exams once every 24 months</li> </ul>	coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.	coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for covered screening mammograms.
Cardiac rehabilitation services		
Comprehensive programs of cardiac rehabilitation services that include exercise, education, and counseling are covered for members who meet certain conditions with a doctor's order. The plan also covers intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs that are typically more rigorous or more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs.	\$35 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicarecovered visit.
Cardiovascular disease risk reduction visit (therapy for cardiovascular disease)		
We cover one visit per year with your primary care doctor to help lower your risk for cardiovascular disease. During this visit, your doctor may discuss aspirin use (if appropriate), check your blood pressure, and give you tips to make sure you're eating healthy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the intensive behavioral therapy cardiovascular disease preventive benefit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Cardiovascular disease testing		
Blood tests for the detection of cardiovascular disease (or abnormalities associated with an elevated risk of cardiovascular disease) once every 5 years (60 months).	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for cardiovascular disease testing that is covered once every 5 years.
Cervical and vaginal cancer screening		
<ul> <li>Covered services include:</li> <li>For all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams are covered once every 24 months</li> <li>If you are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer or you are of childbearing age and have had an abnormal Pap test within the past 3 years: one Pap test every 12 months</li> </ul>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for Medicare-covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams.
Chiropractic services*		
Covered services include:     We cover only manual manipulation of the spine to correct subluxation	\$20 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
Colorectal cancer screening		
<ul> <li>The following screening tests are covered:</li> <li>Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy</li> </ul>	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a Medicare-covered colorectal cancer	25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered barium enema.  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or

## What you must pay when you get when you get these services that are covered for you In-Network Out-of-Network

### Colorectal cancer screening (continued)

for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema.

- Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45
  years and older. Once every 120 months
  for patients not at high risk after the
  patient received a screening
  colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for
  high risk patients from the last flexible
  sigmoidoscopy or barium enema.
- Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months.
- Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.
- Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years.
- Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy.
- Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patient not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last

screening exam, excluding barium enemas, for which coinsurance applies. If your doctor finds and removes a polyp or other tissue during the colonoscopy or flexible sigmoidoscopy, the screening exam becomes a diagnostic exam.

Under Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, there is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for a barium enema.

deductible for other Medicare-covered colorectal cancer screening exam.

#### What you must pay

when you get these services In-Network

### What you must pay when you get these services

Out-of-Network

#### Services that are covered for you

### Colorectal cancer screening (continued)

screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy.

Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non-invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test returns a positive result.

#### **Dental services**

In general, preventive dental services (such as cleaning, routine dental exams, and dental x-rays) are not covered by Original Medicare. However, Medicare currently pays for dental services in a limited number of circumstances, specifically when that service is an integral part of specific treatment of a beneficiary's primary medical condition. Some examples include reconstruction of the jaw following fracture or injury, tooth extractions done in preparation for radiation treatment for cancer involving the jaw, or oral exams preceding kidney transplantation.

In addition, we cover:

- Oral examination two per calendar year
- Routine cleaning of teeth two per calendar year
- Topical application of fluoride in conjunction with a routine cleaning, or topical fluoride varnish application in conjunction with a routine dental

\$2,000 combined in-network and out-of-network benefit maximum.

\$100 dental deductible per year (does not apply to preventive services or periodontal maintenance).

\$0 copayment

You must see a Delta Dental National Medicare Advantage network dentist of your choice to receive this benefit at the in-network benefit level. \$2,000 combined in-network and out-of-network benefit maximum.

\$100 dental deductible per year (does not apply to preventive services or periodontal maintenance).

\$0 copayment

If your dental services are performed by a dentist outside of the Delta Dental National Medicare Advantage network (must be within the United States and its territories), you will be responsible for paying the

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Dental services (continued)		
examination, as deemed necessary by a dental provider. No frequency limitations for either type of fluoride application.		difference between the dentist's fees and the UCare dental fee schedule. ✓
<ul> <li>Bite-wing x-rays every 12 months (one set – up to four films).</li> <li>Full mouth x-rays every five years.</li> <li>Four periapical x-rays in a 12-month period.</li> </ul>		If the dental provider is unable to submit the claim on your behalf, it should be submitted to:
		Delta Dental of Minnesota PO Box 9120 Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9120
Comprehensive dental services: We cover:		
Periodontal maintenance cleanings (deep cleaning of the gums).	\$0 copayment for periodontal maintenance cleanings only.	If your dental services are performed by a dentist outside of the Delta Dental National Medicare Advantage network (must be within the United States and its territories), you will be responsible for paying the difference between the dentist's fees and the UCare dental fee schedule. ✓

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Dental services (continued)		
		If the dental provider is unable to submit the claim on your behalf, it should be submitted to:
		Delta Dental of Minnesota PO Box 9120 Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9120
<ul> <li>We also cover:</li> <li>Emergency treatment for pain relief (minor procedures).</li> </ul>	50% coinsurance of the UCare dental fee schedule.	50% coinsurance of the UCare dental fee schedule.
<ul> <li>Restoration of lost tooth structure as a result of tooth decay or fracture, when restored with amalgams (silver fillings) or resins (white fillings).</li> <li>When resins are replaced in posterior teeth, or if inlays, onlays, or three-quarter (3/4) crowns are placed, coverage is limited to the same surfaces and allowances for amalgam.         <ul> <li>Limitation: Fillings and restorations covered once every 24 months per tooth.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Consultation, by a provider other than your current provider, as needed for diagnosis and recommending a treatment plan (such as a second</li> </ul>		If your dental services are performed by a dentist outside of the Delta Dental National Medicare Advantage network (must be within the United States and its territories), you will be responsible for paying the difference between the dentist's fees and the UCare dental fee schedule.
opinion).  • General anesthesia or intravenous sedation is a separate covered dental		If the dental provider is unable to submit the claim on your behalf, it

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Dental services (continued)		
service in conjunction with a complex surgical dental covered service.		should be submitte
<ul> <li>Endodontic services:</li> <li>Root canal therapy on permanent teeth, including pulpotomies, indirect pulp-cap, and root canal retreatment (mutually exclusive of final restoration).</li> <li><u>Limitation</u>: one per tooth per lifetime.</li> </ul>		Delta Dental of Minnesota PO Box 9120 Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9120
Other Periodontal services:		
<ul> <li>Full-mouth debridement.         <u>Limitation</u>: Coverage is limited to once every 36 months.     </li> <li>Non-surgical periodontics:         Procedures, such as scaling and root planing, necessary for the treatment of diseases of the gingival tissues (gums).     </li> <li><u>Limitation</u>: Coverage is limited to</li> </ul>		
one non-surgical periodontal treatment per quadrant every 36 months.		

Surgical periodontics: The surgical procedures necessary for the treatment of the gingival tissues (gums) and bone supporting the teeth.

**<u>Limitation</u>**: Coverage is limited to one surgical periodontal treatment per quadrant every 36 months.

- Oral/Maxillofacial surgery
  - Surgical and non-surgical extractions for tooth removal, including pre- and post-operative care.
  - Bone grafting as part of surgical procedure.

### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you **Dental services (continued) Limitation:** Coverage is limited to once per site (upper/lower ridge) in conjunction with building the bony ridge needed for successful placement of an implant or removable prosthetics (partial/full dentures). We also cover: 70% coinsurance of 70% coinsurance of the UCare dental fee the UCare dental fee Major restorative services schedule. schedule. Emergency services – major procedures. If your dental services are Crowns. performed by a **Limitation:** Once every 60 months, dentist outside of per tooth. the Delta Dental Cast onlays for treatment of severe National Medicare carious lesions and severe fracture. **Limitation:** Once every 60 months, Advantage network (must be within the per tooth. United States and its Prosthetics: Removable and fixed territories), you will **Waiting period:** Waiting periods be responsible for apply for teeth that were missing prior to the start of UCare dental paying the difference between coverage. Members must be enrolled the dentist's fees and in a UCare Medicare Advantage plan the UCare dental fee for twenty-four (24) consecutive schedule. $\checkmark$ months before plan coverage applies for these teeth. If the dental Bridges, standard partial dentures, provider is unable to and full dentures for the replacement submit the claim on of extracted permanent teeth. your behalf, it Replacement benefit for prosthetic should be submitted services: A prosthetic appliance (i.e.,

bridge or denture) for the purpose of

replacing an existing appliance.

to:

Delta Dental of

Minnesota PO Box 9120

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Dental services (continued)		
Limitation: Once every five years and only when the existing appliance is not and cannot be made satisfactory. Services necessary to make an appliance satisfactory are covered.  - Replacement benefit for fixed prosthetics:  Limitation: Once every five years.  The fabrication of the bridge due to the loss of an existing tooth does not set aside the five-year exclusion on cast restorations.  - Alveolectomy, alveoloplasty, and vestibuloplasty when required to prepare for dentures.  - Prosthetic repair and adjustments  - Prosthetics: Provides for the repair and adjustment to prosthetic appliances when they are serving as the permanent prosthetic appliance.  Limitation: Tissue conditioning, relining and rebasing are limited to		Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9120
<ul><li>once every two years.</li><li>Implant services</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Implant services</li> <li>Surgical placement of an implant body to replace a single missing natural tooth.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Porcelain or ceramic crown over implant body.</li> <li>Waiting Period: Waiting periods apply to implants for teeth that were missing prior to UCare dental coverage. Members must be enrolled in a UCare Medicare Advantage plan for twenty-four (24) consecutive</li> </ul>		

months before plan coverage applies.

	What you must pay	What you must pay
	when you get	when you get
	these services	these services
Services that are covered for you	In-Network	Out-of-Network

<u>Limitation</u>: Once per tooth per lifetime.

### We do not cover:

- Services that are not medically necessary or specifically covered
- Hospitalization or other facility charges
- Prescription drugs
- Cosmetic dental procedures
- Services performed before your effective date of coverage
- Anesthesiologist services
- Dental procedures, appliances, or restorations that are necessary to alter, restore, or maintain occlusion, including but not limited to: increasing vertical dimension, replacing or stabilizing tooth structure lost by attrition (wear), realignment of teeth, periodontal splinting, and gnathologic recordings
- Direct diagnostic surgical or non-surgical treatment procedures applied to jaw joints or muscles, except as provided under Oral Surgery above
- Artificial material implanted or grafted into soft tissue, including surgical removal of implants, with exceptions
- Oral hygiene instruction and periodontal exam
- Services for teeth retained in relation to an overdenture. Overdenture appliances are limited to an allowance for a standard full denture.
- Any oral surgery that includes surgical endodontics (apicoectomy, retrograde filling) other than that listed under Oral Surgery above

	What you must pay	What you must pay
	when you get	when you get
	these services	these services
Services that are covered for you	In-Network	Out-of-Network

- Analgesia (nitrous oxide)
- Removable unilateral dentures
- Temporary procedures
- Splinting
- Consultations by the treating provider and office visits
- Initial installation of implants, full or partial dentures or fixed bridgework to replace a tooth or teeth extracted prior to your effective date. Exception: This exclusion will not apply for any member who has been continuously covered under a UCare Medicare Advantage plan for more than 24 months.
- Occlusal analysis, occlusal guards (night guards), and occlusal adjustments (limited and complete)
- Veneers (bonding of coverings to the teeth)
- Orthodontic treatment procedures
- Corrections to congenital conditions, other than for congenital missing teeth.
- Athletic mouth guards
- Retreatment or additional treatment necessary to correct or relieve the results of previous treatment, except as noted above
- Space maintainers

### **Additional Dental Information:**

**Selecting Your Dentist.** You should select a Delta Dental National Medicare Advantage network dental provider from the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. This provider will be responsible for the coordination of all covered dental services and for ensuring continuity of care. The network dental provider will provide most services either directly or through a licensed dental professional. For more information, call Delta Dental customer service at 651-768-1416 or 1-855-648-1416 (this call is free), 7 am – 7 pm, Monday – Friday, or call the

	What you must pay	What you must pay
	when you get	when you get
	these services	these services
Services that are covered for you	In-Network	Out-of-Network

TTY line at 711. You can also call UCare Customer Service. (Phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Seeing a specialized network dental provider does not require a referral from your usual network dental provider, but it is recommended that you consult with your usual network dental provider before going to a specialist. Enrolling in this benefit does not guarantee that you will obtain any given dental services from any particular dentist.

**Using Out-of-Network Dentists.** You may use a dentist not in the Delta Dental National Medicare Advantage network. However, services must be obtained within the United States and its territories. If you receive covered dental services from a dentist or other dental provider who is not in the network, you will be responsible for the coinsurance shown in the above chart plus 100% of the difference between the actual billed charge and the UCare dental fee schedule. If your dentist is unable to submit a claim for you, you may request out-of-network reimbursement, by submitting the claim obtained from your dentist to:

Delta Dental of Minnesota P.O. Box 9120 Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9120

Reimbursement may be delayed if submitted without the required documentation listed above.

Coordination of Benefits (COB). When you have other insurance, the insurance that pays first is called the "primary payer" and pays up to the limits of its coverage. The one that pays second, called the "secondary payer," only pays if there are costs left uncovered by the primary coverage. The secondary payer may not pay all of the uncovered costs. If Delta Dental is the secondary payer, a copy of the primary payer's Explanation of Benefits must be submitted with the claim. When a primary carrier's payment exceeds the UCare dental fee schedule, the administrator will consider the claim paid in full and no further payment will be made on the claim.

If you have other insurance, tell your dental provider. If you have questions about who pays first, call Delta Dental customer service at 651-768-1416 or 1-855-648-1416 (this call is free), 7 am – 7 pm, Monday – Friday, or call the TTY line at 711. You can also call UCare Customer Service. (Phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

### **Benefit Exclusions/Limitations/Waiting Period:**

	What you must pay	What you must pay
	when you get	when you get
	these services	these services
Services that are covered for you	In-Network	Out-of-Network

- **Exclusions and Limitations:** services or procedures not covered by the dental benefits or excluded from coverage because they are not medically necessary (e.g. teeth whitening).
- **Frequency Limits:** a specific amount of time between initial plan coverage for a service and subsequent plan coverage for the same type of service. For example, a crown may be covered immediately after a member's effective date, however, the plan will not cover it again until five (5) years have passed.
- Waiting Periods: a specific amount of time a member must be enrolled in the plan before coverage begins.



### Depression screening

We cover one screening for depression per year. The screening must be done in a primary care setting that can provide follow-up treatment and/or referrals.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual depression screening visit.



### Diabetes screening

We cover this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if you have any of the following risk factors: high blood pressure (hypertension), history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia), obesity, or a history of high blood sugar (glucose). Tests may also be covered if you meet other requirements, like being overweight and having a family history of diabetes.

Based on the results of these tests, you may be eligible for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered diabetes screening tests.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Diabetes self-management training, diabetic services, and supplies		
<ul> <li>For all people who have diabetes (insulin and non-insulin users). Covered services include:</li> <li>Supplies to monitor your blood glucose: Blood glucose monitor, blood glucose test strips, lancet devices and lancets, and glucose-control solutions for checking the accuracy of test strips and monitors.</li> <li>For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic foot disease: One pair per calendar year of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts provided with such shoes) and two additional pairs of inserts, or one pair of depth shoes and three pairs of inserts (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes). Coverage includes fitting.</li> <li>Diabetes self-management training is covered under certain conditions.</li> </ul>	20% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered continuous glucose monitor and supplies.  10% coinsurance for other Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supplies.  Coverage is limited to specific manufacturer brands.  10% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered pair of therapeutic shoes or inserts.  \$0 copayment for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diabetes monitoring supply (includes continuous glucose monitor).  Coverage is limited to specific manufacturer brands.  25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered pair of therapeutic shoes or inserts.  25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered diabetes self-management training.
Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies*		
(For a definition of durable medical equipment, refer to Chapter 12 as well as Chapter 3, Section 7 of this document.)  Covered items include, but are not limited to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress	20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
to: wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds		

### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you In-Network Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies\* (continued) ordered by a provider for use in the home, Your cost sharing for IV infusion pumps, speech generating Medicare oxygen devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, and equipment coverage walkers. is 20% coinsurance in-network, every We cover all medically necessary DME month. covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand or manufacturer, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. The most recent list of suppliers is available on our website at ucare.org/ searchnetwork. **Emergency care** Emergency care refers to services that are: \$100 copayment for \$100 copayment for each emergency each emergency Furnished by a provider qualified to room visit. room visit. furnish emergency services, and Needed to evaluate or stabilize an You do not pay this You do not pay this amount if you are emergency medical condition. amount if you are admitted to the admitted to the A medical emergency is when you, or any hospital on an hospital on an other prudent layperson with an average inpatient basis inpatient basis knowledge of health and medicine, believe within 24 hours for within 24 hours for that you have medical symptoms that the same condition. the same condition. require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a If you receive If you receive pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child), emergency care at emergency care at

an out-of-network

hospital and need

inpatient care after

stabilized, you must

have your inpatient

your emergency

condition is

an out-of-network hospital and need

inpatient care after

stabilized, you must

have your inpatient

your emergency

condition is

loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb.

The medical symptoms may be an illness,

injury, severe pain, or a medical condition

Cost sharing for necessary emergency

services furnished out-of-network is the

that is quickly getting worse.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Emergency care (continued)		
same as for such services furnished in-network.	care at the out-of- network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.	care at the out-of- network hospital authorized by the plan and your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.
	See "Inpatient hospital care" in this benefits chart for information on inpatient hospital cost sharing.	See "Inpatient hospital care" in this benefits chart for information on inpatient hospital cost sharing.
Worldwide emergency care:	\$100 copayment for	\$100 copayment for
Worldwide emergency care applies to emergency care outside the United States and its territories.	each worldwide emergency care visit.  \$100 copayment for each one-way worldwide ground emergency transportation.  \$	each worldwide emergency care visit. ✓  for \$100 copayment for each one-way
Coverage includes:		
<ul> <li>Emergency care: Services furnished by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services and needed to evaluate or stabilize an emergency medical condition, as well as services provided after stabilization and provided to maintain the condition.         Post-stabilization services end at discharge.     </li> <li>Ground ambulance for emergency transportation to the nearest appropriate hospital for emergency care. Air ambulance (fixed wing or rotary wing) is not covered.</li> </ul>		worldwide ground emergency transportation. ✓

### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you **Emergency care (continued)** Transportation back to the United States or its territories is also not covered. If you have an emergency outside of the U.S. and its territories, you may have to pay for those services upfront. If this happens, you then have to ask us to pay you back. Your provider may also choose to submit a claim on your behalf. Please see Chapter 7, Section 2 for information on how to get paid back for medical services. Health and wellness education Use one of the two fitness programs based on the fitness club network of your preferred fitness location: This service is not One Pass \$0 copayment covered out-of-One Pass is a complete fitness solution for network. 🗸 your body and mind, available to you at no additional cost. You'll have access to more than 24,000 participating fitness locations nationwide, plus: Thousands of on-demand and live-streaming fitness classes

Workout builders to create your own workouts and walk you through each

Home Fitness Kits available to members who are physically unable to visit or who

reside at least 15 miles outside a participating fitness location

exercise

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Health and wellness education programs (continued)		
<ul> <li>Personalized, online brain training program to help improve memory, attention and focus</li> <li>Social activities, community classes, and events available for online or in-person participation</li> </ul>		
Go to <b>ucare.org/onepass</b> or call 1-877-504-6830 or for TTY access use 711, 8 am – 9 pm, Monday – Friday.		
Health Club Savings Program	\$0 copayment	This service is not
If you belong to a participating health club that isn't in the One Pass network, we'll reimburse you. You can get a reimbursement of up to \$30 each month towards your health club membership fee.		covered out-of- network. ✓
To get started, show your UCare member ID card at a participating health club. For more information, go to ucare.org/healthwellness.		
UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card	There is no cost for	There is no cost for
The UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card is a reloadable card that features:	this card.	this card.
<ul> <li>Flexibility, choice and ease of use</li> <li>Access to your preloaded annual prescription eyewear allowance</li> <li>Access to your Over-the-Counter (OTC) allowance</li> <li>Access to grocery discounts</li> <li>Rewards and incentives</li> </ul>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Health and wellness education programs (continued)		
Your card is reloadable year over year and is valid until it expires or you are no longer a UCare member. Be sure to keep your card, as you will not get a new one each year. The card will not work if you are not a UCare member. Allowance amounts and expirations vary.		
<b>Grocery Discounts</b>	There is no cost for	There is no cost for
You receive grocery discounts on pre-qualified healthy foods. This includes items such as milk, whole-grain bread, lean meat, eggs, yogurt, fruits, vegetables and more. Weekly discounts are pre-loaded onto your UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa° card. Simply scan your card when paying at participating stores to get your discount.	this card.	this card.
After January 1, 2024, you may visit  HealthyBenefitsPlus.com/ucare or call 1-833-862-8276 (this call is free); TTY 711 (this call is free) to learn more.		
UCare 24/7 nurse line The Nurse Line gives you access to medical and health information 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, including weekends and holidays. This telephone service is available at no additional cost to you as a member. Call 1-888-618-2595 (this call is free) or TTY: 1-800-688-2534 (this call is free).	There is no cost for this service.	There is no cost for this service.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Hearing services		
Diagnostic hearing and balance evaluations performed by your provider to determine if you need medical treatment are covered as outpatient care when furnished by a physician, audiologist, or other qualified provider.	\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.  \$0 copayment for one routine hearing exam annually.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.  Routine hearing exam, hearing aids and hearing aid
We offer additional supplemental hearing services through TruHearing. Coverage includes:	\$699 copayment per aid for Advanced Aids ✓	fittings and evaluations are not covered out-of-
<ul> <li>Routine hearing exam once annually</li> <li>Hearing aids (up to two TruHearing-branded hearing aids every year)</li> <li>Benefit is limited to TruHearing's Advanced and Premium hearing aids, which come in various styles and colors</li> <li>Hearing aids are available for two different copay amounts for Advanced and Premium models</li> <li>No additional cost per aid for optional hearing aid rechargeability on some Premium aid styles</li> <li>Fittings and evaluations for hearing aids</li> </ul>	\$999 copayment per aid for Premium Aids \( \square \) \$0 copayment for hearing aid fittings and evaluations.	covered out-of- network. ✓
How to access hearing aid benefits:		
<ul> <li>The benefit is only available through TruHearing.</li> <li>For more information on covered hearing aids or to schedule an appointment with a TruHearing provider, call 1-833-725-6519 (for TTY, dial 711), 8 am – 8 pm, Monday – Friday.</li> </ul>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Hearing services (continued)		
For general information about     TruHearing benefits visit: <u>TruHearing.com/Select</u> .		
Help with Certain Chronic Conditions*		
Home delivered meal benefit for members with congestive heart failure who have been discharged from the hospital. If you are eligible for this benefit, we will contact you after you have been discharged.	\$0 copayment	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
28 home delivered meals for 14 days		
HIV screening		
For people who ask for an HIV screening test or who are at increased risk for HIV infection, we cover:	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or
One screening exam every 12 months	deductible for members eligible for	deductible for members eligible for
For people who are pregnant, we cover:	Medicare-covered	Medicare-covered
Up to three screening exams during a pregnancy	preventive HIV screening.	preventive HIV screening.
Home health agency care		
Prior to receiving home health services, a doctor must certify that you need home health services and will order home health services to be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.	\$0 copayment for all home health visits provided by a network home health agency when Medicare criteria are met.  There is cost sharing for durable medical	25% coinsurance for all home health visits provided by an out-of-network home health agency when Medicare criteria are met. For durable medical equipment and

### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you Home health agency care (continued) Covered services include, but are not limited related supplies, equipment and related supplies. please refer to to: Please refer to "Durable medical Part-time or intermittent skilled nursing "Durable medical equipment and and home health aide services (to be equipment and related supplies." covered under the home health care related supplies." benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week) Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy Medical and social services Medical equipment and supplies Home infusion therapy Home infusion therapy involves the These services will These services will intravenous or subcutaneous administration be covered as be covered as of drugs or biologicals to an individual at described in the described in the home. The components needed to perform following sections following sections home infusion include the drug (for found in this found in this example, antivirals, immune globulin), **Medical Benefits Medical Benefits** equipment (for example, a pump), and Chart: Chart: supplies (for example, tubing and catheters). Please refer to Please refer to "Physician/ "Physician/ Covered services include, but are not limited Practitioner Practitioner to: services, including services, including Professional services, including nursing doctor's office doctor's office services, furnished in accordance with visits," "Durable visits," "Durable the plan of care medical equipment medical equipment Patient training and education not (DME) and related (DME) and related otherwise covered under the durable supplies" and supplies" and medical equipment benefit "Medicare Part B "Medicare Part B Remote monitoring prescription drugs." prescription drugs." Monitoring services for the provision of

home infusion therapy and home

## What you must pay when you get these services In-Network Home infusion therapy (continued) infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network

### Hospice care

You are eligible for the hospice benefit when your doctor and the hospice medical director have given you a terminal prognosis certifying that you're terminally ill and have 6 months or less to live if your illness runs its normal course. You may receive care from any Medicare-certified hospice program. Your plan is obligated to help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs in the plan's service area, including those the MA organization owns, controls, or has a financial interest in. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.

When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial.

When you enroll in a Medicare-certified hospice program, your hospice services and your Part A and Part B services related to your terminal prognosis are paid for by Original Medicare, not Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial.

### Covered services include:

- Drugs for symptom control and pain relief
- Short-term respite care
- Home care

When you are admitted to a hospice you have the right to remain in your plan; if you chose to remain in your plan you must continue to pay plan premiums.

For hospice services and for services that are covered by Medicare Part A or B and are related to your terminal prognosis: Original Medicare (rather than our plan) will pay your hospice provider for your hospice services and any Part A and Part B services

	What you must pay	What you must pay
	when you get	when you get
	these services	these services
Services that are covered for you	In-Network	Out-of-Network

### **Hospice care (continued)**

related to your terminal prognosis. While you are in the hospice program, your hospice provider will bill Original Medicare for the services that Original Medicare pays for. You will be billed Original Medicare cost sharing.

For services that are covered by Medicare
Part A or B and are not related to your
terminal prognosis: If you need
non-emergency, non-urgently needed
services that are covered under Medicare
Part A or B and that are not related to your
terminal prognosis, your cost for these
services depends on whether you use a
provider in our plan's network and follow
plan rules (such as if there is a requirement
to obtain prior authorization).

- If you obtain the covered services from a network provider and follow plan rules for obtaining service, you only pay the plan cost-sharing amount for in-network services
- If you obtain the covered services from an out-of-network provider, you pay the cost sharing under Fee-for-Service Medicare (Original Medicare)

For services that are covered by Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial but are not covered by Medicare Part A or B: Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial will continue to cover plan-covered services that are not covered under Part A or B whether or not they are

### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you

### **Hospice care (continued)**

related to your terminal prognosis. You pay your plan cost-sharing amount for these services.

For drugs that may be covered by the plan's Part D benefit: If these drugs are unrelated to your terminal hospice condition you pay cost sharing. If they are related to your terminal hospice condition then you pay Original Medicare cost sharing. Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, please refer to Chapter 5, Section 9.4 (What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice).

**Note:** If you need non-hospice care (care that is not related to your terminal prognosis), you should contact us to arrange the services.

Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill person who hasn't elected the hospice benefit.



### Immunizations

Covered Medicare Part B services include:

- Pneumonia vaccine
- Flu shots, once each flu season in the fall and winter, with additional flu shots if medically necessary
- Hepatitis B vaccine if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting Hepatitis B
- COVID-19 vaccine
- Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B and COVID-19 vaccines.

Refer to "Medicare Part B prescription There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the pneumonia, influenza, Hepatitis B and COVID-19 vaccines.

Refer to "Medicare Part B prescription

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Immunizations (continued)		
We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit.	drugs" in this Medical Benefits Chart.	drugs" in this Medical Benefits Chart.
Inpatient hospital care*		
Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, long-term care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day.  Covered services include but are not limited to:  Semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)  Meals including special diets Regular nursing services Costs of special care units (such as intensive care or coronary care units)  Drugs and medications  Lab tests X-rays and other radiology services Necessary surgical and medical supplies Use of appliances, such as wheelchairs Operating and recovery room costs Physical, occupational, and speech language therapy Inpatient substance abuse services Under certain conditions, the following types of transplants are covered: corneal, kidney, kidney-pancreatic, heart, liver,	\$250 copayment each day for days 1-5 for Medicare- covered hospital care. Thereafter, you pay a \$0 copayment for additional Medicare-covered days.  If you get authorized inpatient care at an out-of-network hospital after your emergency condition is stabilized, your cost is the cost sharing you would pay at a network hospital.  For inpatient hospital care, the cost sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered hospital stay until discharge.  For inpatient hospital care, the cost sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital.  For each inpatient hospital stay, you are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered.  Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted or transferred to a specific facility type, including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities,
lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral. If you	For each inpatient hospital stay, you	Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC)

	What you must pay	What you must pay
	when you get these services	when you get these services
Services that are covered for you	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Inpatient hospital care* (continued)		
need a transplant, we will arrange to have your case reviewed by a Medicare-approved transplant center that will decide whether you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If our in-network transplant services are outside the community pattern of care, you may choose to go locally as long as the local transplant providers are willing to accept the Original Medicare rate. If Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial provides transplant services at a location outside the pattern of care for transplants in your community and you choose to obtain transplants at this distant location, we will arrange or pay for appropriate lodging and transportation costs for you and a companion.  • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells begins with the first pint of blood that you need. All other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used.  • Physician services	are covered for unlimited days as long as the hospital stay is covered.  Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted or transferred to a specific facility type, including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities.	facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities.
Note: To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.		

# What you must pay when you get these services these services In-Network Inpatient hospital care\* (continued) You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available

https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-

on the Web at

Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

### Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital

Covered services include mental health care services that require a hospital stay. There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. The 190-day lifetime limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital.

\$250 copayment per day for days 1-5 for Medicare-covered hospital care. Thereafter, you pay a \$0 copayment for additional Medicare-covered days, up to 90 days. Plus an additional 60 lifetime reserve days.

For inpatient hospital care, the cost sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital.

25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered hospital stay until discharge. Each Medicare-covered hospital stay is limited to 90 days. Plus an additional 60 lifetime reserve days.

For inpatient hospital care, the cost sharing described above applies each time you are admitted to the hospital.

Your inpatient benefits will begin

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital (continued)	Your inpatient benefits will begin on day one each time you are admitted or transferred to a specific facility type, including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient	on day one each time you are admitted or transferred to a specific facility type, including Inpatient Rehabilitation facilities, Long-Term Acute Care (LTAC) facilities, Inpatient Acute Care facilities, and Inpatient Psychiatric facilities.
Inpatient stay: covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay	Psychiatric facilities.	
If you have exhausted your inpatient benefits or if the inpatient stay is not reasonable and necessary, we will not cover your inpatient stay. However, in some cases, we will cover certain services you receive while you are in the hospital or the skilled nursing facility (SNF). Covered services include, but are not limited to:	When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:	When your stay is no longer covered, these services will be covered as described in the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:
<ul> <li>Physician services</li> <li>Diagnostic tests (like lab tests)</li> <li>X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy including technician materials and services</li> <li>Surgical dressings</li> </ul>	"Physician/ Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits" "Outpatient diagnostic tests and	"Physician/ Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits" "Outpatient diagnostic tests and

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Inpatient stay: covered services received in a hospital or SNF during a non-covered inpatient stay (continued)		
<ul> <li>Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>Prosthetics and orthotics devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ, including replacement or repairs of such devices</li> <li>Leg, arm, back, and neck braces; trusses; and artificial legs, arms, and eyes including adjustments, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition</li> <li>Physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy</li> </ul>	therapeutic services and supplies"  "Prosthetic devices and related supplies"  "Outpatient rehabilitation services"	therapeutic services and supplies"  "Prosthetic devices and related supplies"  "Outpatient rehabilitation services"
Medical nutrition therapy  This benefit is for people with diabetes, renal (kidney) disease (but not on dialysis), or after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor.  We cover 3 hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you receive medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare (this includes our plan, any other Medicare Advantage plan, or Original Medicare), and 2 hours each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to receive more hours of treatment with a physician's order.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for members eligible for Medicare-covered medical nutrition therapy services.

### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you Medical nutrition therapy (continued) A physician must prescribe these services and renew their order yearly if your treatment is needed into the next calendar year. Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP) MDPP services will be covered for eligible There is no There is no Medicare beneficiaries under all Medicare coinsurance, coinsurance, health plans. copayment, or copayment, or deductible for the deductible for the MDPP is a structured health behavior MDPP benefit. MDPP benefit. change intervention that provides practical training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and problem-solving strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle. Medicare Part B prescription drugs\* These drugs are covered under Part B of 20% coinsurance for 25% coinsurance for Original Medicare. Members of our plan each Medicareeach Medicarereceive coverage for these drugs through our covered Part B drug. covered Part B drug. plan. Covered drugs include: \$35 copayment for \$35 copayment for Drugs that usually aren't each Medicareeach Medicareself-administered by the patient and are covered Part B covered Part B injected or infused while you are getting insulin drug. You insulin drug. You will not pay more physician, hospital outpatient, or will not pay more ambulatory surgical center services than \$35 for a onethan \$35 for a one-Insulin furnished through an item of month supply of month supply of durable medical equipment (such as a Part B insulin. Part B insulin.

Deductibles do not

apply.

Deductibles do not

apply.

medically necessary insulin pump)

### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you Medicare Part B prescription drugs\* (continued) Other drugs you take using durable Additionally, for the Additionally, for the medical equipment (such as nebulizers) administration of administration of that were authorized by the plan that drug, you will that drug, you will Clotting factors you give yourself by pay the cost sharing pay the cost sharing injection if you have hemophilia that applies to that applies to Immunosuppressive drugs, if you were primary care primary care enrolled in Medicare Part A at the time provider services or provider services or of the organ transplant specialist services specialist services Injectable osteoporosis drugs, if you are (as described under (as described under homebound, have a bone fracture that a "Physician/ "Physician/ doctor certifies was related to Practitioner Practitioner services, including services, including post-menopausal osteoporosis, and cannot self-administer the drug doctor's office visits" doctor's office visits" Antigens (Allergy shots) in this benefit chart). in this benefit chart). Certain oral anti-cancer drugs and 20% coinsurance for 25% coinsurance for anti-nausea drugs each Medicareeach Medicare-Certain drugs for home dialysis, covered Part B covered Part B including heparin, the antidote for chemotherapy drug chemotherapy drug heparin when medically necessary, and the and the topical anesthetics, and administration of administration of erythropoiesis-stimulating agents (such that drug. that drug. as Epogen®, Procit®, Epoetin Alfa, Aranesp®, or Darbepoetin Alfa) Intravenous Immune Globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases The following link will take you to a list of Part B Drugs that may be subject to Step Therapy: ucare.org/searchdruglist. We also cover some vaccines under our Part B and Part D prescription drug benefit. Chapter 5 explains the Part D prescription drug benefit, including rules you must

follow to have prescriptions covered. What

	What you must pay	What you must pay
	when you get	when you get
	these services	these services
Services that are covered for you	In-Network	Out-of-Network
Medicare Part B prescription drugs* (continued)		
you pay for your Part D prescription drugs through our plan is explained in Chapter 6.		
Obesity screening and therapy to promote sustained weight loss		
If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover intensive counseling to help you lose weight. This counseling is covered if you get it in a primary care setting, where it can be coordinated with your comprehensive prevention plan. Talk to your primary care doctor or practitioner to find out more.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for preventive obesity screening and therapy.
Opioid treatment program services		
Members of our plan with opioid use disorder (OUD) can receive coverage of services to treat OUD through an Opioid Treatment Program (OTP) which includes the following services:	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered opioid treatment program service.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered opioid treatment program service.
<ul> <li>U.S. Food and Drug Administration         (FDA)-approved opioid agonist and         antagonist medication-assisted         treatment (MAT) medications</li> <li>Dispensing and administration of MAT         medications (if applicable)</li> <li>Substance use counseling</li> <li>Individual and group therapy</li> <li>Toxicology testing</li> <li>Intake activities</li> <li>Periodic assessments</li> </ul>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies		
Covered services include, but are not limited to:		
• X-rays	10% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered standard x-ray service.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered standard x-ray service.
Radiation (radium and isotope) therapy including technician materials and supplies	10% coinsurance for each Medicare- covered radiation (radium and isotope) therapy service, including technician materials and supplies.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare- covered radiation (radium and isotope) therapy service, including technician materials and supplies.
Diagnostic radiology services (for example: MRI, CT and PET scans)	10% coinsurance for each Medicare- covered diagnostic radiology service.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diagnostic radiology service.
Other outpatient diagnostic tests	10% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered other diagnostic test.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare- covered other diagnostic test.
	Your cost share for x-ray, radiation therapy, diagnostic radiology services, and other outpatient diagnostic test services in a single day will not exceed \$150.	

when you get these services these services these services that are covered for you  Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies (continued)  Surgical supplies, such as dressings each Medicare-reduce fractures and dislocations covered medical supply.  Laboratory tests  \$0 copayment for each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-covered laboratory covered test.  Blood - including storage and  when you get these services and these services and these services tests coinsurance for 25% coinsurance for each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-tests test.	ou must pay
therapeutic services and supplies (continued)  Surgical supplies, such as dressings Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations  Laboratory tests  So copayment for each Medicare-covered laboratory each Medicare-covered laboratory test.  Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells, and all other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint of blood that you need.  25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered medical supply.  So copayment for each Medicare-covered Medicare-covered blood services.  So copayment for Medicare-covered blood services.  So copayment for Medicare-covered blood services.	rvices
<ul> <li>Splints, casts and other devices used to reduce fractures and dislocations</li> <li>Laboratory tests</li> <li>\$0 copayment for each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-each Medicare-covered laboratory covered test.</li> <li>Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells, and all other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint of blood that you need.</li> </ul>	
each Medicare- covered laboratory covered test.  • Blood - including storage and administration. Coverage of whole blood and packed red cells, and all other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint of blood that you need.  each Medicare- covered laboratory test.  25% coir Medicare- covered Medicare- blood services. blood services. blood services.	
administration. Coverage of whole blood Medicare-covered Medicare and packed red cells, and all other blood services. blood services components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint of blood that you need.	yment for edicare- laboratory
Outpatient hospital observation	nsurance for re-covered ervices.
services given to determine if you need to be admitted as an inpatient or can be discharged.  For outpatient hospital observation services to be covered, they must meet the Medicare criteria and be considered reasonable and necessary. Observation services are covered only when provided by the order of a physician or another individual authorized by state licensure law and hospital staff  Medicare-covered outpatient hospital outpatient observation services included in a single stay.  Stay.  Medicare-covered outpatient hospital outpatient hospital outpatient hospital outpatient hospital stay.	nsurance for re-covered ent hospital tion services d in a single
bylaws to admit patients to the hospital or order outpatient tests.  Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the	

### What you must pay when you get when you get these services that are covered for you In-Network What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network

### Outpatient hospital observation (continued)

hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.

You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called *Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!* This fact sheet is available on the Web at

https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

### **Outpatient hospital services**

We cover medically-necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury.

Covered services include, but are not limited to:

- Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as observation services or outpatient surgery
- Laboratory and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital
- Mental health care, including care in a partial-hospitalization program, if a

\$250 copayment for each Medicarecovered outpatient hospital service, including observation, outpatient surgery or procedure.

In addition, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart: 25% coinsurance for each Medicarecovered outpatient hospital service, including observation, outpatient surgery or procedure.

In addition, please refer to the following sections found in this Medical Benefits Chart:

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Outpatient hospital services (continued)		
doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be required without it  • X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital  • Medical supplies such as splints and casts  • Certain drugs and biologicals that you can't give yourself  Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff.  You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called <i>Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!</i> This fact sheet is available on the Web at <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-">https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-</a>	"Emergency care" or "Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers." "Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies." "Outpatient mental health care" or "Partial hospitalization services." "Medicare Part B prescription drugs."	"Emergency care" or "Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers." "Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies." "Outpatient mental health care" or "Partial hospitalization services." "Medicare Part B prescription drugs."
Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.		
Outpatient mental health care		
Covered services include:  Mental health services provided by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical purpospecialist, licensed professional	\$0 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.	\$0 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.

nurse specialist, licensed professional

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Outpatient mental health care (continued)		
counselor (LPC), licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT), nurse practitioner (NP), physician assistant (PA), or other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws.		
Outpatient rehabilitation services		
Covered services include: physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech language therapy.	\$40 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicarecovered visit.
Outpatient rehabilitation services are provided in various outpatient settings, such as hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facilities (CORFs).		
Outpatient substance use disorder services		
Covered services include:  Substance abuse services provided in an outpatient hospital setting by a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical nurse specialist, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or other Medicare-qualified health care professional as allowed under applicable state laws, and conducted under the supervision and direction of a physician.	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.	\$0 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Outpatient surgery, including services provided at hospital outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers*		
Note: If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost-sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient.	\$250 copayment for each Medicare- covered outpatient surgery or procedure at an outpatient hospital facility or ambulatory surgical center.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered outpatient surgery or procedure at an outpatient hospital facility or ambulatory surgical center.
Over-the-counter (OTC) allowance		
<ul> <li>The OTC allowance includes</li> <li>An allowance loaded onto your UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card twice a year.</li> <li>Dollars you don't use will expire on June 30 and December 31.</li> <li>Eligible items may include: cough drops, first aid supplies, pain relief, sinus medications, toothpaste, and much more.</li> </ul>	\$75 allowance to use semiannually.  Allowance available to members via mail order, online order, or in-store purchase at participating retail locations.	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
How to use the OTC allowance		
Starting on January 1, 2024, you can use the UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card to shop:		
<ul> <li>In-store at participating retailers.</li> <li>Online at Walmart.com</li> <li>Over the phone at 1-833-862-8276 (TTY 711).</li> </ul>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Over-the-counter (OTC) allowance (continued)		
If you're interested, we have a mobile app to make your shopping experience easier. The app includes:		
<ul> <li>The store finder</li> <li>A digital card</li> <li>Real-time access to your benefit balance and transaction history</li> </ul>		
Download the Healthy Benefits+ app from the Apple App Store or Google Play <sup>™</sup> . Data fees may apply.		
Partial hospitalization services and Intensive outpatient services		
Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment provided as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health center, that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office and is an alternative to inpatient hospitalization.	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered benefits.	25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.
Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment provided in a hospital outpatient department, a community mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care received in your doctor's or therapist's office but less intense than partial hospitalization.		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits		
<ul> <li>Medically-necessary medical care or surgery services furnished in a physician's office, certified ambulatory surgical center, hospital outpatient department, or any other location</li> <li>Consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist</li> <li>Basic hearing and balance exams performed by your PCP or specialist, if your doctor orders it to see if you need medical treatment</li> <li>Certain telehealth services, including those for:</li> </ul>	\$0 copayment for medical care furnished by a primary care provider. Or, under certain circumstances, by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals (as permitted under Medicare rules).	25% coinsurance for medical care furnished by a primary care provider. Or, under certain circumstances, by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals (as permitted under Medicare rules).
<ul> <li>Medicare-approved services, including urgently needed services, primary care provider and specialist visits, individual and group mental health sessions, podiatry services, diagnostic procedures and tests, dialysis services, kidney disease education services and eye exams</li> <li>You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth,</li> </ul>	\$40 copayment for services obtained from a specialist. Or, under certain circumstances, by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals (as permitted under Medicare rules).	25% coinsurance for services obtained from a specialist. Or, under certain circumstances, by a nurse practitioner or physician's assistant or other non-physician health care professionals (as permitted under Medicare rules).
you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth.  • Telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease-related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or the member's home	NOTE: Medicare-covered telehealth services will be subject to the same cost sharing as services you would receive in-person. If you have surgery or	NOTE: Medicare-covered telehealth services will be subject to the same cost sharing as services you would receive in-person. If you have surgery or

procedures done in

procedures done in

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)		
<ul> <li>Telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke, regardless of your location</li> <li>Telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder, regardless of their location</li> <li>Telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: <ul> <li>You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit</li> <li>You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services</li> <li>Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances</li> </ul> </li> <li>Telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers</li> <li>Virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if: <ul> <li>You're not a new patient and</li> <li>The check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and</li> <li>The check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor, and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if:</li> </ul>	a certified ambulatory surgical center or hospital outpatient setting, see the "Outpatient surgery, including services provided at outpatient hospital facilities and ambulatory surgical centers" and/or the "Outpatient hospital services" sections in this benefits chart for applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts.	a certified ambulatory surgical center or hospital outpatient setting, see the "Outpatient surgery, including services provided at outpatient hospital facilities and ambulatory surgical centers" and/or the "Outpatient hospital services" sections in this benefits chart for applicable copayments or coinsurance amounts.

- You're not a new patient and

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Physician/Practitioner services, including doctor's office visits (continued)		
<ul> <li>The evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and</li> <li>The evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment</li> <li>Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, internet, or electronic health record</li> <li>Second opinion by another network provider prior to surgery</li> </ul>		
• In addition to in-person doctor's office visits, you have access to M Health Fairview E-visits, available 24 hours a day, seven days a week without an appointment.	\$0 copayment for each E-visit.	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
Please see the E-visits section of the Medical Benefits Chart and Chapter 12 for definition of E-visit. (Note: Use of online clinics is optional. You can continue going to your provider directly.)		
Non-routine dental care (covered services are limited to surgery of the jaw or related structures, setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones, extraction of teeth to prepare the jaw for radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer disease, or services that would be covered when provided by a physician)	\$0 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicarecovered visit.
Podiatry services		
Covered services include:	\$40 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicarecovered visit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Podiatry services (continued)		
<ul> <li>Diagnosis and the medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the feet (such as hammer toe or heel spurs)</li> <li>Routine foot care for members with certain medical conditions affecting the lower limbs</li> </ul>		
Prostate cancer screening exams		
For men aged 50 and older, covered services include the following - once every 12 months:  Digital rectal exam Prostate Specific Antigen (PSA) test	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual digital rectal exam and PSA test.	25% coinsurance for an annual Medicare-covered digital rectal exam.  There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for an annual PSA test.
Prosthetic devices and related supplies		
Devices (other than dental) that replace all or part of a body part or function. These include, but are not limited to: colostomy bags and supplies directly related to colostomy care, pacemakers, braces, prosthetic shoes, artificial limbs, and breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy). Includes certain supplies related to prosthetic devices, and repair and/or replacement of prosthetic devices. Also includes some coverage following cataract removal or cataract surgery – refer to "Vision Care" later in this section for more detail.	20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered prosthetic and orthotic devices, including repair and/or replacement. 20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered supplies.	25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered prosthetic and orthotic devices, including repair and/or replacement. 25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered supplies.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Pulmonary rehabilitation services		
Comprehensive programs of pulmonary rehabilitation are covered for members who have moderate to very severe chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor treating the chronic respiratory disease.	\$15 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicarecovered visit.
Screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse		
We cover one alcohol misuse screening for adults with Medicare (including pregnant people) who misuse alcohol, but aren't alcohol dependent.	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the	There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the
If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you can get up to 4 brief face-to-face counseling sessions per year (if you're competent and alert during counseling) provided by a qualified primary care doctor or practitioner in a primary care setting.	Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.	Medicare-covered screening and counseling to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit.
Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT)		
For qualified individuals, a LDCT is covered every 12 months.	There is no coinsurance,	There is no coinsurance,
Eligible members are: people aged 50 – 77 years who have no signs or symptoms of lung cancer, but who have a history of tobacco smoking of at least 20 pack-years and who currently smoke or have quit smoking within the last 15 years, who receive a written order for LDCT during a	copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.	copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered counseling and shared decision making visit or for the LDCT.

## What you must pay when you get

when you get these services In-Network

#### What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network

#### Services that are covered for you

## Screening for lung cancer with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) (continued)

lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit that meets the Medicare criteria for such visits and be furnished by a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner.

For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision-making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits.

# Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs

We cover sexually transmitted infection (STI) screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and Hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant people and for certain people who are at increased risk for an STI when the tests are ordered by a primary care provider. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy.

We also cover up to 2 individual 20 to 30 minute, face-to-face high-intensity

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the Medicare-covered screening for STIs and counseling for STIs preventive benefit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and counseling to prevent STIs (continued)		
behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. We will only cover these counseling sessions as a preventive service if they are provided by a primary care provider and take place in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office.		
Services to treat kidney disease		
Covered services include:		
Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help members make informed decisions about their care. For members with stage IV chronic kidney disease when referred by their doctor, we cover up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime.	\$0 copayment for Medicare-covered benefits.	25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.
Outpatient dialysis treatments (including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3, or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible)	20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits received from an in-network provider in your service area or from any provider when you are temporarily outside the service area.	25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Services to treat kidney disease (continued)		
Inpatient dialysis treatments (if you are admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care)	Please refer to the "Inpatient hospital care" section found in this Medical Benefits Chart.	Please refer to the "Inpatient hospital care" section found in this Medical Benefits Chart.
<ul> <li>Self-dialysis training (includes training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments)</li> <li>Home dialysis equipment and supplies</li> <li>Certain home support services (such as, when necessary, visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and check your dialysis equipment and water supply)</li> </ul>	20% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.	25% coinsurance for Medicare-covered benefits.
Certain drugs for dialysis are covered under your Medicare Part B drug benefit. For information about coverage for Part B Drugs, please go to the section, <i>Medicare Part B prescription drugs</i> .		
Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care*		
(For a definition of skilled nursing facility care, refer to Chapter 12 of this document. Skilled nursing facilities are sometimes called SNFs.)  No prior hospital stay is required. You are covered for up to 100 days each benefit period for inpatient services in a SNF, in accordance with Medicare guidelines.  Covered services include but are not limited to:	\$0 copayment for days 1-20; \$203 copayment per day for days 21-100, per benefit period.  A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered stay.  A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you haven't been an

What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row.  If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.	inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row.  If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.
	when you get these services In-Network  period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row.  If you go to the hospital (or SNF) after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods

#### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care\* (continued) hospital (as long as it provides skilled nursing facility care) A SNF where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use) If you use tobacco, but do not have signs or There is no There is no symptoms of tobacco-related disease: We coinsurance, coinsurance, cover two counseling quit attempts within a copayment, or copayment, or 12-month period as a preventive service with deductible for the deductible for the no cost to you. Each counseling attempt Medicare-covered Medicare-covered includes up to four face-to-face visits. smoking and smoking and tobacco use tobacco use If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed cessation preventive cessation preventive with a tobacco-related disease or are taking benefits. benefits. medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover cessation counseling services. We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period; however, you will pay the applicable cost sharing. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. Resources to Quit Smoking or Vaping \$0 copayment This service is not covered Learn how to stop smoking, vaping or Over-the-Counter out-of-network. ✓ chewing tobacco. UCare members can get (OTC) nicotine help at no charge to quit through the replacement therapy tobacco and nicotine quit line. Nicotine products (gum, lozenges, non-prescription patches) are available to

	What you must pay when you get	What you must pay when you get
Services that are covered for you	these services In-Network	these services Out-of-Network
Smoking and tobacco use cessation (counseling to stop smoking or tobacco use) (continued)		
patches, gum or lozenges are also available to eligible UCare members.	members who participate in the	
Get help to kick the habit from the comfort of your own home:	Tobacco and Nicotine Quit Line.	
• Call the Tobacco and Nicotine Quit Line at 1-855-260-9713 (this call is free) or TTY: 711(this call is free), available 24 hours a day, seven days a week		
• Visit <a href="http://www.myquitforlife.com/ucare">http://www.myquitforlife.com/ucare</a>		
Download the Rally Coach Quit For Life mobile app		
Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET)		
SET is covered for members who have symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD).	\$25 copayment for each Medicare-covered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered visit.
Up to 36 sessions over a 12-week period are covered if the SET program requirements are met.		
The SET program must:		
<ul> <li>Consist of sessions lasting 30-60 minutes, comprising a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in patients with claudication</li> <li>Be conducted in a hospital outpatient setting or a physician's office</li> <li>Be delivered by qualified auxiliary personnel necessary to ensure benefits</li> </ul>		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Supervised Exercise Therapy (SET) (continued)		
<ul> <li>exceed harms, and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD</li> <li>Be under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist who must be trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques</li> </ul>		
SET may be covered beyond 36 sessions over 12 weeks for an additional 36 sessions over an extended period of time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider.		
Support for caregivers		
Covers telephonic support sessions with a dedicated Caregiver Advisor through M Health Fairview's Caregiver Assurance program.	\$0 copayment	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
You can reach the Caregiver Assurance program at 612-672-7995 or caregiverassurance.com/ucare.		
UCare Wellness Advisor Program		
We cover six 60-minute sessions with a licensed mental health professional who offers support, counseling and resources to help manage your emotional wellness and improve overall health. Sessions can be in-person or on the phone.	\$0 copayment	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
You can reach the UCare Wellness Advisor Program at 612-672-7995 or www.wellbeingadvisor.org/ucare.		

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Urgently needed services		
Urgently needed services are provided to treat a non-emergency, unforeseen medical illness, injury, or condition that requires immediate medical care but given your circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers. If it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider, then your plan will cover the urgently needed services from a provider out-of-network. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary. Examples of urgently needed services that the plan must cover out of network occur if: You are temporarily outside the service area of the plan. and require medically needed immediate services for an unforeseen condition but it is not a medical emergency; or it is unreasonable given your circumstances to immediately obtain the medical care from a network provider. Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network.	\$45 copayment per visit. \$100 copayment for each worldwide urgent care visit. ✓	\$45 copayment per visit. \$100 copayment for each worldwide urgent care visit. ✓
Worldwide urgent care:  Worldwide urgent care applies to urgent care outside the United States and its territories.		
<ul> <li>Coverage includes:</li> <li>Urgently needed services that are medically necessary and immediately</li> </ul>		

#### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network Services that are covered for you **Urgently needed services (continued)** required as a result of an unforeseen illness, injury, or condition Transportation back to the United States or its territories is not covered. If you have urgently needed services outside of the U.S. and its territories, you may have to pay for those services upfront. If this happens, you then have to ask us to pay you back. Your provider may also choose to submit a claim on your behalf. Please refer to Chapter 7, Section 2 for information on how to get paid back for medical services. Virtual Care through M Health Fairview E-visits In addition to in-person doctor's office This service is not \$0 copayment for visits, you have access to unlimited visits each E-visit. covered out-ofthrough M Health Fairview E-visits. network. ✓ Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, without an appointment. Visit M Health Fairview E-visits at mychart.fairview.org/mychart or North Memorial Health at mychart.northmemorial.com/northmemorial. If you want care right away and are in the state of Minnesota, an M Health Fairview E-visit is a convenient option for you. Based on information you enter in the online assessment tool, a diagnosis and treatment plan are delivered from an M Health Fairview provider. A prescription will also be included, if your provider feels you need

medication.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Virtual Care through M Health Fairview E-visits (continued)		
You can either receive care from the provider on-call or from your existing M Health Fairview provider. E-visits with the on-call care team are usually answered within an hour, 24/7. E-visits with your M Health Fairview existing doctor are answered within one business day (visits over the weekend will be answered on Monday).		
Vision care		
Covered services include:		
Outpatient physician services for the diagnosis and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye, including treatment for age-related macular degeneration.  Original Medicare doesn't cover routine eye exams (eye refractions) for eyeglasses/contacts.	\$40 copayment for each Medicarecovered visit.	25% coinsurance for each Medicarecovered visit.
One routine vision (eye) examination and up to two refractions annually	\$0 copayment for one routine vision exam and up to two refractions annually.	This service is not covered out-of-network. ✓
• For people who are at high risk of glaucoma, we will cover one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma, people with diabetes, African Americans who are age 50 and older and Hispanic Americans who are 65 or older	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered glaucoma screening.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
Vision care (continued)		
For people with diabetes, screening for diabetic retinopathy is covered once per year	\$0 copayment for each Medicare-covered diabetic retinopathy exam.	25% coinsurance for each Medicare-covered diabetic retinopathy exam.
One pair of eyeglasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery that includes insertion of an intraocular lens (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.)	\$0 copayment for one pair of standard Medicare-covered eyeglasses or contact lenses. Progressive lenses, no-line bifocal or trifocal lenses, tinting (except for certain ultraviolet-screening coatings), scratch-resistant coatings, or oversized lenses are not covered unless required by Medicare coverage guidelines.	25% coinsurance for one pair of standard Medicare-covered eyeglasses or contact lenses. Progressive lenses, no-line bifocal or trifocal lenses, tinting (except for certain ultraviolet-screening coatings), scratch-resistant coatings, or oversized lenses are not covered unless required by Medicare coverage guidelines.
Annual eyewear allowance for prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses, from any eyewear provider, including:	\$100 benefit allowance per year (combined in and out-of-network).	\$100 benefit allowance per year (combined in and out-of-network).
<ul> <li>frames and/or lenses</li> <li>upgrades to existing prescriptions</li> <li>upgrades to Medicare-covered eyewear after cataract surgery</li> </ul>		
Your annual prescription eyewear allowance is loaded on your UCare		

#### What you must pay What you must pay when you get when you get these services these services In-Network Out-of-Network

#### Services that are covered for you



#### Vision care (continued)

Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card. You can use the UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card to pay for eyewear purchases up to the allowable amount at the eyewear retailer.

If you did not use the UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card by mistake, or the retailer does not accept the UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card, you may send your itemized eyewear receipt to UCare at:

#### **Attn: DMR Department**

**UCare** PO Box 52 Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052

If the receipt is accepted, a reimbursement check will be sent to the address on record and the amount in your UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card will be removed as redeemed from your UCare Healthy Benefits+ Visa® card.

#### **"**Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit

The plan covers the one-time Welcome to Medicare preventive visit. The visit includes a review of your health, as well as education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including certain screenings and shots), and referrals for other care if needed.

**Important:** We cover the Welcome to Medicare preventive visit only within the There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.

There is no coinsurance, copayment, or deductible for the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit.

Services that are covered for you	What you must pay when you get these services In-Network	What you must pay when you get these services Out-of-Network
"Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit (continued)		
first 12 months you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, let your doctor's office know you would like to schedule your Welcome to Medicare preventive visit.		25% coinsurance for a one-time Medicare-covered EKG screening if ordered as a result of your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. Please refer to the "Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies" section found in this Medical Benefits Chart for other EKGs.

#### Section 2.2 Point-of-Service benefit

Coverage is available for certain covered services provided by out-of-network providers and facilities under the Point-of-Service benefit. Services must be obtained within the United States and its territories. You cannot use out-of-network providers who have opted out of the Medicare program (see Chapter 11, Section 10 for more information about provider opt-out).

**Please note:** Medicare requires that renal (kidney) dialysis services you receive when you are temporarily outside the plan's service area be the same as in-network cost sharing. Dialysis services must be provided by a Medicare-certified dialysis facility. Medicare also requires that emergency care and urgently needed care be covered in-network and out-of-network. For applicable copayments, see the corresponding benefit descriptions in the Medical Benefits Chart in this Chapter 4.

#### Point-of-Service plan benefit maximum

Under the Point-of-Service benefit, there is a \$100,000 plan benefit maximum. After you reach this \$100,000 plan benefit maximum, you are responsible for any charges for benefits received from out-of-network providers.

The allowed amount depends on the provider's Medicare participating status. For out-of-network providers, the amount paid by UCare for services and supplies is the lesser of the provider's billed amount or the Medicare-allowed amount. **The Medicare-allowed amount** is dependent upon the provider's Medicare participating status.

- For providers who have an agreement with CMS to accept assignment, the allowed amount is the Medicare fee schedule.
- For providers who do not accept assignment, they are not required to accept the Medicare fee schedule amount as payment in full. They may charge a higher amount, which is called the Medicare limiting charge. The limiting charge is 115% of the Medicare fee schedule amount for those providers who accept assignment.

Balance billing by the provider for amounts above the maximum charge is not allowed.

Before getting services or items under this Point-of-Service benefit, you should ask the out-of-network provider or supplier whether or not he/she accepts assignment of Medicare benefits.

Your costs may be higher for non-Medicare-covered dental services performed by a dentist outside of the Delta Dental Medicare Advantage network (must be within the United States and its territories). You may also be responsible for submitting their dental claim to Delta Dental. If your provider is not able to submit your dental claim to Delta Dental on your behalf, you can submit your claim for reimbursement to:

Delta Dental of Minnesota PO Box 9120 Farmington Hills, MI 48333-9120

#### Accessing the Point-of-Service benefit

At the time of service, show your plan membership card. The out-of-network provider should send the bill to us at the address on the back of the card. You pay your portion of the bill at the time of service or when billed by the provider.

If you intend to use this benefit for inpatient hospitalization, we recommend you call Customer Service. (Phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet.)

Whenever a claim is processed for the Point-of-Service (POS) benefit, members receive an Explanation of Benefits (EOB) outlining the payment made for the POS service(s). Appeal rights are also sent with the EOB. The Point-of-Service benefit is subject to the same appeals process as any other benefit.

#### SECTION 3 What services are not covered by the plan?

#### Section 3.1 Services we do *not* cover (exclusions)

This section tells you what services are excluded from Medicare coverage and therefore, are not covered by this plan.

The chart below lists services and items that either are not covered under any condition or are covered only under specific conditions.

If you get services that are excluded (not covered), you must pay for them yourself except under the specific conditions listed below. Even if you receive the excluded services at an emergency facility, the excluded services are still not covered and our plan will not pay for them. The only exception is if the service is appealed and decided upon appeal to be a medical service that we should have paid for or covered because of your specific situation. (For information about appealing a decision we have made to not cover a medical service, go to Chapter 9, Section 5.3 in this document.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Acupuncture		Available for people with chronic low back pain under certain circumstances.
Cosmetic surgery or procedures		<ul> <li>Covered in cases of an accidental injury or for improvement of the functioning of a malformed body member.</li> <li>Covered for all stages of reconstruction for a breast after a mastectomy, as well as for the unaffected breast to produce a symmetrical appearance.</li> </ul>

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Custodial care  Custodial care is personal care that does not require the continuing attention of trained medical or paramedical personnel, such as care that helps you with activities of daily living, such as bathing or dressing.	Not covered under any condition	
Experimental medical and surgical procedures, equipment and medications  Experimental procedures and items are those items and procedures determined by Original Medicare to not be generally accepted by the medical community.		May be covered by     Original Medicare     under a     Medicare-approved     clinical research study     or by our plan.     (Refer to Chapter 3,     Section 5 for more     information on clinical     research studies.)
Fees charged for care by your immediate relatives or members of your household	Not covered under any condition	
Full-time nursing care in your home	Not covered under any condition	
Home-delivered meals		For members with congestive heart failure who have been discharged from the hospital. (See Help with Certain Chronic Conditions in Medical Benefits Chart.)

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Homemaker services include basic household assistance, such as light housekeeping or light meal preparation.	Not covered under any condition	
Naturopath services (uses natural or alternative treatments)	Not covered under any condition	
Non-routine dental care		Dental care required to treat illness or injury may be covered as inpatient or outpatient care.
Orthopedic shoes or supportive devices for the feet		Shoes that are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost of the brace. Orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease.
Personal items in your room at a hospital or a skilled nursing facility, such as a telephone or a television	Not covered under any condition	
Private room in a hospital		Covered only when medically necessary.
Routine eye examinations, eyeglasses, radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low vision aids		Eye exam and one pair of eyeglasses (or contact lenses) are covered for people after cataract surgery.

Services not covered by Medicare	Not covered under any condition	Covered only under specific conditions
Reversal of sterilization procedures and or non-prescription contraceptive supplies	Not covered under any condition	
Routine chiropractic care		Manual manipulation of the spine to correct a subluxation is covered.
Routine foot care		Some limited coverage provided according to Medicare guidelines (e.g., if you have diabetes).
Services considered not reasonable and necessary, according to Original Medicare standards	Not covered under any condition	

# CHAPTER 5 Using the plan's coverage for Part D prescription drugs

#### **SECTION 1** Introduction

This chapter **explains rules for using your coverage for Part D drugs**. Please see Chapter 4 for Medicare Part B drug benefits and hospice drug benefits.

#### Section 1.1 Basic rules for the plan's Medicare Part D drug coverage

The plan will generally cover your drugs as long as you follow these basic rules:

- You must have a provider (a doctor, dentist or other prescriber) write you a prescription which must be valid under applicable state law.
- Your prescriber must not be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists.
- You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. (Refer to Section 2, *Fill your prescriptions at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service*.)
- Your drug must be on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* (we call it the "Drug List" for short). (Refer to Section 3, *Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List."*)
- Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted
  indication is a use of the drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug
  Administration or supported by certain reference. (Refer to Section 3 for more
  information about a medically accepted indication.)

## SECTION 2 Fill your prescription at a network pharmacy or through the plan's mail-order service

#### Section 2.1 Use a network pharmacy

In most cases, your prescriptions are covered *only* if they are filled at the plan's network pharmacies. (Refer to Section 2.5 for information about when we would cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies.)

A network pharmacy is a pharmacy that has a contract with the plan to provide your covered prescription drugs. The term covered drugs means all of the Part D prescription drugs that are on the plan's "Drug List."

#### Section 2.2 Network pharmacies

#### How do you find a network pharmacy in your area?

To find a network pharmacy, you can look in your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website (**ucare.org/searchnetwork**) and/or call Customer Service.

You may go to any of our network pharmacies.

#### What if the pharmacy you have been using leaves the network?

If the pharmacy you have been using leaves the plan's network, you will have to find a new pharmacy that is in the network. To find another pharmacy in your area, you can get help from Customer Service or use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*. You can also find information on our website at **ucare.org/searchnetwork**.

#### What if you need a specialized pharmacy?

Some prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy. A home infusion pharmacy supplies the drugs for home infusion therapy, but does not administer the therapy. Our plan will cover drugs for home infusion therapy if:
  - Your prescription drug is on the plan's Drug List or a formulary exception has been granted for your prescription drug.
  - Your prescription is written by an authorized prescriber.

Please refer to your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find a home infusion pharmacy in your area. For more information, contact Customer Service.

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care (LTC) facility. Usually, a LTC facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Medicare Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies, which is typically the pharmacy that the LTC facility uses. If you have any difficulty accessing your Part D benefits in an LTC facility, please contact Customer Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service / Tribal / Urban Indian Health Program (not available in Puerto Rico). Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives have access to these pharmacies in our network.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To locate a specialized pharmacy, look in your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* or call Customer Service.

#### Section 2.3 Using the plan's mail-order service

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 100-day supply.

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail, call Customer Service or contact Costco Mail Order Pharmacy at 1-800-607-6861 (this call is free). TTY users call 711 (this call is free). You may also visit <u>pharmacy.costco.com</u> and click on "Get Started" to setup an account and complete the patient profile to begin filling prescriptions.

Usually, a mail-order pharmacy order will be delivered to you in no more than 14 days. However, sometimes your mail-order may be delayed. If your mail-order is delayed, call Customer Service to find out how to fill your prescription.

#### New prescriptions the pharmacy receives directly from your doctor's office.

After the pharmacy receives a prescription from a health care provider, it will contact you to see if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time. It is important that you respond each time you are contacted by the pharmacy, to let them know whether to ship, delay, or stop the new prescription.

#### Refills on mail-order prescriptions.

For refills, please contact your pharmacy 14 days before your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in time.

#### Section 2.4 How can you get a long-term supply of drugs?

When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your cost sharing may be lower. The plan offers two ways to get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply) of maintenance drugs on our plan's "Drug List." (Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition.)

- 1. Some retail pharmacies in our network allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies in our network can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. You can also call Customer Service for more information.
- 2. You may also receive maintenance drugs through our mail-order program. Please see Section 2.3 for more information.

## Section 2.5 When can you use a pharmacy that is not in the plan's network?

#### Your prescription may be covered in certain situations

Generally, we cover drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy *only* when you are not able to use a network pharmacy. To help you, we have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. **Please check first with Customer Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. You will most likely be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

Here are the circumstances when we would cover prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy:

- 1. In case of a medical emergency.
  - We will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if the prescriptions are related to care for a medical emergency or urgently needed care.
- 2. Other situations.

We will cover your prescription at an out-of-network pharmacy if at least one of the following applies:

- If you are unable to get a covered drug in a timely manner within our service area because there are no network pharmacies within a reasonable driving distance that provide 24-hour service.
- If you are trying to fill a covered prescription drug that is not regularly stocked at an
  eligible network retail or mail-order pharmacy. (These drugs include orphan drugs or
  other specialty pharmaceuticals.)
- If you are traveling within the U.S., but outside the service area, and you become ill, lose or run out of your prescription drugs, we will cover prescriptions that are filled at an out-of-network pharmacy if you follow all other coverage rules and a network pharmacy is not available. We cannot pay for any prescriptions that are filled outside the U.S., even for a medical emergency.

If the Governor of Minnesota, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the President of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to coverage. Please visit **ucare.org/important-coverage-information** for important information about coverage during a declared disaster.

#### How do you ask for reimbursement from the plan?

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you will generally have to pay the full cost (rather than your normal share of the cost share) at the time you fill your prescription. You can ask us

to reimburse you for our share of the cost. (Chapter 7, Section 2 explains how to ask the plan to pay you back.)

#### SECTION 3 Your drugs need to be on the plan's "Drug List"

## Section 3.1 The "Drug List" tells which Medicare Part D drugs are covered

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. In this *Evidence of Coverage*, **we call it the** "**Drug List**" for short.

The drugs on this list are selected by the plan with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The list meets Medicare's requirements and has been approved by Medicare.

The drugs on the "Drug List" are only those covered under Medicare Part D.

We will generally cover a drug on the plan's "Drug List" as long as you follow the other coverage rules explained in this chapter and the use of the drug is a medically accepted indication. A medically accepted indication is a use of the drug that is *either*:

- Approved by the Food and Drug Administration for the diagnosis or condition for which it is being prescribed.
- -- *or* -- Supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System.

The "Drug List" includes brand name drugs, generic drugs and biosimilars.

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Brand name drugs that are more complex than typical drugs (for example, drugs that are based on a protein) are called biological products. On the "Drug List," when we refer to drugs, this could mean a drug or a biological product.

A generic drug is a prescription drug that has the same active ingredients as the brand name drug. Since biological products are more complex than typical drugs, instead of having a generic form, they have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generics and biosimilars work just as well as the brand name drug or biological product and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs. There are biosimilar alternatives for some biological products.

#### What is not on the "Drug List?"

The plan does not cover all prescription drugs.

• In some cases, the law does not allow any Medicare plan to cover certain types of drugs (for more information about this, refer to Section 7.1 in this chapter).

• In other cases, we have decided not to include a particular drug on the "Drug List." In some cases, you may be able to obtain a drug that is not on the "Drug List." For more information, please see Chapter 9.

#### Section 3.2 There are five cost-sharing tiers for drugs on the "Drug List"

Every drug on the plan's "Drug List" is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Cost-sharing Tier 1 Preferred generic drugs (lowest tier)
- Cost-sharing Tier 2 Generic drugs
- Cost-sharing Tier 3 Preferred brand drugs
- Cost-sharing Tier 4 Non-preferred drugs
- Cost-sharing Tier 5 Specialty tier (highest tier)

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's "Drug List."

The amount you pay for drugs in each cost-sharing tier is shown in Chapter 6 (*What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs*).

#### Section 3.3 How can you find out if a specific drug is on the "Drug List"?

You have four ways to find out:

- 1. Check the most recent "Drug List" we provided electronically.
- 2. Visit the plan's website (**ucare.org/medicare-druglist**). The "Drug List" on the website is always the most current.
- 3. Call Customer Service to find out if a particular drug is on the plan's "Drug List" or to ask for a copy of the list.
- 4. Use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" (by logging into your UCare Member Online Account at **member.ucare.org** and selecting Pharmacy Benefits or by calling Customer Service). With this tool you can search for drugs on the "Drug List" to see an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the "Drug List" that could treat the same condition.

#### SECTION 4 There are restrictions on coverage for some drugs

#### Section 4.1 Why do some drugs have restrictions?

For certain prescription drugs, special rules restrict how and when the plan covers them. A team of doctors and pharmacists developed these rules to encourage you and your provider to use drugs in the most effective ways. To find out if any of these restrictions apply to a drug you take or want to take, check the "Drug List." If a safe, lower-cost drug will work just as well medically as a higher-cost drug, the plan's rules are designed to encourage you and your provider to use that lower-cost option.

Please note that sometimes a drug may appear more than once on our "Drug list." This is because the same drugs can differ based on the strength, amount, or form of the drug prescribed by your health care provider, and different restrictions or cost sharing may apply to the different versions of the drug (for instance, 10 mg versus 100 mg; one per day versus two per day; tablet versus liquid).

#### Section 4.2 What kinds of restrictions?

The sections below tell you more about the types of restrictions we use for certain drugs.

If there is a restriction for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider will have to take extra steps in order for us to cover the drug. Contact Customer Service to learn what you or your provider would need to do to get coverage for the drug. If you want us to waive the restriction for you, you will need to use the coverage decision process and ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to waive the restriction for you. (See Chapter 9)

## Restricting brand name drugs or original biological products when a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version is available

Generally, a "generic" drug or interchangeable biosimilar works the same as a brand name drug or original biological products and usually costs less. In most cases, when a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version of a brand name drug or original biological products is available, our network pharmacies will provide you the generic or interchangeable biosimilar version instead of the brand name drug or original biological products. However, if your provider has told us the medical reason that neither the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar nor other covered drugs that treat the same condition will work for you, then we will cover the brand name drug or original biological products. (Your share of the cost may be greater for the brand name drug or original biological products than for the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar.)

#### Getting plan approval in advance

For certain drugs, you or your provider need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you. This is called **prior authorization**. This is put in place to ensure

medication safety and help guide appropriate use of certain drugs. If you do not get this approval, your drug might not be covered by the plan.

#### Trying a different drug first

This requirement encourages you to try less costly but usually just as effective drugs before the plan covers another drug. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, the plan may require you to try Drug A first. If Drug A does not work for you, the plan will then cover Drug B. This requirement to try a different drug first is called **step therapy**.

#### **Quantity limits**

For certain drugs, we limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription. For example, if it is normally considered safe to take only one pill per day for a certain drug, we may limit coverage for your prescription to no more than one pill per day.

## SECTION 5 What if one of your drugs is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered?

## Section 5.1 There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way you'd like it to be covered

There are situations where there is a prescription drug you are taking, or one that you and your provider think you should be taking, that is not on our formulary or is on our formulary with restrictions. For example:

- The drug might not be covered at all. Or maybe a generic version of the drug is covered but the brand name version you want to take is not covered.
- The drug is covered, but there are extra rules or restrictions on coverage for that drug, as explained in Section 4.
- The drug is covered, but it is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost sharing more expensive than you think it should be.
- There are things you can do if your drug is not covered in the way that you'd like it to be covered. If your drug is not on the "Drug List" or if your drug is restricted, go to Section 5.2 to learn what you can do.
- If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier that makes your cost more expensive than you think it should be, go to Section 5.3 to learn what you can do.

## Section 5.2 What can you do if your drug is not on the "Drug List" or if the drug is restricted in some way?

If your drug is not on the "Drug List" or is restricted, here are options:

- You may be able to get a temporary supply of the drug.
- You can change to another drug.
- You can request an exception and ask the plan to cover the drug or remove restrictions from the drug.

#### You may be able to get a temporary supply

Under certain circumstances, the plan must provide a temporary supply of a drug that you are already taking. This temporary supply gives you time to talk with your provider about the change in coverage and decide what to do.

To be eligible for a temporary supply, the drug you have been taking **must no longer be on the** plan's "Drug List" OR is now restricted in some way.

- If you are a new member, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in the plan.
- If you were in the plan last year, we will cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
- This temporary supply will be for a maximum of 30 days at a retail pharmacy and 31 days from a long-term care (LTC) pharmacy. If your prescription is written for fewer days, we will allow multiple fills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days at a retail pharmacy and 31 days from a long-term care (LTC) pharmacy of medication. The prescription must be filled at a network pharmacy. (Please note that the long-term care pharmacy may provide the drug in smaller amounts at a time to prevent waste.)
- For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and reside in a long-term care facility and need a supply right away:
  - We will cover one 31-day emergency supply of a particular drug, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. This is in addition to the above temporary supply.
- For those who are a current member of the plan and transitioning to a different level of care:

We will cover one 31-day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days. If you are a current member, admitted or discharged from a long-term care facility, you will be allowed "refill-too-soon" overrides to ensure that you have access to an adequate supply of your medications.

For questions about a temporary supply, call Customer Service.

During the time when you are using a temporary supply of a drug, you should talk with your provider to decide what to do when your temporary supply runs out. You have two options:

#### 1) You can change to another drug

Talk with your provider about whether there is a different drug covered by the plan that may work just as well for you. You can call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

#### 2) You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug in the way you would like it covered. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception. For example, you can ask the plan to cover a drug even though it is not on the plan's "Drug List." Or you can ask the plan to make an exception and cover the drug without restrictions.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells you what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

## Section 5.3 What can you do if your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high?

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, here are things you can do:

#### You can change to another drug

If your drug is in a cost-sharing tier you think is too high, talk to your provider. There may be a different drug in a lower cost-sharing tier that might work just as well for you. Call Customer Service to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition. This list can help your provider find a covered drug that might work for you.

#### You can ask for an exception

You and your provider can ask the plan to make an exception in the cost-sharing tier for the drug so that you pay less for it. If your provider says that you have medical reasons that justify asking us for an exception, your provider can help you request an exception to the rule.

If you and your provider want to ask for an exception, Chapter 9, Section 6.4 tells what to do. It explains the procedures and deadlines that have been set by Medicare to make sure your request is handled promptly and fairly.

Drugs in our Tier 5 – Specialty Tier are not eligible for this type of exception. We do not lower the cost-sharing amount for drugs in this tier.

#### SECTION 6 What if your coverage changes for one of your drugs?

#### Section 6.1 The "Drug List" can change during the year

Most of the changes in drug coverage happen at the beginning of each year (January 1). However, during the year, the plan can make some changes to the "Drug List." For example, the plan might:

- Add or remove drugs from the "Drug List."
- Move a drug to a higher or lower cost-sharing tier.
- Add or remove a restriction on coverage for a drug.
- Replace a brand name drug with a generic version of the drug.
- Replace an original biological product with an interchangeable biosimilar version of the biological product.

We must follow Medicare requirements before we change the plan's Drug List.

## Section 6.2 What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

#### Information on changes to drug coverage

When changes to the "Drug List" occur, we post information on our website about those changes. We also update our online "Drug List" on a regularly scheduled basis. Below we point out the times that you would get direct notice if changes are made to a drug that you are taking.

#### Changes to your drug coverage that affect you during the current plan year

- A new generic drug replaces a brand name drug on the "Drug List" (or we change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both)
  - We may immediately remove a brand name drug on our "Drug List" if we are replacing it with a newly approved generic version of the same drug. The generic drug will appear on the same or lower cost-sharing tier and with the same or fewer restrictions. We may decide to keep the brand name drug on our "Drug List," but immediately move it to a higher cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions or both when the new generic is added.
  - We may not tell you in advance before we make that change—even if you are currently taking the brand name drug. If you are taking the brand name drug at the time we make the change, we will provide you with information about the specific change(s). This will also include information on the steps you may take to request an

exception to cover the brand name drug. You may not get this notice before we make the change.

 You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the brand name drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, refer to Chapter 9.

#### Unsafe drugs and other drugs on the "Drug List" that are withdrawn from the market

- Sometimes a drug may be deemed unsafe or taken off the market for another reason. If this happens, we may immediately remove the drug from the "Drug List." If you are taking that drug, we will tell you right away.
- Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition.

#### Other changes to drugs on the "Drug List"

- We may make other changes once the year has started that affect drugs you are taking. For example, we might add a generic drug that is not new to the market to replace a brand name drug on the "Drug List" or change the cost-sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both. We also might make changes based on FDA boxed warnings or new clinical guidelines recognized by Medicare.
- For these changes, we must give you at least 30 days' advance notice of the change or give you notice of the change and a 30-day refill of the drug you are taking at a network pharmacy.
- After you receive notice of the change, you should work with your prescriber to switch to a different drug that we cover to satisfy any new restrictions on the drug you are taking.
- You or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception and continue to cover the drug for you. For information on how to ask for an exception, refer to Chapter 9.

#### Changes to the "Drug List" that do not affect you during this plan year

We may make certain changes to the "Drug List" that are not described above. In these cases, the change will not apply to you if you are taking the drug when the change is made; however, these changes will likely affect you starting January 1 of the next plan year if you stay in the same plan.

In general, changes that will not affect you during the current plan year are:

- We move your drug into a higher cost-sharing tier.
- We put a new restriction on your use of the drug.

We remove your drug from the "Drug List."

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for market withdrawal, a generic drug replacing a brand name drug, or other change noted in the sections above), then the change won't affect your use or what you pay as your share of the cost until January 1 of the next year. Until that date, you probably won't find any increase in your payments or any added restrictions to your use of the drug.

We will not tell you about these types of changes directly during the current plan year. You will need to check the "Drug List" for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes to the drugs you are taking that will impact you during the next plan year.

#### SECTION 7 What types of drugs are *not* covered by the plan?

#### Section 7.1 Types of drugs we do not cover

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are excluded. This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs.

If you get drugs that are excluded, you must pay for them yourself. If you appeal and the requested drug is found not to be excluded under Part D, we will pay for or cover it. (For information about appealing a decision, go to Chapter 9.)

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Medicare Part D:

- Our plan's Medicare Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part B.
- Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- Our plan usually cannot cover off-label use. Off-label use is any use of the drug other than those indicated on a drug's label as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
- Coverage for off-label use is allowed only when the use is supported by certain references, such as the American Hospital Formulary Service Drug Information and the DRUGDEX Information System.

In addition, by law, the following categories of drugs are not covered by Medicare drug plans:

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used to promote fertility
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms

- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for treatment of anorexia, weight loss, or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs for which the manufacturer seeks to require that associated tests or monitoring services be purchased exclusively from the manufacturer as a condition of sale

If you are **receiving "Extra Help"** to pay for your prescriptions, the "Extra Help" program will not pay for the drugs not normally covered. However, if you have drug coverage through Medicaid, your state Medicaid program may cover some prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare drug plan. Please contact your state Medicaid program to determine what drug coverage may be available to you. (You can find phone numbers and contact information for Medicaid in Chapter 2, Section 6.)

#### **SECTION 8** Filling a prescription

#### Section 8.1 Provide your membership information

To fill your prescription, provide your plan membership information, which can be found on your membership card, at the network pharmacy you choose. The network pharmacy will automatically bill the plan for *our* share of your drug cost. You will need to pay the pharmacy *your* share of the cost when you pick up your prescription.

### Section 8.2 What if you don't have your membership information with you?

If you don't have your plan membership information with you when you fill your prescription, you or the pharmacy can call the plan to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy is not able to get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. (You can then ask us to reimburse you for our share. Refer to Chapter 7, Section 2 for information about how to ask the plan for reimbursement.)

#### SECTION 9 Medicare Part D drug coverage in special situations

### Section 9.1 What if you're in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that is covered by the plan?

If you are admitted to a hospital or to a skilled nursing facility for a stay covered by the plan, we will generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, the plan will cover your prescription drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our rules for coverage described in this Chapter.

#### Section 9.2 What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility?

Usually, a long-term care (LTC) facility (such as a nursing home) has its own pharmacy, or uses a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of its residents. If you are a resident of an LTC facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy or the one it uses, as long as it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your LTC facility's pharmacy or the one that it uses is part of our network. If it isn't, or if you need more information or assistance, please contact Customer Service. If you are in an LTC facility, we must ensure that you are able to routinely receive your Part D benefits through our network of LTC pharmacies.

#### What if you're a resident in a long-term care (LTC) facility and need a drug that is not on our "Drug List" or is restricted in some way?

Please refer to Section 5.2 about a temporary or emergency supply.

### Section 9.3 What if you're also getting drug coverage from an employer or retiree group plan?

If you currently have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator.** He or she can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

In general, if you have employee or retiree group coverage, the drug coverage you get from us will be *secondary* to your group coverage. That means your group coverage would pay first.

#### Special note about creditable coverage:

Each year your employer or retiree group should send you a notice that tells if your prescription drug coverage for the next calendar year is creditable.

If the coverage from the group plan is creditable, it means that the plan has drug coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage.

Keep this notice about creditable coverage because you may need it later. If you enroll in a Medicare plan that includes Medicare Part D drug coverage, you may need this notice to show that you have maintained creditable coverage. If you didn't get the creditable coverage notice, request a copy from your employer or retiree plan's benefits administrator or the employer or union.

#### Section 9.4 What if you're in Medicare-certified hospice?

Hospice and our plan do not cover the same drug at the same time. If you are enrolled in Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., anti-nausea drugs, laxative, pain medication or anti-anxiety drugs) that are not covered by your hospice because it is unrelated to your terminal illness and related conditions, our plan must receive notification from either the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before our plan can cover the drug. To prevent delays in receiving these drugs that should be covered by our plan, ask your hospice provider or prescriber to provide notification before your prescription is filled.

In the event you either revoke your hospice election or are discharged from hospice, our plan should cover your drugs as explained in this document. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, bring documentation to the pharmacy to verify your revocation or discharge.

#### SECTION 10 Programs on drug safety and managing medications

#### Section 10.1 Programs to help members use drugs safely

We conduct drug use reviews for our members to help make sure that they are getting safe and appropriate care.

We do a review each time you fill a prescription. We also review our records on a regular basis. During these reviews, we look for potential problems such as:

- Possible medication errors
- Drugs that may not be necessary because you are taking another drug to treat the same condition
- Drugs that may not be safe or appropriate because of your age or gender
- Certain combinations of drugs that could harm you if taken at the same time
- Prescriptions for drugs that have ingredients you are allergic to

- Possible errors in the amount (dosage) of a drug you are taking
- Unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we find a possible problem in your use of medications, we will work with your provider to correct the problem.

### Section 10.2 Drug Management Program (DMP) to help members safely use their opioid medications

We have a program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP). If you use opioid medications that you get from several doctors or pharmacies, or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your doctors to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your doctors, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications may not be safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. If we place you in our DMP, the limitations may be:

- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain pharmacy(ies)
- Requiring you to get all your prescriptions for opioid or benzodiazepine medications from a certain doctor(s)
- Limiting the amount of opioid or benzodiazepine medications we will cover for you

If we plan on limiting how you may get these medications or how much you can get, we will send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific doctor or pharmacy. You will have an opportunity to tell us which doctors or pharmacies you prefer to use, and about any other information you think is important for us to know. After you've had the opportunity to respond, if we decide to limit your coverage for these medications, we will send you another letter confirming the limitation. If you think we made a mistake or you disagree with our decision or with the limitation, you and your prescriber have the right to appeal. If you appeal, we will review your case and give you a new decision. If we continue to deny any part of your request related to the limitations that apply to your access to medications, we will automatically send your case to an independent reviewer outside of our plan. See Chapter 9 for information about how to ask for an appeal.

You will not be placed in our DMP if you have certain medical conditions, such as active cancer-related pain or sickle cell disease, you are receiving hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or live in a long-term care facility.

### Section 10.3 Medication Therapy Management (MTM) and other programs to help members manage their medications

We have programs that can help our members with complex health needs. One program is called a Medication Therapy Management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. A team of pharmacists and doctors developed the program for us to help make sure that our members get the most benefit from the drugs they take.

Some members who take medications for different medical conditions and have high drug costs, or are in a DMP to help members use their opioids safely, may be able to get services through an MTM program. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all your medications. During the review, you can talk about your medications, your costs, and any problems or questions you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medications. You'll get a written summary which has a recommended to-do list that includes steps you should take to get the best results from your medications. You'll also get a medication list that will include all the medications you're taking, how much you take, and when and why you take them. In addition, members in the MTM program will receive information on the safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your doctor about your recommended to-do list and medication list. Bring the summary with you to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers. Also, keep your medication list up to date and with you (for example, with your ID) in case you go to the hospital or emergency room.

If we have a program that fits your needs, we will automatically enroll you in the program and send you information. If you decide not to participate, please notify us and we will withdraw you. If you have any questions about these programs, please contact Customer Service.

# CHAPTER 6 What you pay for your Part D prescription drugs

#### Are you currently getting help to pay for your drugs?

If you are in a program that helps pay for your drugs, **some information in this** *Evidence of Coverage* **about the costs for Medicare Part D prescription drugs may not apply to you.** We sent you a separate insert, called the *Evidence of Coverage* Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs (also known as the Low Income Subsidy Rider or the LIS Rider), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Customer Service and ask for the LIS Rider.

#### **SECTION 1** Introduction

### Section 1.1 Use this chapter together with other materials that explain your drug coverage

This chapter focuses on what you pay for Part D prescription drugs. To keep things simple, we use "drug" in this chapter to mean a Part D prescription drug. As explained in Chapter 5, not all drugs are Medicare Part D drugs – some drugs are covered under Medicare Part A or Part B and other drugs are excluded from Medicare coverage by law.

To understand the payment information, you need to know what drugs are covered, where to fill your prescriptions, and what rules to follow when you get your covered drugs. Chapter 5, Sections 1 through 4 explain these rules. When you use the plan's "Real-Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (see Chapter 5, Section 3.3), the cost shown is provided in "real time" meaning the cost you see in the tool reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-of-pocket costs you are expected to pay. You can also obtain information provided by the "Real-Time Benefit Tool" by calling Customer Service.

#### Section 1.2 Types of out-of-pocket costs you may pay for covered drugs

There are different types of out-of-pocket costs for Part D drugs. The amount that you pay for a drug is called **cost sharing** and there are three ways you may be asked to pay.

- **Deductible** is the amount you pay for drugs before our plan begins to pay its share.
- **Copayment** is a fixed amount you pay each time you fill a prescription.
- Coinsurance is a percentage of the total cost you pay each time you fill a prescription.

#### Section 1.3 How Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does not count as your out-of-pocket costs.

Here are the rules we must follow to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs.

#### These payments <u>are included</u> in your out-of-pocket costs

<u>Your out-of-pocket costs include</u> the payments listed below (as long as they are for Part D covered drugs and you followed the rules for drug coverage that are explained in Chapter 5):

- The amount you pay for drugs when you are in any of the following drug payment stages:
  - The Deductible Stage
  - The Initial Coverage Stage
  - The Coverage Gap Stage
- Any payments you made during this calendar year as a member of a different Medicare prescription drug plan before you joined our plan

#### It matters who pays:

- If you make these payments **yourself**, they are included in your out-of-pocket costs.
- These payments are *also included* if they are made on your behalf by **certain other individuals or organizations**. This includes payments for your drugs made by a friend or relative, by most charities, by AIDS drug assistance programs, or by the Indian Health Service. Payments made by Medicare's "Extra Help" Program are also included.
- Some payments made by the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program are included in your out-of-pocket costs. The amount the manufacturer pays for your brand name drugs is included. But the amount the plan pays for your generic drugs is not included.

#### Moving on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage:

When you (or those paying on your behalf) have spent a total of \$8,000 in out-of-pocket costs within the calendar year, you will move from the Coverage Gap Stage to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

#### These payments are not included in your out-of-pocket costs

Your out-of-pocket costs, **do not include** any of these types of payments:

- Your monthly premium.
- Drugs you buy outside the United States and its territories.
- Drugs that are not covered by our plan.
- Drugs you get at an out-of-network pharmacy that do not meet the plan's requirements for out-of-network coverage.

- Non-Medicare Part D drugs, including prescription drugs covered by Part A or Part B and other drugs excluded from coverage by Medicare.
- Payments you make toward prescription drugs not normally covered in a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan.
- Payments made by the plan for your brand or generic drugs while in the Coverage Gap.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by group health plans including employer health plans.
- Payments for your drugs that are made by certain insurance plans and government-funded health programs such as TRICARE and Veterans Affairs.
- Payments for your drugs made by a third-party with a legal obligation to pay for prescription costs (for example, Workers' Compensation).

*Reminder:* If any other organization such as the ones listed above pays part or all of your out-of-pocket costs for drugs, you are required to tell our plan by calling Customer Service.

#### How can you keep track of your out-of-pocket total?

- We will help you. The Part D Explanation of Benefits (EOB) report you receive includes the current amount of your out-of-pocket costs. When this amount reaches \$8,000, this report will tell you that you have left the Coverage Gap Stage and have moved on to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.
- Make sure we have the information we need. Section 3.2 tells what you can do to help
  make sure that our records of what you have spent are complete and up to date.

### SECTION 2 What you pay for a drug depends on which drug payment stage you are in when you get the drug

### Section 2.1 What are the drug payment stages for Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial members?

There are four **drug payment stages** for your prescription drug coverage under Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial. How much you pay depends on what stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. Details of each stage are in Sections 4 through 7 of this chapter. The stages are:

**Stage 1: Yearly Deductible Stage** 

**Stage 2: Initial Coverage Stage** 

**Stage 3: Coverage Gap Stage** 

**Stage 4: Catastrophic Coverage Stage** 

### SECTION 3 We send you reports that explain payments for your drugs and which payment stage you are in

### Section 3.1 We send you a monthly summary called the "Part D Explanation of Benefits" (the Part D EOB)

Our plan keeps track of the costs of your prescription drugs and the payments you have made when you get your prescriptions filled or refilled at the pharmacy. This way, we can tell you when you have moved from one drug payment stage to the next. In particular, there are two types of costs we keep track of:

- We keep track of how much you have paid. This is called your **out-of-pocket Cost**.
- We keep track of your **Total Drug Costs**. This is the amount you pay out-of-pocket or others pay on your behalf plus the amount paid by the plan.

If you have had one or more prescriptions filled through the plan during the previous month, we will send you a Part D EOB. The Part D EOB includes:

- Information for that month. This report gives the payment details about the prescriptions you have filled during the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what the plan paid, and what you and others on your behalf paid.
- **Totals for the year since January 1**. This is called year-to-date information. It shows the total drug costs and total payments for your drugs since the year began.
- **Drug price information.** This information will display the total drug price, and information about increases in price from first fill for each prescription claim of the same quantity.
- Available lower cost alternative prescriptions. This will include information about other available drugs with lower cost sharing for each prescription claim.

### Section 3.2 Help us keep our information about your drug payments up to date

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make for drugs, we use records we get from pharmacies. Here is how you can help us keep your information correct and up to date:

• Show your membership card when you get a prescription filled. This helps us make sure we know about the prescriptions you are filling and what you are paying.

- Make sure we have the information we need. There are times you may pay for the entire cost of a prescription drug. In these cases, we will not automatically get the information we need to keep track of your out-of-pocket costs. To help us keep track of your out-of-pocket costs, give us copies of your receipts. Here are examples of when you should give us copies of your drug receipts:
  - When you purchase a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit.
  - When you made a copayment for drugs that are provided under a drug manufacturer patient assistance program.
  - Any time you have purchased covered drugs at out-of-network pharmacies or other times you have paid the full price for a covered drug under special circumstances.
  - If you are billed for a covered drug, you can ask our plan to pay our share of the cost. For instructions on how to do this go to Chapter 7, Section 2.
- Send us information about the payments others have made for you. Payments made by certain other individuals and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. Keep a record of these payments and send them to us so we can track your costs.
- Check the written report we send you. When you receive the Part D EOB, look it over to be sure the information is complete and correct. If you think something is missing from the report, or you have any questions, please call Customer Service. You may also review your Part D EOB by logging into your UCare Member Online Account at member.ucare.org and viewing your monthly Part D EOB in the Document library. Be sure to keep these reports.

### SECTION 4 During the Deductible Stage, you pay the full cost of your Tier 3 through Tier 5 drugs

The Deductible Stage is the first payment stage for your drug coverage. You will pay a yearly deductible of \$295 on Tier 3 through Tier 5 drugs. You must pay the full cost of your Tier 3 through Tier 5 drugs until you reach the plan's deductible amount. The deductible doesn't apply to covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus and travel vaccines. For all other drugs, you will not have to pay any deductible. The full cost is usually lower than the normal full price of the drug since our plan has negotiated lower costs for most drugs at network pharmacies.

Once you have paid \$295 for your Tier 3 through Tier 5 drugs, you leave the Deductible Stage and move on to the Initial Coverage Stage.

### SECTION 5 During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of your drug costs and you pay your share

### Section 5.1 What you pay for a drug depends on the drug and where you fill your prescription

During the Initial Coverage Stage, the plan pays its share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share (your copayment or coinsurance amount). Your share of the cost will vary depending on the drug and where you fill your prescription.

#### The plan has five cost-sharing tiers

Every drug on the plan's "Drug List" is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier number, the higher your cost for the drug:

- Cost-sharing Tier 1 Preferred generic drugs (lowest tier)
- Cost-sharing Tier 2 Generic drugs
- Cost-sharing Tier 3 Preferred brand drugs
   You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.
- Cost-sharing Tier 4 Non-preferred drugs
   You pay \$35 per month supply of each covered insulin product on this tier.
- Cost-sharing Tier 5 Specialty Tier (highest tier)

To find out which cost-sharing tier your drug is in, look it up in the plan's Drug List.

#### Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- A network retail pharmacy
- A pharmacy that is not in the plan's network. We cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies in only limited situations. Please see Chapter 5, Section 2.5 to find out when we will cover a prescription filled at an out-of-network pharmacy.
- The plan's mail-order pharmacy

For more information about these pharmacy choices and filling your prescriptions, refer to Chapter 5 and the plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

### Section 5.2 A table that shows your costs for a *one-month* supply of a drug

During the Initial Coverage Stage, your share of the cost of a covered drug will be either a copayment or coinsurance.

As shown in the table below, the amount of the copayment or coinsurance depends on the cost-sharing tier.

Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment or coinsurance. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment or coinsurance.

#### Your share of the cost when you get a *one-month* supply of a covered Medicare Part D prescription drug:

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Mail-order cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; refer to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 29-day supply)
Cost-sharing Tier 1 (Preferred generic drugs)	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment
Cost-sharing Tier 2 (Generic drugs)	\$15 copayment	\$15 copayment	\$15 copayment	\$15 copayment

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 30-day supply)	Mail-order cost sharing (up to a 30-day supply)	Long-term care (LTC) cost sharing (up to a 31-day supply)	Out-of-network cost sharing (Coverage is limited to certain situations; refer to Chapter 5 for details.) (up to a 29-day supply)
Cost-sharing Tier 3 (Preferred brand drugs)	\$47 copayment	\$47 copayment	\$47 copayment	\$47 copayment
Cost-sharing Tier 4 (Non-preferred drugs)	\$100 copayment	\$100 copayment	\$100 copayment	\$100 copayment
Cost-sharing Tier 5 (Specialty drugs)	28% coinsurance	28% coinsurance	28% coinsurance	28% coinsurance

You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

Please see Section 8 of this chapter for more information on Part D vaccines cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

Section 5.3	If your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply,
	you may not have to pay the cost of the entire month's
	supply

Typically, the amount you pay for a prescription drug covers a full month's supply. There may be times when you or your doctor would like you to have less than a month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a medication for the first time). You can also ask your doctor to prescribe, and your pharmacist to dispense, less than a full month's supply of your drugs, if this will help you better plan refill dates for different prescriptions.

If you receive less than a full month's supply of certain drugs, you will not have to pay for the full month's supply.

- If you are responsible for coinsurance, you pay a percentage of the total cost of the drug. Since the coinsurance is based on the total cost of the drug, your cost will be lower since the total cost for the drug will be lower.
- If you are responsible for a copayment for the drug, you will only pay for the number of days of the drug that you receive instead of a whole month. We will calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the daily cost-sharing rate) and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you receive.

### Section 5.4 A table that shows your costs for a *long-term* (up to a 100-day) supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an extended supply). A long-term supply is up to a 100-day supply.

The table below shows what you pay when you get a long-term supply of a drug.

• Sometimes the cost of the drug is lower than your copayment. In these cases, you pay the lower price for the drug instead of the copayment.

### Your share of the cost when you get a *long-term* supply of a covered Medicare Part D prescription drug:

Tier	Standard retail cost sharing (in-network) (up to a 100-day supply)	Mail-order cost sharing (up to a 100-day supply)	
Cost-sharing Tier 1 (Preferred generic drugs)	\$0 copayment	\$0 copayment	
Cost-sharing Tier 2 (Generic drugs)	\$45 copayment	\$30 copayment	
Cost-sharing Tier 3 (Preferred brand drugs)	\$141 copayment	\$94 copayment	
Cost-sharing Tier 4 (Non-preferred drugs)	\$300 copayment	\$300 copayment	
Cost-sharing Tier 5 (Specialty drugs)	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5.	A long-term supply is not available for drugs in Tier 5.	

You won't pay more than \$70 for up to a 2-month supply or \$105 for up to a three-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier, even if you haven't paid your deductible.

### Section 5.5 You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until your total drug costs for the year reach \$5,030

You stay in the Initial Coverage Stage until the total amount for the prescription drugs you have filled reaches the \$5,030 limit for the Initial Coverage Stage.

The Part D EOB that you receive will help you keep track of how much you, the plan, and any third parties have spent on your behalf during the year. Many people do not reach the \$5,030 limit in a year.

We will let you know if you reach this amount. If you do reach this amount, you will leave the Initial Coverage Stage and move on to the Coverage Gap Stage. See Section 1.3 on how Medicare calculates your out-of-pocket costs.

#### SECTION 6 Costs in the Coverage Gap Stage

When you are in the Coverage Gap Stage, the Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program provides manufacturer discounts on brand name drugs. You pay 25% of the negotiated price and a portion of the dispensing fee for brand name drugs. Both the amount you pay and the amount discounted by the manufacturer count toward your out-of-pocket costs as if you had paid them and move you through the coverage gap.

You also receive some coverage for generic drugs. You pay no more than 25% of the cost for generic drugs, and the plan pays the rest. Only the amount you pay counts and moves you through the coverage gap.

You continue paying these costs until your yearly out-of-pocket payments reach a maximum amount that Medicare has set. Once you reach this amount \$8,000, you leave the Coverage Gap Stage and move to the Catastrophic Coverage Stage.

Medicare has rules about what counts and what does *not* count toward your out-of-pocket costs (Section 1.3).

Coverage Gap Stage coinsurance requirements do not apply to Part D covered insulin products and most adult Part D vaccines, including shingles, tetanus, and travel vaccines.

You won't pay more than \$35 for a one-month supply of each covered insulin product regardless of the cost-sharing tier.

Please see Section 9 of this chapter for more information on Part D vaccines and cost sharing for Part D vaccines.

### SECTION 7 During the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, the plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs

You enter the Catastrophic Coverage Stage when your out-of-pocket costs have reached the \$8,000 limit for the calendar year. Once you are in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, you will stay in this payment stage until the end of the calendar year.

During this payment stage, the plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs. You pay nothing.

### SECTION 8 Part D vaccines. What you pay depends on how and where you get them

Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines – Some vaccines are considered medical benefits. Other vaccines are considered Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's "Drug List." Our plan covers most adult Part D vaccines at no cost to you even if you haven't paid your deductible. Refer to your plan's "Drug List" or contact Customer Service for coverage and cost-sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Part D vaccinations:

- The first part of coverage is the cost of the vaccine itself.
- The second part of coverage is for the cost of **giving you the vaccine**. (This is sometimes called the administration of the vaccine.)

Your costs for a Part D vaccination depend on three things:

- 1. Whether the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the Advisory Committee or Immunization Practices (ACIP).
  - Most adult Part D vaccinations are recommended by ACIP and cost you nothing.
- 2. Where you get the vaccine.
  - The vaccine itself may be dispensed by a pharmacy or provided by the doctor's office.
- 3. Who gives you the vaccine.
  - A pharmacist or another provider may give the vaccine in the pharmacy. Alternatively, a provider may give it in the doctor's office.

What you pay at the time you get the Part D vaccination can vary depending on the circumstances and what **drug payment stage** you are in.

- Sometimes when you get a vaccination, you have to pay for the entire cost for both the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give you the vaccine. You can ask our plan to pay you back for our share of the cost. For most adult Part D vaccines, this means you will be reimbursed the entire cost you paid.
- Other times, when you get a vaccination, you will pay only your share of the cost under your Part D benefit. For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.

Below are three examples of ways you might get a Part D vaccine.

- Situation 1: You get the Part D vaccination at the network pharmacy. (Whether you have this choice depends on where you live. Some states do not allow pharmacies to give certain vaccines.)
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.
  - For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself which includes the cost of giving you the vaccine.
  - Our plan will pay the remainder of the costs.
- Situation 2: You get the Part D vaccination at your doctor's office.
  - When you get the vaccine, you may have to pay for the entire cost of the vaccine itself and the cost for the provider to give it to you.
  - You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures that are described in Chapter 7.
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you
    paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid
    less any coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine (including
    administration).
- Situation 3: You buy the Part D vaccine itself at the network pharmacy, and then take it to your doctor's office where they give you the vaccine.
  - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
  - For other Part D vaccines, you will pay the pharmacy your coinsurance or copayment for the vaccine itself.
  - When your doctor gives you the vaccine, you may have to pay the entire cost for this service.

- You can then ask our plan to pay our share of the cost by using the procedures described in Chapter 7.
- For most adult Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the full amount you paid. For other Part D vaccines, you will be reimbursed the amount you paid less any coinsurance for the vaccine administration.

#### CHAPTER 7

Asking us to pay our share of a bill you have received for covered medical services or drugs

### SECTION 1 Situations in which you should ask us to pay our share of the cost of your covered services or drugs

Sometimes when you get medical care or a prescription drug, you may need to pay the full cost. Other times, you may find that you have paid more than you expected under the coverage rules of the plan. In these cases, you can ask our plan to pay you back (paying you back is often called reimbursing you). It is your right to be paid back by our plan whenever you've paid more than your share of the cost for medical services or drugs that are covered by our plan. There may be deadlines that you must meet to get paid back. Please see Section 2 of this chapter.

There may also be times when you get a bill from a provider for the full cost of medical care you have received or possibly for more than your share of cost sharing as discussed in the document. First try to resolve the bill with the provider. If that does not work, send the bill to us instead of paying it. We will look at the bill and decide whether the services should be covered. If we decide they should be covered, we will pay the provider directly. If we decide not to pay it, we will notify the provider. You should never pay more than plan-allowed cost-sharing. If this provider is contracted, you still have the right to treatment.

Here are examples of situations in which you may need to ask our plan to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received:

#### 1. When you've received emergency or urgently needed medical care from a provider who is not in our plan's network

Outside the service area, you can receive emergency or urgently needed services from any provider, whether or not the provider is a part of our network. In these cases:

- You are only responsible for paying your share of the cost for emergency or urgently needed services. Emergency providers are legally required to provide emergency care. If you accidentally pay the entire amount yourself at the time you receive the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill, along with documentation of any payments you have made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you do not owe. Send us this bill, along with documentation of any payments you have already made.
  - If the provider is owed anything, we will pay the provider directly.
  - If you have already paid more than your share of the cost of the service, we will determine how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### 2. When a network provider sends you a bill you think you should not pay

Network providers should always bill the plan directly and ask you only for your share of the cost. But sometimes they make mistakes and ask you to pay more than your share.

• You only have to pay your cost-sharing amount when you get covered services. We do not allow providers to add additional separate charges, called balance billing. This

protection (that you never pay more than your cost-sharing amount) applies even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service and even if there is a dispute and we don't pay certain provider charges.

- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider that you think is more than you should pay, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and resolve the billing problem.
- If you have already paid a bill to a network provider, but you feel that you paid too much, send us the bill along with documentation of any payment you have made and ask us to pay you back the difference between the amount you paid and the amount you owed under the plan.

#### 3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes a person's enrollment in the plan is retroactive. (This means that the first day of their enrollment has already passed. The enrollment date may even have occurred last year.)

If you were retroactively enrolled in our plan and you paid out-of-pocket for any of your covered services or drugs after your enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back for our share of the costs. You will need to submit paperwork such as receipts and bills for us to handle the reimbursement.

#### 4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you go to an out-of-network pharmacy, the pharmacy may not be able to submit the claim directly to us. When that happens, you will have to pay the full cost of your prescription.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Remember that we only cover out-of-network pharmacies in limited circumstances. See Chapter 5, Section 2.5 for a discussion of these circumstances.

#### 5. When you pay the full cost for a prescription because you don't have your plan membership card with you

If you do not have your plan membership card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call the plan or to look up your plan enrollment information. However, if the pharmacy cannot get the enrollment information they need right away, you may need to pay the full cost of the prescription yourself.

Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### 6. When you pay the full cost for a prescription in other situations

You may pay the full cost of the prescription because you find that the drug is not covered for some reason.

- For example, the drug may not be on the plan's "Drug List" or it could have a requirement or restriction that you didn't know about or don't think should apply to you. If you decide to get the drug immediately, you may need to pay the full cost for it.
- Save your receipt and send a copy to us when you ask us to pay you back. In some situations, we may need to get more information from your doctor in order to pay you back for our share of the cost.

#### 7. When you pay out-of-pocket for a drug in the hospital

If you receive a self-administered drug in the hospital and you pay for it out-of-pocket, you can ask us to pay our share of the cost. We'll refund you the amount you paid, less your normal cost sharing for the drug and any difference between the amount the hospital charged and what we normally pay. This amount counts toward your out-of-pocket limit.

#### 8. When you use your worldwide emergency, urgently-needed services or emergency transportation benefits

If you have an emergency, urgent need for services or emergency transportation, outside of the U.S. and its territories, you'll have to pay for those services upfront. You'll then have to ask us to pay you back.

We'll pay you back at rates no greater than the rates at which Original Medicare would pay, had the services been performed in the locality where you live in the U.S. We'll subtract any cost-sharing amount you owe from the amount we pay you back. The amount we pay you back may be less than the amount you pay the foreign provider. This is because we'll pay at rates no greater than what Original Medicare would pay, and because foreign providers might charge more for services than the rates at which Original Medicare would pay.

Save your receipts and send us copies when you ask us to pay you back. Your receipts should show that it's for an emergency or urgently-needed service. We will also need a copy of the medical records for the services you received. Depending on the language, we may not be able to translate the bill into English to process the claim. In some situations, we may need to get more information from you or the provider in order to pay you back for our share of the cost. Please see Chapter 7, Section 2.1 for how and where to send us your request for payment.

All of the examples above are types of coverage decisions. This means that if we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. Chapter 9 of this document (*What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints))* has information about how to make an appeal.

### SECTION 2 How to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you have received

You may request us to pay you back by sending us a request in writing. If you send a request in writing, send your bill and documentation of any payment you have made. It's a good idea to

make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. **You must submit your claim to us within 12 months** of the date you received the service, item, or drug.

To make sure you are giving us all the information we need to make a decision, you can fill out our claim form to make your request for payment.

- You don't have to use the form, but it will help us process the information faster.
- Either download a copy of the form from our website (**ucare.org/formembers**) or call Customer Service and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or paid receipts to us at this address:

#### For medical payment requests:

Attn: DMR Department UCare PO Box 52 Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052

#### For prescription drug payment requests:

Navitus Health Solutions Manual Claims PO Box 1039 Appleton, WI 54912-1039

### SECTION 3 We will consider your request for payment and say yes or no

### Section 3.1 We check to find out whether we should cover the service or drug and how much we owe

When we receive your request for payment, we will let you know if we need any additional information from you. Otherwise, we will consider your request and make a coverage decision.

- If we decide that the medical care or drug is covered and you followed all the rules, we will pay for our share of the cost. If you have already paid for the service or drug, we will mail your reimbursement of our share of the cost to you. If you have not paid for the service or drug yet, we will mail the payment directly to the provider.
- If we decide that the medical care or drug is *not* covered, or you did *not* follow all the rules, we will not pay for our share of the cost. We will send you a letter explaining the reasons why we are not sending the payment and your right to appeal that decision.

### Section 3.2 If we tell you that we will not pay for all or part of the medical care or drug, you can make an appeal

If you think we have made a mistake in turning down your request for payment or the amount we are paying, you can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the decision we made when we turned down your request for payment. The appeals process is a formal process with detailed procedures and important deadlines. For the details on how to make this appeal, go to Chapter 9 of this document.

CHAPTER 8
Your rights and responsibilities

### SECTION 1 Our plan must honor your rights and cultural sensitivites as a member of the plan

# Section 1.1 We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English, in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats, etc.)

Your plan is required to ensure that all services, both clinical and non-clinical, are provided in a culturally competent manner and are accessible to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency, limited reading skills, hearing incapacity, or those with diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds. Examples of how a plan may meet these accessibility requirements include, but are not limited to provision of translator services, interpreter services, teletypewriters, or TTY (text telephone or teletypewriter phone) connection.

Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members. We can also give you information in braille, in large print, or other alternate formats at no cost if you need it. We are required to give you information about the plan's benefits in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you. To get information from us in a way that works for you, please call Customer Service.

Our plan is required to give female enrollees the option of direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for women's routine and preventive health care services.

If providers in the plan's network for a specialty are not available, it is the plan's responsibility to locate specialty providers outside the network who will provide you with the necessary care. In this case, you will only pay in-network cost sharing. If you find yourself in a situation where there are no specialists in the plan's network that cover a service you need, call the plan for information on where to go to obtain this service at in-network cost sharing.

If you have any trouble getting information from our plan in a format that is accessible and appropriate for you, seeing a women's health specialists or finding a network specialist, please call to file a grievance with Customer Service. You may also file a complaint with Medicare by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or directly with the Office for Civil Rights 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697.

### Section 1.2 We must ensure that you get timely access to your covered services and drugs

You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in the plan's network to provide and arrange for your covered services. You also have the right to go to a women's health specialist (such as a gynecologist) without a referral. We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

You have the right to get appointments and covered services from the plan's network of providers *within a reasonable amount of time*. This includes the right to get timely services from specialists when you need that care. You also have the right to get your prescriptions filled or refilled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.

If you think that you are not getting your medical care or Part D drugs within a reasonable amount of time, Chapter 9 tells what you can do.

#### Section 1.3 We must protect the privacy of your personal health information

Federal and state laws protect the privacy of your medical records and personal health information. We protect your personal health information as required by these laws.

- Your personal health information includes the personal information you gave us when
  you enrolled in this plan as well as your medical records and other medical and health
  information.
- You have rights related to your information and controlling how your health information is used. We give you a written notice, called a **Notice of Privacy Practice**, that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your health information.

#### How do we protect the privacy of your health information?

- We make sure that unauthorized people don't access or change your records.
- Except for the circumstances noted below, if we intend to give your health information to anyone who isn't providing your care or paying for your care, we are required to get written permission from you or someone you have given legal power to make decisions for you first.
- There are certain exceptions that do not require us to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law.
  - We are required to release health information to government agencies that are checking on quality of care.
  - Because you are a member of our plan through Medicare, we are required to give
    Medicare your health information including information about your Part D
    prescription drugs. If Medicare releases your information for research or other uses,
    this will be done according to Federal statutes and regulations; typically, this
    requires that information that uniquely identifies you not be shared.

You can review the information in your records and know how it has been shared with others.

You have the right to review your medical records held by the plan, and to get a copy of your records. We are allowed to charge you a fee for making copies. You also have the right to ask us to make additions or corrections to your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we will work with your healthcare provider to decide whether the changes should be made.

You have the right to know how your health information has been shared with others for any purposes that are not routine.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your personal health information, please call Customer Service.

## Section 1.4 We must give you information about the plan, its network of providers, your covered services and member rights and responsibilities

As a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, you have the right to get several kinds of information from us.

If you want any of the following kinds of information, please call Customer Service:

- Information about our plan. This includes, for example, information about the organization, its services, its practitioners and providers, and member rights and responsibilities. It also includes information about the number of appeals made by members and the plan's Star Ratings, including how it has been rated by plan members and how it compares to other Medicare health plans.
- **Information about our network providers and pharmacies.** You have the right to get information about the qualifications of the providers and pharmacies in our network and how we pay the providers in our network.
  - For a list of the providers and pharmacies in the plan's network, refer to the *Provider* and *Pharmacy Directory*.
  - For more detailed information about our providers or pharmacies, you can call Customer Service or visit our website at ucare.org/searchnetwork.
- Information about your coverage and the rules you must follow when using your coverage. Chapters 3 and 4 provide information regarding medical services. Chapters 5 and 6 provide information about Part D prescription drug coverage.
- Information about why something is not covered and what you can do about it. Chapter 9 provides information on asking for a written explanation on why a medical service or Part D drug is not covered or if your coverage is restricted. Chapter 9 also provides information on asking us to change a decision, also called an appeal.

- If you are not happy or if you disagree with a decision we make about what medical care or Part D drug is covered for you, you have the right to ask us to change the decision. You can ask us to change the decision by making an appeal. For details on what to do if something is not covered for you in the way you think it should be covered, see Chapter 9 of this document. It gives you the details about how to make an appeal if you want us to change our decision. (Chapter 9 also tells about how to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, and other concerns.)
- Information about how UCare evaluates new technology for inclusion as a covered benefit.
  - When new technologies enter the marketplace (devices, procedures or drugs),
     UCare's medical leaders carefully evaluate them for effectiveness. We use information gathered from many sources and standard-setting organizations in our evaluation.
  - UCare's clinical and quality committees and medical directors carefully research and review new technologies before determining their medical necessity and/or appropriateness.
  - UCare uses information from many sources in our evaluation efforts, including the Hayes, Inc. Technology Assessment Reports, published peer-reviewed medical literature, consensus statements and guidelines from national medical associations and physician specialty societies, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), other regulatory bodies, and internal and external expert sources.

### Section 1.5 We must support your right to make decisions about your care

#### You have the right to know your treatment options and participate in decisions about your health care

You have the right to get full information from your doctors and other health care providers. Your providers must explain your medical condition and your treatment choices *in a way that you can understand*.

You also have the right to participate fully in decisions about your health care. To help you make decisions with your doctors about what treatment is best for you, your rights include the following:

• To know about all of your choices. You have the right to be told about all of the treatment options that are recommended for your condition, no matter what they cost or whether they are covered by our plan. It also includes being told about programs our plan offers to help members manage their medications and use drugs safely.

- To know about the risks. You have the right to be told about any risks involved in your care. You must be told in advance if any proposed medical care or treatment is part of a research experiment. You always have the choice to refuse any experimental treatments.
- The right to say "no." You have the right to refuse any recommended treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to leave. You also have the right to stop taking your medication. Of course, if you refuse treatment or stop taking medication, you accept full responsibility for what happens to your body as a result.

#### You have the right to give instructions about what is to be done if you are not able to make medical decisions for yourself

Sometimes people become unable to make health care decisions for themselves due to accidents or serious illness. You have the right to say what you want to happen if you are in this situation. This means that, *if you want to*, you can:

- Fill out a written form to give someone the legal authority to make medical decisions for you if you ever become unable to make decisions for yourself.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how you want them to handle your medical care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself.

The legal documents that you can use to give your directions in advance of these situations are called **advance directives**. There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Documents called **living will** and **power of attorney for health care** are examples of advance directives.

If you want to use an advance directive to give your instructions, here is what to do:

- **Get the form.** You can get an advance directive form from your lawyer, from a social worker, or from some office supply stores. You can sometimes get advance directive forms from organizations that give people information about Medicare. In Minnesota, you can contact the Senior LinkAge Line® at 1-800-333-2433.
- Fill it out and sign it. Regardless of where you get this form, keep in mind that it is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer help you prepare it.
- **Give copies to appropriate people.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor and to the person you name on the form who can make decisions for you if you can't. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.

If you know ahead of time that you are going to be hospitalized, and you have signed an advance directive, **take a copy with you to the hospital**.

• The hospital will ask you whether you have signed an advance directive form and whether you have it with you.

• If you have not signed an advance directive form, the hospital has forms available and will ask if you want to sign one.

Remember, it is your choice whether you want to fill out an advance directive (including whether you want to sign one if you are in the hospital). According to law, no one can deny you care or discriminate against you based on whether or not you have signed an advance directive.

#### What if your instructions are not followed?

If you have signed an advance directive, and you believe that a doctor or hospital did not follow the instructions in it, you may file a complaint with the Office of Health Facility Complaints at 651-201-4200 or 1-800-369-7994 (this call is free). TTY users call 651-583-5090.

If you believe that a health plan did not follow the advance directive requirements, you may file a complaint with Managed Care at 651-201-5176 or 1-888-345-0823 (this call is free). TTY users call 711.

### Section 1.6 You have the right to make complaints and to ask us to reconsider decisions we have made

You have the right to voice complaints or submit appeals about the organization for the care it provides.

If you have any problems, concerns, or complaints and need to request coverage, or make an appeal, Chapter 9 of this document tells what you can do. Whatever you do – ask for a coverage decision, make an appeal, or make a complaint – we are required to treat you fairly.

### Section 1.7 What can you do if you believe you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected?

You have the right to be treated with respect and dignity. If you feel that you are being treated unfairly or your rights are not being respected, there are actions you can take.

#### If it is about discrimination, call the Office for Civil Rights

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected due to your race, disability, religion, sex, health, ethnicity, creed (beliefs), age, sexual orientation, or national origin, you should call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 or TTY 1-800-537-7697 or call your local Office for Civil Rights.

#### Is it about something else?

If you believe you have been treated unfairly or your rights have not been respected, *and* it's *not* about discrimination, you can get help dealing with the problem you are having:

• You can call Customer Service.

- You can call the SHIP. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- Or, you can **call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

### Section 1.8 How to get more information about your rights and responsibilities

There are several places where you can get more information about your rights and responsibilities:

- You can call Customer Service.
- You can call the SHIP. For details, go to Chapter 2, Section 3.
- You can contact Medicare.
  - You can visit the Medicare website to read or download the publication *Medicare Rights & Protections*. (The publication is available at: <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf">www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf</a>.)
  - Or, you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

#### SECTION 2 You have some responsibilities as a member of the plan

Things you need to do as a member of the plan are listed below. If you have any questions, please call Customer Service.

- Get familiar with your covered services and the rules you must follow to get these covered services. Use this *Evidence of Coverage* to learn what is covered for you and the rules you need to follow to get your covered services.
  - Chapters 3 and 4 give the details about your medical services.
  - Chapters 5 and 6 give the details about your Part D prescription drug coverage.
- If you have any other health insurance coverage or prescription drug coverage in addition to our plan, you are required to tell us. Chapter 1 tells you about coordinating these benefits.
- Tell your doctor and other health care providers that you are enrolled in our plan. Show your plan membership card whenever you get your medical care or Part D prescription drugs.

- Help your doctors and other providers help you by giving them information, asking questions, and following through on your care.
  - To help get the best care, supply information to your doctors and other health providers about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your doctors agree upon.
  - Learn as much as you can about your health problems so you can participate in developing mutually agreed upon treatment goals with your provider.
  - Make sure your doctors know all of the drugs you are taking, including over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
  - If you have any questions, be sure to ask and get an answer you can understand.
- **Be considerate.** We expect all our members to respect the rights of other patients. We also expect you to act in a way that helps the smooth running of your doctor's office, hospitals, and other offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
  - You must pay your plan premiums.
  - You must continue to pay your Medicare Part B premium to remain a member of the plan.
  - For most of your medical services or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug.
  - If you are required to pay a late enrollment penalty, you must pay the penalty to keep your prescription drug coverage.
  - If you are required to pay the extra amount for Part D because of your yearly income, you must pay the extra amount directly to the government to remain a member of the plan.
- If you move *within* our service area, we need to know so we can keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- If you move *outside* of our plan service area, you cannot remain a member of our plan.
- If you move, it is also important to tell Social Security (or the Railroad Retirement Board).

### SECTION 3 If you want more information or have suggestions on information in this chapter

### Section 3.1 If you have questions or concerns about information in this chapter

Call Customer Service for help if you have questions or concerns. We also welcome any suggestions you may have for improving our plan.

Phone numbers and calling hours for Customer Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.

### Section 3.2 You have the right to make recommendations regarding our member rights and responsibilities policy

Call Customer Service to provide that information to us. We welcome your feedback.

Phone numbers and calling hours are printed on the back cover of this booklet.

#### CHAPTER 9

What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

### **SECTION 1** Introduction

### Section 1.1 What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains two types of processes for handling problems and concerns:

- For some problems, you need to use the **process for coverage decisions and appeals**.
- For other problems, you need to use the **process for making complaints**; also called grievances.

Both of these processes have been approved by Medicare. Each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that must be followed by us and by you.

The guide in Section 3 will help you identify the right process to use and what you should do.

### Section 1.2 What about the legal terms?

There are legal terms for some of the rules, procedures, and types of deadlines explained in this chapter. Many of these terms are unfamiliar to most people and can be hard to understand, to make things easier, this chapter:

- Uses simpler words in place of certain legal terms. For example, this chapter generally says making a complaint rather than filing a grievance, coverage decision rather than organization determination, or coverage determination or at-risk determination, and independent review organization instead of Independent Review Entity.
- It also uses abbreviations as little as possible.

However, it can be helpful – and sometimes quite important – for you to know the correct legal terms. Knowing which terms to use will help you communicate more accurately to get the right help or information for your situation. To help you know which terms to use, we include legal terms when we give the details for handling specific types of situations.

# SECTION 2 Where to get more information and personalized assistance

We are always available to help you. Even if you have a complaint about our treatment of you, we are obligated to honor your right to complain. Therefore, you should always reach out to customer service for help. But in some situations, you may also want help or guidance from someone who is not connected with us. Below are two entities that can assist you.

### **State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP)**

Each state has a government program with trained counselors. The program is not connected with us or with any insurance company or health plan. The counselors at this program can help you understand which process you should use to handle a problem you are having. They can also answer your questions, give you more information, and offer guidance on what to do.

The services of SHIP counselors are free. You will find phone numbers and website URLs in Chapter 2, Section 3 of this document.

#### Medicare

You can also contact Medicare to get help. To contact Medicare:

- You can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
   TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- You can also visit the Medicare website (<u>www.medicare.gov</u>).

# SECTION 3 To deal with your problem, which process should you use?

If you have a problem or concern, you only need to read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The guide that follows will help.

#### Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems related to payment for medical care.

Yes.

Go on to the next section of this chapter, **Section 4**, **A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals.** 

No.

Skip ahead to **Section 10** at the end of this chapter: **How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service or other concerns.** 

### **COVERAGE DECISIONS AND APPEALS**

### SECTION 4 A guide to the basics of coverage decisions and appeals

# Section 4.1 Asking for coverage decisions and making appeals: the big picture

Coverage decisions and appeals deal with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple, we generally refer to medical items, services and Medicare Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**. You use the coverage decision and appeals process for issues such as whether something is covered or not and the way in which something is covered.

### Asking for coverage decisions prior to receiving services

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your medical care. For example, if your plan network doctor refers you to a medical specialist not inside the network, this referral is considered a favorable coverage decision unless either your network doctor can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the Evidence of Coverage makes it clear that the referred service is never covered under any condition. You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision if your doctor is unsure whether we will cover a particular medical service or refuses to provide medical care you think that you need. In other words, if you want to know if we will cover a medical care before you receive it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you. In limited circumstances a request for a coverage decision will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

We are making a coverage decision for you whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we might decide medical care is not covered or is no longer covered by Medicare for you. If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

### Making an appeal

If we make a coverage decision, whether before or after a service is received, and you are not satisfied, you can **appeal** the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made. Under certain circumstances, which we discuss later, you can request an expedited or **fast appeal** of a coverage decision. Your appeal is handled by different reviewers than those who made the original decision.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check to see if we were properly following the rules. When we have completed the review, we give you our decision.

In limited circumstances a request for a Level 1 appeal will be dismissed, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include if the request is incomplete, if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so or if you ask for your request to be withdrawn. If we dismiss a request for a Level 1 appeal, we will send a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal.

If we say no to all or part of your Level 1 appeal for medical care, your appeal will automatically go on to a Level 2 appeal, conducted by an independent review organization that is not connected to us.

- You do not need to do anything to start a Level 2 appeal. Medicare rules require we
  automatically send your appeal for medical care to Level 2 if we do not fully agree with your
  Level 1 appeal.
- See Section 6.4 of this chapter for more information about Level 2 appeals.
- For Part D drug appeals, if we say no to all or part of your appeal, you will need to ask for a Level 2 appeal. Part D appeals are discussed further in Section 7 of this chapter.

If you are not satisfied with the decision at the Level 2 appeal, you may be able to continue through additional levels of appeal (Section 9 in this chapter explains the Level 3, 4, and 5 appeals processes).

# Section 4.2 How to get help when you are asking for a coverage decision or making an appeal

Here are resources if you decide to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision:

- You can call Customer Service.
- You can get free help from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program.
- Your doctor can make a request for you. If your doctor helps with an appeal past Level 2, they will need to be appointed as your representative. Please call Customer Service and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/medicare/cms-forms/cms-forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/medicare/cms-forms-forms/cms-forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/medicare/cms-forms-fo

- For medical care or Part B prescription drugs, your doctor can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your appeal is denied at Level 1, it will be automatically forwarded to Level 2.
- For Part D prescription drugs, your doctor or other prescriber can request a coverage decision or a Level 1 appeal on your behalf. If your Level 1 appeal is denied your doctor or prescriber can request a Level 2 appeal.
- You can ask someone to act on your behalf. If you want to, you can name another
  person to act for you as your representative to ask for a coverage decision or make an
  appeal.
  - If you want a friend, relative, or another person to be your representative, call Customer Service and ask for the *Appointment of Representative* form. (The form is also available on Medicare's website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf">www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf</a> or on our website at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/medicare/cms1696.pdf">ucare.org/formembers</a>. The form gives that person permission to act on your behalf. It must be signed by you and by the person who you would like to act on your behalf. You must give us a copy of the signed form.
  - While we can accept an appeal request without the form, we cannot begin or complete our review until we receive it. If we do not receive the form within 44 calendar days after receiving your appeal request (our deadline for making a decision on your appeal), your appeal request will be dismissed. If this happens, we will send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the independent review organization to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You also have the right to hire a lawyer. You may contact your own lawyer or get the name of a lawyer from your local bar association or other referral service. There are also groups that will give you free legal services if you qualify. However, you are not required to hire a lawyer to ask for any kind of coverage decision or appeal a decision.

# Section 4.3 Which section of this chapter gives the details for your situation?

There are four different situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Since each situation has different rules and deadlines, we give the details for each one in a separate section:

- Section 5 of this chapter: Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal
- **Section 6** of this chapter: Your Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

- **Section** 7 of this chapter: How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think the doctor is discharging you too soon
- **Section 8** of this chapter: How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon (*Applies only to these services:* home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services)

If you're not sure which section you should be using, please call Customer Service. You can also get help or information from government organizations such as your SHIP.

# SECTION 5 Your medical care: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal of a coverage decision

# Section 5.1 This section tells what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care

This section is about your benefits for medical care. These benefits are described in Chapter 4 of this document: *Medical Benefits Chart (what is covered and what you pay)*. In some cases, different rules apply to a request for a Part B prescription drug. In those cases, we will explain how the rules for Part B prescription drugs are different from the rules for medical items and services.

This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the five following situations:

- 1. You are not getting certain medical care you want, and you believe that this care is covered by our plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
- 2. Our plan will not approve the medical care your doctor or other medical provider wants to give you, and you believe that this care is covered by the plan. **Ask for a coverage decision. Section 5.2.**
- 3. You have received medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, but we have said we will not pay for this care. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**
- 4. You have received and paid for medical care that you believe should be covered by the plan, and you want to ask our plan to reimburse you for this care. **Send us the bill. Section 5.5.**
- 5. You are being told that coverage for certain medical care you have been getting that we previously approved will be reduced or stopped, and you believe that reducing or stopping this care could harm your health. **Make an appeal. Section 5.3.**

NOTE: If the coverage that will be stopped is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services, you need to read Sections 7 and 8 of this chapter. Special rules apply to these types of care.

### Section 5.2 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision

### **Legal Terms**

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it is called an **organization determination**.

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited determination**.

### **Step 1:** Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You may only *ask* for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision *only* if using the standard deadlines could c*ause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function*.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
  - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

### Step 2: Ask our plan to make a coverage decision or fast coverage decision.

• Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You, your doctor, or your representative can do this. Chapter 2 has contact information.

### Step 3: We consider your request for medical care coverage and give you our answer.

For standard coverage decisions, we use the standard deadlines.

This means we will give you an answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will give you an answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days** if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. We will give you an answer to your complaint as soon as we make the decision. (The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)

For Fast Coverage decisions we use an expedited timeframe.

A fast coverage decision means we will answer within 72 hours if your request is for a medical item or service. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we will answer within 24 hours.

- **However**, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, **we can take up to 14 more days**. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
- If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. (See Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.) We will call you as soon as we make the decision.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no.

### Step 4: If we say no to your request for coverage for medical care, you can appeal.

- If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the medical care coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

### Section 5.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

### **Legal Terms**

An appeal to the plan about a medical care coverage decision is called a plan **reconsideration**.

A "fast appeal" is also called an **expedited reconsideration**.

### **Step 1:** Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal.

A standard appeal is usually made within 30 days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours.

- If you are appealing a decision we made about coverage for care that you have not yet received, you and/or your doctor will need to decide if you need a fast appeal. If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast appeal, we will give you a fast appeal.
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 5.2 of this chapter.

### Step 2: Ask our plan for an appeal or a fast appeal

- If you are asking for a standard appeal, submit your standard appeal in writing. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- If you are asking for a fast appeal, make your appeal in writing or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information regarding your medical decision. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

### Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

- When our plan is reviewing your appeal, we take a careful look at all of the information. We check to see if we were following all the rules when we said no to your request.
- We will gather more information if needed, possibly contacting you or your doctor.

### Deadlines for a fast appeal

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours (or by the end of the extended time period if we took extra days), we are required to automatically send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you our decision in writing and automatically forward your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal. The independent review organization will notify you in writing when it receives your appeal.

### Deadlines for a standard appeal

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we
  receive your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you have
  not yet received, we will give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we receive
  your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if your health condition requires us
  to.
  - However, if you ask for more time, or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service. If we take extra days, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.
  - If you believe we should *not* take extra days, you can file a fast complaint. When you file a fast complaint, we will give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. (Refer to Section 10 of this chapter for information on complaints.)
  - If we do not give you an answer by the deadline (or by the end of the extended time period), we will send your request to a Level 2 appeal, where an independent review organization will review the appeal. Section 5.4 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must authorize or provide the coverage within 30 calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

• If our plan says no to part or all of your appeal, we will automatically send your appeal to the independent review organization for a Level 2 appeal.

### Section 5.4 Step-by-step: How a Level 2 appeal is done

#### **Legal Terms**

The formal name for the Independent Review Organization is the Independent Review Entity. It is sometimes called the IRE.

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

### **Step 1:** The Independent Review Organization reviews your appeal.

- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.
- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

#### If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you will also have a fast appeal at Level 2

- For the fast appeal the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the independent review organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

### If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you will also have a standard appeal at Level 2

- For the standard appeal if your request is for a medical item or service, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 30 calendar days of when it receives your appeal. If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days of when it receives your appeal.
- However, if your request is for a medical item or service and the Independent Review
  Organization needs to gather more information that may benefit you, it can take up to
  14 more calendar days. The independent review organization can't take extra time to
  make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

### Step 2: The Independent Review Organization gives you their answer.

The independent review organization will tell you its decision in writing and explain the reasons for it.

- If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours or provide the service within 14 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 72 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the review organization says yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization for standard requests. For expedited requests, we have 24 hours from the date we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If this organization says no to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree with us that your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care should not be approved. (This is called **upholding the decision** or **turning down your appeal**.). In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:
  - Explaining its decision.
  - Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the medical care coverage meets a certain minimum. The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you the dollar amount you must meet to continue the appeals process.
  - Telling you how to file a Level 3 appeal

### <u>Step 3:</u> If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter explains the Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals processes.

# Section 5.5 What if you are asking us to pay you for our share of a bill you have received for medical care?

Chapter 7 describes when you may need to ask for reimbursement or to pay a bill you have received from a provider. It also tells how to send us the paperwork that asks us for payment.

### Asking for reimbursement is asking for a coverage decision from us

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. To make this decision, we will check to see if the medical care you paid for is covered. We will also check to see if you followed all the rules for using your coverage for medical care.

- If we say yes to your request: If the medical care is covered and you followed all the rules, we will send you the payment for our share of the cost within 60 calendar days after we receive your request. If you haven't paid for the medical care, we will send the payment directly to the provider.
- If we say no to your request: If the medical care is not covered, or you did not follow all the rules, we will not send payment. Instead, we will send you a letter that says we will not pay for the medical care and the reasons why.

If you do not agree with our decision to turn you down, **you can make an appeal**. If you make an appeal, it means you are asking us to change the coverage decision we made when we turned down your request for payment.

To make this appeal, follow the process for appeals that we describe in Section 5.3. For appeals concerning reimbursement, please note:

- We must give you our answer within 60 calendar days after we receive your appeal. If you are asking us to pay you back for medical care you have already received and paid for, you are not allowed to ask for a fast appeal.
- If the independent review organization decides we should pay, we must send you or the provider the payment within 30 calendar days. If the answer to your appeal is yes at any stage of the appeals process after Level 2, we must send the payment you requested to you or to the provider within 60 calendar days.

# SECTION 6 Your Medicare Part D prescription drugs: How to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal

# Section 6.1 This section tells you what to do if you have problems getting a Medicare Part D drug or you want us to pay you back for a Medicare Part D drug

Your benefits include coverage for many prescription drugs. To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. (See Chapter 5 for more information about a medically accepted indication.) For details about Part D drugs, rules, restrictions, and costs please see Chapters 5 and 6. **This section is about your Part D drugs only.** To keep things simple, we generally say drug in the rest of this section, instead of repeating *covered outpatient prescription drug* or *Part D drug* every time. We also use the term "Drug List" instead of *List of Covered Drugs* or *Formulary*.

- If you do not know if a drug is covered or if you meet the rules, you can ask us. Some drugs require that you get approval from us before we will cover it.
- If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription cannot be filled as written, the pharmacy will give you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

### Part D coverage decisions and appeals

### **Legal Terms**

An initial coverage decision about your Part D drugs is called a **coverage determination**.

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we will pay for your drugs. This section tells what you can do if you are in any of the following situations:

- Asking to cover a Part D drug that is not on the plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to waive a restriction on the plan's coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount of the drug you can get). **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to pay a lower cost-sharing amount for a covered drug on a higher cost-sharing tier. **Ask for an exception. Section 6.2**
- Asking to get pre-approval for a drug. Ask for a coverage decision. Section 6.4
- Pay for a prescription drug you already bought. Ask us to pay you back. Section 6.4

If you disagree with a coverage decision we have made, you can appeal our decision.

This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to request an appeal.

### Section 6.2 What is an exception?

### **Legal Terms**

Asking for coverage of a drug that is not on the Drug List is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception.** 

Asking for removal of a restriction on coverage for a drug is sometimes called asking for a **formulary exception.** 

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a **tiering exception.** 

If a drug is not covered in the way you would like it to be covered, you can ask us to make an **exception**. An exception is a type of coverage decision.

For us to consider your exception request, your doctor or other prescriber will need to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception approved. Here are three examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

- 1. Covering a Part D drug for you that is not on our Drug List. If we agree to cover a drug not on the Drug List, you will need to pay the cost-sharing amount that applies to drugs in Tier 4. You cannot ask for an exception to the cost-sharing amount we require you to pay for the drug
- 2. **Removing a restriction for a covered drug.** Chapter 5 describes the extra rules or restrictions that apply to certain drugs on our Drug List. If we agree to make an exception and waive a restriction for you, you can ask for an exception to the copayment or coinsurance amount we require you to pay for the drug.
- 3. Changing coverage of a drug to a lower cost-sharing tier. Every drug on our Drug List is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the lower the cost-sharing tier number, the less you will pay as your share of the cost of the drug.
  - If our drug list contains alternative drug(s) for treating your medical condition that are in a lower cost-sharing tier than your drug, you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the alternative drug(s).
  - If the drug you're taking is a biological product you can ask us to cover your drug at a lower cost-sharing amount. This would be the lowest tier cost that contains biological product alternatives for treating your condition.

- If the drug you're taking is a brand name drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains brand name alternatives for treating your condition.
- If the drug you're taking is a generic drug you can ask us to cover your drug at the cost-sharing amount that applies to the lowest tier that contains either brand or generic alternatives for treating your condition.
- You cannot ask us to change the cost-sharing tier for any drug in Tier 5, Specialty Tier.
- If we approve your tiering exception request and there is more than one lower cost-sharing tier with alternative drugs you can't take, you will usually pay the lowest amount.

### Section 6.3 Important things to know about asking for exceptions

#### Your doctor must tell us the medical reasons

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement that explains the medical reasons for requesting an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Typically, our Drug List includes more than one drug for treating a particular condition. These different possibilities are called **alternative** drugs. If an alternative drug would be just as effective as the drug you are requesting and would not cause more side effects or other health problems, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception. If you ask us for a tiering exception, we will generally *not* approve your request for an exception unless all the alternative drugs in the lower cost-sharing tier(s) won't work as well for you or are likely to cause an adverse reaction or other harm.

### We can say yes or no to your request

- If we approve your request for an exception, our approval usually is valid until the end of the plan year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say no to your request, you can ask for another review by making an appeal.

# Section 6.4 Step-by-step: How to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception

### **Legal Terms**

A fast coverage decision is called an **expedited coverage determination**.

#### **Step 1:** Decide if you need a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

**Standard coverage decisions** are made within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's statement. **Fast coverage decisions** are made within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's statement.

If your health requires it, ask us to give you a fast coverage decision. To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You must be asking for a drug you have not yet received. (You cannot ask for fast coverage decision to be paid back for a drug you have already bought.)
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor or prescriber's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
  - Explains that we will use the standard deadlines.
  - Explains if your doctor or other prescriber asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
  - Tells you how you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested. We will answer your complaint within 24 hours of receipt.

### Step 2: Request a standard coverage decision or a fast coverage decision.

Start by calling, writing, or faxing our plan to make your request for us to authorize or provide coverage for the medical care you want. You can also access the coverage decision process through our website. We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the *CMS Model Coverage Determination Request* Form, which is available on our website. Chapter 2

has contact information. To assist us in processing your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

You, your doctor (or other prescriber) or your representative can do this. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf. Section 4 of this chapter tells how you can give written permission to someone else to act as your representative.

• If you are requesting an exception, provide the supporting statement which is the medical reasons for the exception. Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail the statement to us. Or your doctor or other prescriber can tell us on the phone and follow up by faxing or mailing a written statement if necessary.

### Step 3: We consider your request and give you our answer.

### Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- We must generally give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your request.
  - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 24 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 24 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

### Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you have not yet received

- We must generally give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your request.
  - For exceptions, we will give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your doctor's supporting statement. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your request or doctor's statement supporting your request.

• If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

### Step 4: If we say no to your coverage request, you can make an appeal.

• If we say no, you have the right to ask us to reconsider this decision by making an appeal. This means asking again to get the drug coverage you want. If you make an appeal, it means you are going on to Level 1 of the appeals process.

### Section 6.5 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal

### **Legal Terms**

An appeal to the plan about a Medicare Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan redetermination.

A "fast appeal" is also called an **expedited redetermination**.

### Step 1: Decide if you need a standard appeal or a fast appeal."

A standard appeal is usually made within 7 days. A fast appeal is generally made within 72 hours. If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal

- If you are appealing a decision we made about a drug you have not yet received, you and your doctor or other prescriber will need to decide if you need a fast appeal."
- The requirements for getting a fast appeal" are the same as those for getting a fast coverage decision in Section 6.4 of this chapter.

<u>Step 2:</u> You, your representative, doctor or other prescriber must contact us and make your Level 1 appeal. If your health requires a quick response, you must ask for a fast appeal.

- For standard appeals, submit a written request or call us. Chapter 2 has contact information.
- For fast appeals either submit your appeal in writing or call us at 612-676-6841 or 1-877-523-1517 (this call is free). TTY call 612-676-6810 or 1-800-688-2534 (this call is free). Chapter 2 has contact information.
- We must accept any written request, including a request submitted on the CMS Model Coverage Determination Request Form, which is available on our website. Please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information regarding your claim to assist us in processing your request.
- You may submit an appeal or grievance by logging in to your UCare Member Online Account. To submit an appeal or grievance:
  - Visit our home page at **ucare.org**.
  - Click "Log in" near the upper, right-hand corner of the page.
  - Under "member login," enter your email and password and click "Sign In."
  - Choose "Message Center" from the menu bar at the top of the page.
  - Click "Create New Customer Services Message."
  - Select "Appeal" or "Grievance" (or "Appeal Part D" for eligible Medicare members) in the subject line.
  - Type your appeal or grievance details in the text box.
  - Click "Send Message" when you're ready to send your appeal or grievance to UCare.
- You must make your appeal request within 60 calendar days from the date on the written notice we sent to tell you our answer on the coverage decision. If you miss this deadline and have a good reason for missing it, explain the reason your appeal is late when you make your appeal. We may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good cause may include a serious illness that prevented you from contacting us or if we provided you with incorrect or incomplete information about the deadline for requesting an appeal.
- You can ask for a copy of the information in your appeal and add more information. You and your doctor may add more information to support your appeal.

### Step 3: We consider your appeal and we give you our answer.

When we are reviewing your appeal, we take another careful look at all of the
information about your coverage request. We check to see if we were following all the
rules when we said no to your request. We may contact you or your doctor or other
prescriber to get more information.

- For fast appeals, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we receive your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires us to.
  - If we do not give you an answer within 72 hours, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage we have agreed to provide within 72 hours after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

### Deadlines for a standard appeal for a drug you have not yet received

- For standard appeals, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we
  receive your appeal. We will give you our decision sooner if you have not received the
  drug yet and your health condition requires us to do so.
  - If we do not give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we are required to send your request on to Level 2 of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review organization. Section 6.6 explains the Level 2 appeal process.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the coverage as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we receive your appeal.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no and how you can appeal our decision.

### Deadlines for a standard appeal about payment for a drug you have already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we receive your request.
  - If we do not meet this deadline, we are required to send your request on to Level 2
    of the appeals process, where it will be reviewed by an independent review
    organization.
- If our answer is yes to part or all of what you requested, we are also required to make payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive your request.
- If our answer is no to part or all of what you requested, we will send you a written statement that explains why we said no. We will also tell you how you can appeal.

# <u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your appeal, you decide if you want to continue with the appeals process and make another appeal.

• If you decide to make another appeal, it means your appeal is going on to Level 2 of the appeals process.

### Section 6.6 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal

### **Legal Terms**

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity**. It is sometimes called the **IRE**.

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

### <u>Step 1:</u> You (or your representative or your doctor or other prescriber) must contact the independent review organization and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say no to your Level 1 appeal, the written notice we send you will include instructions on how to make a Level 2 appeal with the independent review organization. These instructions will tell who can make this Level 2 appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the review organization. If, however, we did not complete our review within the applicable timeframe, or make an unfavorable decision regarding at-risk determination under our drug management program, we will automatically forward your claim to the IRE.
- We will send the information about your appeal to this organization. This information is called your case file. You have the right to ask us for a copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the independent review organization additional information to support your appeal.

### **Step 2:** The independent review organization reviews your appeal.

Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

### Deadlines for fast appeal

- If your health requires it, ask the independent review organization for a fast appeal.
- If the organization agrees to give you a fast appeal, the organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 72 hours after it receives your appeal request.

### Deadlines for standard appeal

• For standard appeals, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 7 calendar days after it receives your appeal if it is for a drug you have not yet received. If you are requesting that we pay you back for a drug you have already

bought, the review organization must give you an answer to your Level 2 appeal within 14 calendar days after it receives your request.

### Step 3: The independent review organization gives you their answer.

### For fast appeals:

• If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of what you requested, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 24 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.

### For standard appeals:

- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request for coverage, we must provide the drug coverage that was approved by the review organization within 72 hours after we receive the decision from the review organization.
- If the independent review organization says yes to part or all of your request to pay you back for a drug you already bought, we are required to send payment to you within 30 calendar days after we receive the decision from the review organization.

### What if the review organization says no to your appeal?

If this organization says no to **part or all** of your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request (or part of your request). (This is called **upholding the decision**. It is also called **turning down your appeal**). In this case, the independent review organization will send you a letter:

- Explaining its decision.
- Notifying you of the right to a Level 3 appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting meets a certain minimum. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you are requesting is too low, you cannot make another appeal and the decision at Level 2 is final.
- Telling you the dollar value that must be in dispute to continue with the appeals process.

# <u>Step 4:</u> If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal).
- If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.

• The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

# SECTION 7 How to ask us to cover a longer inpatient hospital stay if you think you are being discharged too soon

When you are admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all of your covered hospital services that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff will be working with you to prepare for the day when you will leave the hospital. They will help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

- The day you leave the hospital is called your **discharge date**.
- When your discharge date is decided, your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you.
- If you think you are being asked to leave the hospital too soon, you can ask for a longer hospital stay and your request will be considered.

# Section 7.1 During your inpatient hospital stay, you will get a written notice from Medicare that tells about your rights

Within two days of being admitted to the hospital, you will be given a written notice called *An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights*. Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice. If you do not get the notice from someone at the hospital (for example, a caseworker or nurse), ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, please call Customer Service or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

- 1. Read this notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand it. It tells you about:
  - Your right to receive Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay, as
    ordered by your doctor. This includes the right to know what these services are, who
    will pay for them, and where you can get them.
  - Your right to be involved in any decisions about your hospital stay.
  - Where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
  - Your right to **request an immediate review** of the decision to discharge you if you think you are being discharged from the hospital too soon. This is a formal, legal way to ask for a delay in your discharge date so that we will cover your hospital care for a longer time.
- 2. You will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it and understand your rights.

- You or someone who is acting on your behalf will be asked to sign the notice.
- Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about your rights. The notice does not give your discharge date. Signing the notice **does** *not* **mean** you are agreeing on a discharge date.
- 3. **Keep your copy** of the notice handy so you will have the information about making an appeal (or reporting a concern about quality of care) handy if you need it.
  - If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you will get another copy before you are scheduled to be discharged.
  - To look at a copy of this notice in advance, you can call Customer Service or 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can also refer to the notice online at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices">https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices</a>.

# Section 7.2 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

If you want to ask for your inpatient hospital services to be covered by us for a longer time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are:

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call
  Customer Service. Or call your SHIP, a government organization that provides
  personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It checks to find out if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing hospital discharge dates for people with Medicare. These experts are not part of our plan.

<u>Step 1:</u> Contact the Quality Improvement Organization for your state and ask for an immediate review of your hospital discharge. You must act quickly.

How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (*An Important Message from Medicare About Your Rights*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

### Act quickly:

- To make your appeal, you must contact the Quality Improvement Organization *before* you leave the hospital and **no later than midnight the day of your discharge**.
  - If you meet this deadline, you may stay in the hospital after your discharge date
    without paying for it while you wait to get the decision from the Quality
    Improvement Organization.
  - **If you do** *not* **meet this deadline,** and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, *you may have to pay all of the costs* for hospital care you receive after your planned discharge date.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to appeal, you must make an appeal directly to our plan instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, see Section 7.4.
- Once you request an immediate review of your hospital discharge the Quality Improvement Organization will contact us. By noon of the day after we are contacted, we will give you a **Detailed Notice of Discharge**. This notice gives your planned discharge date and explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.
- You can get a sample of the **Detailed Notice of Discharge** by calling Customer Service or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) Or you can see a sample notice online at <a href="https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices">www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices</a>.

# <u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you (or your representative) why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The reviewers will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and we have given to them.
- By noon of the day after the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get a written notice from us that gives your planned discharge date. This notice also explains in detail the reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think it is right (medically appropriate) for you to be discharged on that date.

### <u>Step 3:</u> Within one full day after it has all the needed information, the Quality Improvement Organization will give you its answer to your appeal.

### What happens if the answer is yes?

- If the review organization says *yes*, we must keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as these services are medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments if these apply). In addition, there may be limitations on your covered hospital services.

### What happens if the answer is no?

- If the review organization says *no*, they are saying that your planned discharge date is medically appropriate. If this happens, **our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end** at noon on the day *after* the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.
- If the review organization says *no* to your appeal and you decide to stay in the hospital, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you receive after noon on the day after the Quality Improvement Organization gives you its answer to your appeal.

# <u>Step 4:</u> If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If the Quality Improvement Organization has said *no* to your appeal, *and* you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, then you can make another appeal. Making another appeal means you are going on to **Level 2** of the appeals process.

# Section 7.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 Appeal to change your hospital discharge date

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at their decision on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your stay after your planned discharge date.

### <u>Step 1:</u> Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

### <u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

### <u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a Level 2 appeal, the reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

### If the review organization says yes:

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of hospital care you have received since noon on the day after the date your first appeal was turned down by the Quality Improvement Organization. We must continue providing coverage for your inpatient hospital care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and coverage limitations may apply.

### If the review organization says no:

- It means they agree with the decision they made on your Level 1 appeal. This is called upholding the decision.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process.

# <u>Step 4:</u> If the answer is no, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further by going on to Level 3.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If you want to go to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

# Section 7.4 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal to change your hopsital discharge date?

### **Legal Terms**

A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an **expedited appeal**.

### You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to start your Level 1 appeal of your hospital discharge. If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, there is another way to make your appeal.

If you use this other way of making your appeal, the first two levels of appeal are different.

### Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate appeal

### Step 1: Contact us and ask for a fast review.

• **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the "fast" deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

### <u>Step 2:</u> We do a fast review of your planned discharge date, checking to see if it was medically appropriate.

• During this review, we take a look at all of the information about your hospital stay. We check to see if your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. We see if the decision about when you should leave the hospital was fair and followed all the rules.

### Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review.

- If we say *yes* to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you still need to be in the hospital after the discharge date. We will keep providing your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as they are medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say *no* to your appeal, we are saying that your planned discharge date was medically appropriate. Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services ends as of the day we said coverage would end.
  - If you stayed in the hospital *after* your planned discharge date, then **you may have to pay the full cost** of hospital care you received after the planned discharge date.

### <u>Step 4:</u> If we say *no* to your appeal, your case will *automatically* be sent on to the next level of the appeals process.

#### Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate appeal Process

#### **Legal Terms**

The formal name for the independent review organizatio" is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE.** 

The independent review organization is an independent organization hired by Medicare. It is not connected with our plan and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work.

### <u>Step 1:</u> We will automatically forward your case to the independent review organization.

• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

# <u>Step 2:</u> The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal of your hospital discharge.
- If this organization says yes to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of hospital care you received since the date of your planned discharge. We must also continue the plan's coverage of your inpatient hospital services for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover your services.
- If this organization says no to your appeal, it means they agree that your planned hospital discharge date was medically appropriate.
  - The written notice you get from the independent review organization will tell how to start a Level 3 appeal with the review process, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

### <u>Step 3:</u> If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2 (for a total of five levels of appeal). If reviewers say no to your Level 2 appeal, you decide whether to accept their decision or go on to Level 3 appeal.
- Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

# SECTION 8 How to ask us to keep covering certain medical services if you think your coverage is ending too soon

# Section 8.1 This section is only about three services: Home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services

When you are getting covered home health services, skilled nursing care, or rehabilitation care (Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility), you have the right to keep getting your covered services for that type of care for as long as the care is needed to diagnose and treat your illness or injury.

When we decide it is time to stop covering any of the three types of care for you, we are required to tell you in advance. When your coverage for that care ends, we will stop paying our share of the cost for your care.

If you think we are ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

# Section 8.2 We will tell you in advance when your coverage will be ending

### **Legal Term**

**Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.** It tells you how you can request a **fast-track appeal.** Requesting a fast-track appeal is a formal, legal way to request a change to our coverage decision about when to stop your care.

- 1. You receive a notice in writing at least two days before our plan is going to stop covering your care. The notice tells you:
  - The date when we will stop covering the care for you.
  - How to request a fast track appeal to request us to keep covering your care for a longer period of time.
- 2. You, or someone who is acting on your behalf, will be asked to sign the written notice to show that you received it. Signing the notice shows *only* that you have received the information about when your coverage will stop. Signing it does <u>not</u> mean you agree with the plan's decision to stop care.

# Section 8.3 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 1 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

If you want to ask us to cover your care for a longer period of time, you will need to use the appeals process to make this request. Before you start, understand what you need to do and what the deadlines are.

- Follow the process.
- Meet the deadlines.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time, please call Customer Service. Or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program, a government organization that provides personalized assistance.

During a Level 1 appeal, the Quality Improvement Organization reviews your appeal. It decides if the end date for your care is medically appropriate.

The **Quality Improvement Organization** is a group of doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check on and help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. This includes reviewing plan decisions about when it's time to stop covering certain kinds of medical care. These experts are not part of our plan.

### <u>Step 1</u>: Make your Level 1 appeal: contact the Quality Improvement Organization and ask for a *fast-track appeal*. You must act quickly.

### How can you contact this organization?

• The written notice you received (*Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage*) tells you how to reach this organization. Or find the name, address, and phone number of the Quality Improvement Organization for your state in Chapter 2.

#### Act quickly:

- You must contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the Quality Improvement Organization, and you still wish to file an appeal, you must make an appeal directly to us instead. For details about this other way to make your appeal, refer to Section 8.5.

### <u>Step 2</u>: The Quality Improvement Organization conducts an independent review of your case.

### **Legal Term**

**Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage.** Notice that provides details on reasons for ending coverage.

### What happens during this review?

- Health professionals at the Quality Improvement Organization (the *reviewers*) will ask you, or your representative, why you believe coverage for the services should continue. You don't have to prepare anything in writing, but you may do so if you wish.
- The review organization will also look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan has given to them.
- By the end of the day the reviewers tell us of your appeal, you will get the **Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage** from us that explains in detail our reasons for ending our coverage for your services.

# <u>Step 3</u>: Within one full day after they have all the information they need; the reviewers will tell you their decision.

### What happens if the reviewers say yes?

- If the reviewers say yes to your appeal, then we must keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You will have to keep paying your share of the costs (such as deductibles or copayments, if these apply). There may be limitations on your covered services.

### What happens if the reviewers say no?

- If the reviewers say no, then your coverage will end on the date we have told you.
- If you decide to keep getting the home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services after this date when your coverage ends, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care yourself.

### <u>Step 4</u>: If the answer to your Level 1 appeal is no, you decide if you want to make another appeal.

• If reviewers say *no* to your Level 1 appeal – and you choose to continue getting care after your coverage for the care has ended – then you can make a Level 2 appeal.

# Section 8.4 Step-by-step: How to make a Level 2 appeal to have our plan cover your care for a longer time

During a Level 2 appeal, you ask the Quality Improvement Organization to take another look at the decision they made on your first appeal. If the Quality Improvement Organization turns down your Level 2 appeal, you may have to pay the full cost for your home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end.

### <u>Step 1:</u> Contact the Quality Improvement Organization again and ask for another review.

• You must ask for this review **within 60 days** after the day when the Quality Improvement Organization said *no* to your Level 1 appeal. You can ask for this review only if you continued getting care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

### <u>Step 2:</u> The Quality Improvement Organization does a second review of your situation.

• Reviewers at the Quality Improvement Organization will take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.

### <u>Step 3:</u> Within 14 days of receipt of your appeal request, reviewers will decide on your appeal and tell you their decision.

### What happens if the review organization says yes?

- We must reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must continue providing coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.
- You must continue to pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.

### What happens if the review organization says no?

- It means they agree with the decision made to your Level 1 appeal.
- The notice you get will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to continue with the review process. It will give you the details about how to go on to the next level of appeal, which is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator.

# <u>Step 4:</u> If the answer is *no*, you will need to decide whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- The Level 3 appeal is handled by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

# Section 8.5 What if you miss the deadline for making your Level 1 appeal?

### You can appeal to us instead

As explained above, you must act quickly to contact the Quality Improvement Organization to start your first appeal (within a day or two, at the most). If you miss the deadline for contacting this organization, there is another way to make your appeal. If you use this other way of making your appeal, *the first two levels of appeal are different*.

### Step-by-Step: How to make a Level 1 Alternate appeal

### **Legal Terms**

A fast review (or fast appeal) is also called an **expedited appeal**.

### **Step 1:** Contact us and ask for a fast review.

• **Ask for a fast review.** This means you are asking us to give you an answer using the fast deadlines rather than the standard deadlines. Chapter 2 has contact information.

### <u>Step 2:</u> We do a "fast review" of the decision we made about when to end coverage for your services.

During this review, we take another look at all of the information about your case. We
check to find out if we were following all the rules when we set the date for ending the
plan's coverage for services you were receiving.

### Step 3: We give you our decision within 72 hours after you ask for a fast review

- If we say yes to your appeal, it means we have agreed with you that you need services longer, and we will keep providing your covered services for as long as it is medically necessary. It also means that we have agreed to reimburse you for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. (You must pay your share of the costs and there may be coverage limitations that apply.)
- If we say no to your appeal, then your coverage will end on the date we told you and we will not pay any share of the costs after this date.

• If you continued to get home health care, or skilled nursing facility care, or Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services *after* the date when we said your coverage would end, then **you will have to pay the full cost** of this care.

# <u>Step 4:</u> If we say no to your fast appeal, your case will *automatically* go on to the next level of the appeals process.

### **Legal Term**

The formal name for the independent review organization is the **Independent Review Entity.** It is sometimes called the **IRE.** 

### Step-by-Step: Level 2 Alternate Appeal Process

During the Level 2 appeal, the **independent review organization** reviews the decision we made to your fast appeal. This organization decides whether the decision should be changed. **The independent review organization is an independent organization that is hired by Medicare.** This organization is not connected with our plan and it is not a government agency. This organization is a company chosen by Medicare to handle the job of being the independent review organization. Medicare oversees its work.

## <u>Step 1:</u> We will automatically forward your case to the Independent Review Organization.

• We are required to send the information for your Level 2 appeal to the independent review organization within 24 hours of when we tell you that we are saying no to your first appeal. (If you think we are not meeting this deadline or other deadlines, you can make a complaint. Section 10 of this chapter tells how to make a complaint.)

# <u>Step 2:</u> The independent review organization does a fast review of your appeal. The reviewers give you an answer within 72 hours.

- Reviewers at the independent review organization will take a careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- If this organization says *yes* to your appeal, then we must pay you back for our share of the costs of care you have received since the date when we said your coverage would end. We must also continue to cover the care for as long as it is medically necessary. You must continue to pay your share of the costs. If there are coverage limitations, these could limit how much we would reimburse or how long we would continue to cover services.
- If this organization says *no* to your appeal, it means they agree with the decision our plan made to your first appeal and will not change it.
  - The notice you get from the independent review organization will tell you in writing what you can do if you wish to go on to a Level 3 appeal.

### <u>Step 3:</u> If the independent review organization turns down your appeal, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels of appeal after Level 2, for a total of five levels of appeal. If you want to go on to a Level 3 appeal, the details on how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 appeal decision.
- A Level 3 appeal is reviewed by an Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator. Section 9 in this chapter tells more about Levels 3, 4, and 5 of the appeals process.

### SECTION 9 Taking your appeal to Level 3 and beyond

### Section 9.1 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medical Service Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the dollar value of the item or medical service you have appealed meets certain minimum levels, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar value is less than the minimum level, you cannot appeal any further. The written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain how to make a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 Appeal An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says yes to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over. Unlike a decision at a Level 2 appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you. If we decide to appeal, it will go to a Level 4 appeal.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Administrative Law Judge's or attorney adjudicator's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will send you a copy of the Level 4 appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- If the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator says no to your appeal, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

**Level 4 Appeal** The Medicare **Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, or if the Council denies our request to review a favorable Level 3 appeal decision, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over. Unlike a decision at Level 2, we have the right to appeal a Level 4 decision that is favorable to you. We will decide whether to appeal this decision to Level 5.
  - If we decide *not* to appeal the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the medical care within 60 calendar days after receiving the Council's decision.
  - If we decide to appeal the decision, we will let you know in writing.
- If the answer is no or if the Council denies the review request, the appeals process *may* or *may not* be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal, the notice you get will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal and how to continue with a Level 5 appeal.

Level 5 Appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court

### Section 9.2 Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you have made a Level 1 appeal and a Level 2 appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you have appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. If the dollar amount is less, you cannot appeal any further. The

written response you receive to your Level 2 appeal will explain who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 appeal.

For most situations that involve appeals, the last three levels of appeal work in much the same way. Here is who handles the review of your appeal at each of these levels.

Level 3 appeal

An Administrative Law Judge or an attorney adjudicator who works for the Federal government will review your appeal and give you an answer.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Administrative Law Judge or attorney adjudicator within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 appeal.

Level 4 appeal

The **Medicare Appeals Council** (Council) will review your appeal and give you an answer. The Council is part of the Federal government.

- If the answer is yes, the appeals process is over. We must authorize or provide the drug coverage that was approved by the Council within 72 hours (24 hours for expedited appeals) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we receive the decision.
- If the answer is no, the appeals process may or may not be over.
  - If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
  - If you do not want to accept the decision, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. If the Council says no to your appeal or denies your request to review the appeal, the notice will tell you whether the rules allow you to go on to a Level 5 appeal. It will also tell you who to contact and what to do next if you choose to continue with your appeal.

### Level 5 appeal A judge at the Federal District Court will review your appeal.

• A judge will review all of the information and decide *yes* or *no* to your request. This is a final answer. There are no more appeal levels after the Federal District Court.

### MAKING COMPLAINTS

# SECTION 10 How to make a complaint about quality of care, waiting times, customer service, or other concerns

# Section 10.1 What kinds of problems are handled by the complaint process?

The complaint process is *only* used for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

Complaint	Example
Quality of your medical care	<ul> <li>Are you unhappy with the quality of the care you have received (including care in the hospital)?</li> </ul>
Respecting your privacy	Did someone not respect your right to privacy or share confidential information?
Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors	<ul> <li>Has someone been rude or disrespectful to you?</li> <li>Are you unhappy with our Customer Service?</li> <li>Do you feel you are being encouraged to leave the plan?</li> </ul>
Waiting times	<ul> <li>Are you having trouble getting an appointment, or waiting too long to get it?</li> <li>Have you been kept waiting too long by doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals? Or by our Customer Service or other staff at the plan?</li> <li>Examples include waiting too long on the phone, in the waiting room or exam room, or getting a prescription.</li> </ul>

Complaint	Example
Cleanliness	<ul> <li>Are you unhappy with the cleanliness or condition of a clinic, hospital, or doctor's office?</li> </ul>
Information you get from us	<ul><li>Did we fail to give you a required notice?</li><li>Is our written information hard to understand?</li></ul>
Timeliness (These types of complaints are all related to the timeliness of our actions related to coverage decisions and appeals)	<ul> <li>If you have asked for a coverage decision or made an appeal, and you think that we are not responding quickly enough, you can make a complaint about our slowness. Here are examples:</li> <li>You asked us for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," and we have said no; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for giving you a coverage decision or appeals; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we are not meeting the deadlines for covering or reimbursing you for certain medical services or drugs that were approved; you can make a complaint.</li> <li>You believe we failed to meet required deadlines for forwarding your case to the independent review organization; you can make a complaint.</li> </ul>

### Section 10.2 How to make a complaint

### **Legal Terms**

- A **complaint** is also called a **grievance**.
- Making a complaint is also called filing a grievance.
- Using the process for complaints is also called using the process for filing a grievance.
- A fast complaint is also called an expedited grievance.

### Section 10.3 Step-by-step: Making a complaint

### Step 1: Contact us promptly - either by phone or in writing.

• Usually, calling Customer Service is the first step. If there is anything else you need to do, Customer Service will let you know.

- If you do not wish to call (or you called and were not satisfied), you can put your complaint in writing and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- Our complaint procedure includes both oral and written complaint processes as described below.

### Oral complaint

- If we are not able to resolve your oral complaint right away over the phone, we will look into your complaint and give you a response as quickly as your situation requires based on your health status, but no later than 30 calendar days from the date you called us.
- We will call and tell you what we can do about your complaint or tell you our decision. If you request a written response to your oral complaint, we will respond in writing to you.
- We may extend the timeframe for resolving your oral complaint by an additional 14 calendar days if you request the extension or if we justify a need for additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If we extend the deadline, we must immediately notify you in writing of the reason(s) for the delay.
- If we cannot resolve your oral complaint over the phone, or if you do not agree or are dissatisfied with our response, we have a formal procedure where you can file a written grievance.

#### Written grievance

You can write us about your complaint. Mail your written complaint letter to:

Attn: Member Appeals and Grievances UCare PO Box 52 Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052

Or email us at cag@ucare.org.

If you prefer to deliver your written complaint to us, our street address is: 500 Stinson Blvd. NE Minneapolis, MN 55413

- You can also fax your written complaint to us at 612-884-2021 or 1-866-283-8015.
- We can help you put your complaint in writing. If you need help, call Customer Service.
- We will notify you within ten (10) calendar days that we have received your written complaint.

- Within 30 days we will send you a letter about our findings or decision.
- We may extend the time frame for resolving your written complaint by an
  additional 14 calendar days if you request the extension or if we justify a need for
  additional information and the delay is in your best interest. If we extend the
  deadline, we must immediately notify you in writing of the reason(s) for the
  delay.

If your grievance is about our denial of an expedited reconsideration, organization determination, or coverage determination, we'll give you a decision within 24 hours.

• The **deadline** for rmaking a complaint is **60 calendar days** from the time you had the problem you want to complain about.

### Step 2: We look into your complaint and give you our answer.

- If possible, we will answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call.
- Most complaints are answered within 30 calendar days. If we need more information and the delay is in your best interest or if you ask for more time, we can take up to 14 more calendar days (44 calendar days total) to answer your complaint. If we decide to take extra days, we will tell you in writing.
- If you are making a complaint because we denied your request for a fast coverage decision or a fast appeal, we will automatically give you a fast complaint. If you have a fast complaint, it means we will give you an answer within 24 hours.
- If we do not agree with some or all of your complaint or don't take responsibility for the problem you are complaining about, we will include our reasons in our response to you.

# Section 10.4 You can also make complaints about quality of care to the Quality Improvement Organization

When your complaint is about *quality of care*, you also have two extra options:

• You can make your complaint directly to the Quality Improvement Organization.

The Quality Improvement Organization is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. Chapter 2 has contact information.

Or

You can make your complaint to both the Quality Improvement Organization and us at the same time.

### Section 10.5 You can also tell Medicare about your complaint

You can submit a complaint about Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial directly to Medicare. To submit a complaint to Medicare, go to <a href="https://www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx">www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</a>. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY/TDD users can call 1-877-486-2048.

# CHAPTER 10 Ending your membership in the plan

### SECTION 1 Introduction to ending your membership in our plan

Ending your membership in Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial may be **voluntary** (your own choice) or **involuntary** (not your own choice):

- You might leave our plan because you have decided that you *want* to leave. Sections 2 and 3 provide information on ending your membership voluntarily.
- There are also limited situations where we are required to end your membership. Section 5 tells you about situations when we must end your membership.

If you are leaving our plan, our plan must continue to provide your medical care and prescription drugs and you will continue to pay your cost share until your membership ends.

### SECTION 2 When can you end your membership in our plan?

### Section 2.1 You can end your membership during the Annual Enrollment Period

You can end your membership during the **Annual Enrollment Period** (also known as the **Annual Open Enrollment Period**). This is the time when you should review your health and drug coverage and make a decision about your coverage for the upcoming year.

- The Annual Enrollment Period is from October 15 to December 7.
- Choose to keep your current coverage or make changes to your coverage for the upcoming year. If you decide to change to a new plan, you can choose any of the following types of plans:
  - Another Medicare health plan with our without prescription drug coverage.
  - Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
  - Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.
    - If you choose this option, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 or more days in a row, you may have to pay a Medicare Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

• Your membership will end when your new plan when your new plan's coverage begins on January 1.

### Section 2.2 You can end your membership during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period

You have the opportunity to make *one* change to your health coverage during the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period**.

- The annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period is from January 1 to March 31.
- During the annual Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period you can:
  - Switch to another Medicare Advantage Plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
  - Disenroll from our plan and obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time.
- Your membership will end on the first day of the month after you enroll in a different Medicare Advantage plan or we get your request to switch to Original Medicare. If you also choose to enroll in a Medicare prescription drug plan, your membership in the drug plan will begin the first day of the month after the drug plan gets your enrollment request.

# Section 2.3 In certain situations, you can end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period

In certain situations, members of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial may be eligible to end their membership at other times of the year. This is known as a **Special Enrollment Period**.

You may be eligible to end your membership during a Special Enrollment Period if any of the following situations apply to you. These are just examples, for the full list you can contact the plan, call Medicare, or visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov):

- Usually, when you have moved.
- If you have Medical Assistance (Medicaid).
- If you are eligible for "Extra Help" with paying for your Medicare prescriptions.
- If we violate our contract with you.
- If you are getting care in an institution, such as a nursing home or long-term care (LTC) hospital.

**Note:** If you're in a drug management program, you may not be able to change plans. Chapter 5, Section 10 tells you more about drug management programs.

The enrollment time periods vary depending on your situation.

**To find out if you are eligible for a Special Enrollment Period**, please call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. If you are eligible to end your membership because of a special situation, you can choose to change both your Medicare health coverage and prescription drug coverage. You can choose:

- Another Medicare health plan with or without prescription drug coverage.
- Original Medicare *with* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

OR

• Original Medicare *without* a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.

**Note:** If you disenroll from Medicare prescription drug coverage and go without creditable prescription drug coverage for 63 days or more in a row, you may have to pay a Part D late enrollment penalty if you join a Medicare drug plan later.

**Your membership will usually end** on the first day of the month after your request to change your plan is received.

If you receive "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drugs: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you have opted out of automatic enrollment.

### Section 2.4 Where can you get more information about when you can end your membership?

If you have any questions about ending your membership, you can:

- Call Customer Service.
- Find the information in the *Medicare & You 2024* handbook.
- Contact **Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

### SECTION 3 How do you end your membership in our plan?

The table below explains how you should end your membership in our plan.

If you would like to switch from our plan to:	This is what you should do:
Another Medicare health plan.	<ul> <li>Enroll in the new Medicare health plan.</li> <li>You will automatically be disenrolled from Care Core with M Health Fairview &amp; North Memorial when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
Original Medicare <i>with</i> a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	<ul> <li>Enroll in the new Medicare prescription drug plan.</li> <li>You will automatically be disenrolled from Care Core with M Health Fairview &amp; North Memorial when your new plan's coverage begins.</li> </ul>
Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan.	<ul> <li>Send us a written request to disenroll or visit our website to disenroll online. Contact Customer Service if you need more information on how to do this.</li> <li>You can also contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and ask to be disenrolled. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.</li> <li>You will be disenrolled from Care Core with M Health Fairview &amp; North Memorial when your coverage in Original Medicare begins.</li> </ul>

# SECTION 4 Until your membership ends, you must keep getting your medical items, services and drugs through our plan

Until your membership ends, and your new Medicare coverage begins, you must continue to get your medical services, items, and prescription drugs through our plan.

• Continue to use our network providers to receive medical care.

- Continue to use our network pharmacies or mail order to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership ends, your hospital stay will be covered by our plan until you are discharged (even if you are discharged after your new health coverage begins).

# SECTION 5 Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial must end your membership in the plan in certain situations

### Section 5.1 When must we end your membership in the plan?

Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial must end your membership in the plan if any of the following happen:

- If you no longer have Medicare Part A and Part B.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
  - If you move or take a long trip, call Customer Service to find out if the place you are moving or traveling to is in our plan's area.
- If you become incarcerated (go to prison).
- If you are no longer a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States.
- If you lie or withhold information about other insurance you have that provides prescription drug coverage.
- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
- If you let someone else use your membership card to get medical care. (We cannot make you leave our plan for this reason unless we get permission from Medicare first.)
  - If we end your membership because of this reason, Medicare may have your case investigated by the Inspector General.

- If you do not pay the plan premiums for 90 days.
  - We must notify you in writing that you have 90 days to pay the plan premium before we end your membership.
- If you are required to pay the extra Medicare Part D amount because of your income and you do not pay it, Medicare will disenroll you from our plan and you will lose prescription drug coverage.

### Where can you get more information?

If you have questions or would like more information on when we can end your membership, call Customer Service.

### Section 5.2 We <u>cannot</u> ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial is not allowed to ask you to leave our plan for any health-related reasons.

### What should you do if this happens?

If you feel that you are being asked to leave our plan because of a health-related reason, call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY 1-877-486-2048).

## Section 5.3 You have the right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership.

# CHAPTER 11 Legal Notices

### SECTION 1 Notice about governing law

The principal law that applies to this *Evidence of Coverage* document is Title XVIII of the Social Security Act and the regulations created under the Social Security Act by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, or CMS. In addition, other Federal laws may apply and, under certain circumstances, the laws of the state you live in. This may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in this document.

### SECTION 2 Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate based on race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area. All organizations that provide Medicare Advantage plans, like our plan, must obey Federal laws against discrimination, including Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Americans with Disabilities Act, Section 1557 of the Affordable Care Act, all other laws that apply to organizations that get Federal funding, and any other laws and rules that apply for any other reason.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment, please call the Department of Health and Human Services' **Office for Civil Rights** at 1-800-368-1019 (TTY 1-800-537-7697) or your local Office for Civil Rights. You can also review information from the Department of Health and Human Services' Office for Civil Rights at <a href="https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html">https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/index.html</a>.

If you have a disability and need help with access to care, please call Customer Service. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Customer Service can help.

# SECTION 3 Notice about Medicare Secondary Payer subrogation rights

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the primary payer. According to CMS regulations at 42 CFR sections 422.108 and 423.462, Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, as a Medicare Advantage Organization, will exercise the same rights of recovery that the Secretary exercises under CMS regulations in subparts B through D of part 411 of 42 CFR and the rules established in this section supersede any State laws.

### SECTION 4 Notice about member's term of coverage

Your coverage under this *Evidence of Coverage* will begin on the CMS-confirmed effective date and will end on the date of disenrollment, or on December 31. Services must be received (expenses must be incurred) during the term of your coverage. In no event is there coverage

under the plan before your effective date or after your disenrollment date with one exception. If on December 31 you are an inpatient in a hospital, a rehabilitation hospital, or a distinct part of a hospital used as an inpatient rehabilitation unit, your coverage for Medicare Part A inpatient expenses will continue until you are discharged from that place of confinement.

#### SECTION 5 Notice about amendments

From time to time, this *Evidence of Coverage* may be amended. If that happens, either a whole new Evidence of Coverage or relevant amendment pages will be sent to you. Any change or any rider added to this *Evidence of Coverage* is effective on its own specific effective date.

No change will be made to this *Evidence of Coverage* unless made by an amendment or a rider that has received prior approval from CMS. No one has the authority to make any oral changes or amendments to this *Evidence of Coverage*.

### SECTION 6 Notice about assignment of rights

No rights under this *Evidence of Coverage* are assignable by you or your representative. Any attempted assignment will be void. However, you may assign payment for covered services to your physician or other provider.

### SECTION 7 Notice about conformity with statutes

Any provision of this *Evidence of Coverage* that is in conflict with the requirements of Federal statutes and regulations, or the applicable statutes and regulations of the jurisdiction in which it is delivered, to the extent not preempted by Federal law, is hereby amended to conform to the requirements of such statutes and regulations. If during the term of this *Evidence of Coverage* any Federal or state laws or regulations are amended, this *Evidence of Coverage* is hereby amended to conform to the minimum requirements of such changes, as of their legislative effective dates.

### SECTION 8 Notice about clerical error

A clerical error will neither deprive you of coverage nor create a right to benefits not covered under this *Evidence of Coverage*.

### **SECTION 9** Appointed representatives

You can name (appoint) someone to serve as your personal representative. You can name a relative, friend, advocate, doctor, or someone else to act for you. Some other persons may already be authorized under state law to act for you. If you currently have a Power of Attorney, you will need to send a copy of the papers to us so that this information will be saved in your

file. If you want someone to act for you, then you and the person you want to act for you must sign and date a statement that gives this person legal permission to act as your representative. This statement must be sent to us at the address shown in Chapter 2. You can call the Customer Service number in Chapter 2 to learn how to name your representative and to receive the Statement of Representative form. Please note that we cannot discuss member-specific information with someone other than the member or member's representative unless otherwise allowed by law.

### SECTION 10 Provider opt-out of Medicare

A physician or other provider can choose to opt-out of the Medicare program by providing most services that would otherwise be covered by Medicare to any Medicare beneficiary through a private contract. Services provided by such physicians and providers will not be covered under this plan nor under Original Medicare. Emergency care, urgently needed care, and services provided as a supplemental benefit by a physician or practitioner are exceptions to this rule. You are responsible for asking out-of-network physicians or providers if they have opted out of the Medicare program.

### **SECTION 11** Third party liability

If you suffer an injury or illness for which a third party is liable or responsible due to a negligent or intentional act or omission causing such illness or injury to you, you must promptly notify us of the illness or injury. A "third party" is any person other than you or UCare, and includes any insurer providing coverage available to you, including but not limited to: liability, uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist, personal umbrella, workers' compensation and all other first party types of coverage. We will send you a statement of the amounts we paid for services provided in connection with the injury or illness. If you recover any sums from any third party in connection with the illness or injury, we shall be reimbursed out of such recovery for the payments we made on your behalf, subject to the limitations in the following paragraphs:

1. Our payments are less than the judgment or settlement amount. If our payments are less than the total recovery amount from any third party (the "third party recovery amount"), then our reimbursement will be calculated as follows:

Step One: Determine the ratio of the procurement costs to the third party recovery amount. "Procurement costs" means attorney's fees and other costs and expenses incurred in obtaining a settlement or judgment in connection with the third party recovery amount.

Step Two: Apply the ratio calculated in Step One to our payments. The result is our share of the procurement costs.

Step Three: Subtract our share of the procurement costs from our payments. The remainder is our reimbursement amount.

- 2. Our payments equal or exceed the judgment or settlement amount. If our payments equal or exceed the third party recovery amount, our reimbursement amount is the total third party recovery amount minus the total procurement costs.
- 3. We incur procurement costs because of opposition to its recovery. If we must bring suit against the party that received the third party recovery amount because that party opposes our reimbursement, our reimbursement amount is the lower of the following:
  - a. Our payments made on your behalf for services; or
  - b. The third party recovery amount, minus the party's total procurement cost.

Subject to the limitations stated above, you agree to grant us an assignment of, and a claim and a lien against, any amounts so recovered through settlement, judgment or verdict. You may be required by us to execute documents and to provide information necessary to establish the assignment, claim, or lien to ascertain our right to reimbursement.

# CHAPTER 12 Definitions of important words

### Chapter 12. Definitions of important words

**Allowed Amount** – For in-network providers, the maximum amount paid by UCare for covered health plan services. For out-of-network providers, the amount paid by UCare for covered health plan services is the lesser of the provider's billed amount or the Medicare-allowed amount.

**Ambulatory Surgical Center** – An Ambulatory Surgical Center is an entity that operates exclusively for the purpose of furnishing outpatient surgical services to patients not requiring hospitalization and whose expected stay in the center does not exceed 24 hours.

**Annual Enrollment Period** – The time period of October 15 until December 7 of each year when members can change their health or drug plans or switch to Original Medicare.

**Appeal** – An appeal is something you do if you disagree with our decision to deny a request for coverage of health care services or prescription drugs or payment for services or drugs you already received. You may also make an appeal if you disagree with our decision to stop services that you are receiving.

**Balance Billing** – When a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills a patient more than the plan's allowed cost-sharing amount. As a member of Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial, you only have to pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services covered by our plan. We do not allow providers to **balance bill** or otherwise charge you more than the amount of cost sharing your plan says you must pay.

Benefit Period – The way that Original Medicare measures your use of hospital and skilled nursing facility (SNF) services. A benefit period begins the day you go into a hospital or skilled nursing facility. The benefit period ends when you have not received any inpatient hospital care (or skilled care in a SNF) for 60 days in a row. A new benefit period can begin only after any existing benefit period ends and there is no limit to the number of benefit periods. For both our plan and Original Medicare, a benefit period is used to determine coverage for inpatient stays in skilled nursing facilities. For inpatient hospital care, the cost sharing described in the Medical Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 applies each time you are admitted to the hospital.

**Biological Product** – A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological products.

**Biosimilar** – A prescription drug that is considered to be very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars generally work just as well, and are as safe, as the original biological product; however, biosimilars generally require a new prescription to substitute for the original biological product. Interchangeable biosimilars have met additional requirements that allow them to be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without a new prescription, subject to state laws.

**Brand Name Drug** – A prescription drug that is manufactured and sold by the pharmaceutical company that originally researched and developed the drug. Brand name drugs have the same

active-ingredient formula as the generic version of the drug. However, generic drugs are manufactured and sold by other drug manufacturers and are generally not available until after the patent on the brand name drug has expired.

Calendar Year – A twelve (12) month period that begins January 1 and ends twelve (12) consecutive months later on December 31.

**Catastrophic Coverage Stage** – The stage in the Part D Drug Benefit that begins when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$8,000 for Part D coverage drugs during the covered year. During this payment stage, the plan pays the full cost for your covered Part D drugs. You pay nothing.

**Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)** – The Federal agency that administers Medicare.

Chronic-Care Special Needs Plan – C-SNPs are SNPs that restrict enrollment to MA eligible individuals who have one or more severe or disabling chronic conditions, as defined under 42 CFR 422.2, including restricting enrollment based on the multiple commonly co-morbid and clinically-linked condition groupings specified in 42 CFR 422.4(a)(1)(iv).

**Coinsurance** – An amount you may be required to pay, expressed as a percentage (for example 20%) as your share of the cost for services or prescription drugs after you pay any deductibles.

**Complaint** – The formal name for making a complaint is **filing a grievance**. The complaint process is used *only* for certain types of problems. This includes problems related to quality of care, waiting times, and the customer service you receive. It also includes complaints if your plan does not follow the time periods in the appeal process.

Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) – A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness or injury, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy and speech-language pathology services, and home environment evaluation services.

**Copayment (or copay)** – An amount you may be required to pay as your share of the cost for a medical service or supply, like a doctor's visit, hospital outpatient visit, or a prescription drug. A copayment is a set amount (for example \$10), rather than a percentage.

Cost Sharing – Cost sharing refers to amounts that a member has to pay when services or drugs are received. (This is in addition to the plan's monthly premium.) Cost sharing includes any combination of the following three types of payments: (1) any deductible amount a plan may impose before services or drugs are covered; (2) any fixed *copayment* amount that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received; or (3) any *coinsurance* amount, a percentage of the total amount paid for a service or drug, that a plan requires when a specific service or drug is received.

**Cost-Sharing Tier** – Every drug on the list of covered drugs is in one of five cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

**Coverage Determination** – A decision about whether a drug prescribed for you is covered by the plan and the amount, if any, you are required to pay for the prescription. In general, if you bring your prescription to a pharmacy and the pharmacy tells you the prescription isn't covered under your plan, that isn't a coverage determination. You need to call or write to your plan to ask for a formal decision about the coverage. Coverage determinations are called **coverage decisions** in this document.

Covered Drugs - The term we use to mean all of the prescription drugs covered by our plan.

**Covered Services** – The term we use to mean all of the health care services and supplies that are covered by our plan.

Creditable Prescription Drug Coverage – Prescription drug coverage (for example, from an employer or union) that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as Medicare's standard prescription drug coverage. People who have this kind of coverage when they become eligible for Medicare can generally keep that coverage without paying a penalty, if they decide to enroll in Medicare prescription drug coverage later.

Custodial Care – Custodial care is personal care provided in a nursing home, hospice, or other facility setting when you do not need skilled medical care or skilled nursing care. Custodial care, provided by people who do not have professional skills or training, includes help with activities of daily living like bathing, dressing, eating, getting in or out of a bed or chair, moving around, and using the bathroom. It may also include the kind of health-related care that most people do themselves, like using eye drops. Medicare doesn't pay for custodial care.

**Customer Service** – A department within our plan responsible for answering your questions about your membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals.

**Daily cost-sharing rate** – A daily cost-sharing rate may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copayment. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copayment divided by the number of days in a month's supply. Here is an example: If your copayment for a one-month supply of a drug is \$30, and a one-month's supply in your plan is 30 days, then your daily cost-sharing rate is \$1 per day.

**Deductible** – The amount you must pay for health care or prescriptions before our plan pays.

**Disenroll or Disenrollment** – The process of ending your membership in our plan.

**Dispensing Fee** – A fee charged each time a covered drug is dispensed to pay for the cost of filling a prescription, such as the pharmacist's time to prepare and package the prescription.

**Durable Medical Equipment (DME)** – Certain medical equipment that is ordered by your doctor for medical reasons. Examples include walkers, wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment, nebulizers, or hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home.

**Emergency** – A medical emergency is when you, or any other prudent layperson with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that require immediate medical attention to prevent loss of life (and, if you are a pregnant woman,

loss of an unborn child), loss of a limb, or loss of function of a limb, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function. The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency Care – Covered services that are: 1) provided by a provider qualified to furnish emergency services; and 2) needed to treat, evaluate, or stabilize an emergency medical condition.

*Evidence of Coverage* (EOC) and Disclosure Information – This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, riders, or other optional coverage selected, which explains your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you have to do as a member of our plan.

**E-visit** – Secure, encrypted web access via remote technology, providing online exchange of non-urgent medical information between a health care provider and an established patient. E-visits follow established medical protocols and the prescribing and/or treatment recommendations follow state laws and are within the provider's scope of practice.

Exception – A type of coverage decision that, if approved, allows you to get a drug that is not on our formulary (a formulary exception), or get a non-preferred drug at a lower cost-sharing level (a tiering exception). You may also request an exception if our plan requires you to try another drug before receiving the drug you are requesting, or if our plan limits the quantity or dosage of the drug you are requesting (a formulary exception).

"Extra Help" – A Medicare or State program to help people with limited income and resources pay Medicare prescription drug program costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and coinsurance.

**Generic Drug** – A prescription drug that is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) as having the same active ingredient(s) as the brand name drug. Generally, a generic drug works the same as a brand name drug and usually costs less.

**Grievance** – A type of complaint you make about our plan, providers or pharmacies, including a complaint concerning the quality of your care. This does not involve coverage or payment disputes.

**Home Health Aide** – A person who provides services that do not need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (e.g., bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises).

**Hospice** – A benefit that provides special treatment for a member who has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less. We, your plan, must provide you with a list of hospices in your geographic area. If you elect hospice and continue to pay premiums you are still a member of our plan. You can still obtain all medically necessary services as well as the supplemental benefits we offer.

**Hospital Inpatient Stay** – A hospital stay when you have been formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an *outpatient*.

**Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount (IRMAA)** – If your modified adjusted gross income as reported on your IRS tax return from 2 years ago is above a certain amount, you'll pay the standard premium amount and an Income Related Monthly Adjustment Amount, also known as IRMAA. IRMAA is an extra charge added to your premium. Less than 5% of people with Medicare are affected, so most people will not pay a higher premium.

Initial Coverage Limit - The maximum limit of coverage under the Initial Coverage Stage.

**Initial Coverage Stage** – This is the stage before your total drug costs including amounts you have paid and what your plan has paid on your behalf for the year have reached \$5,030.

Initial Enrollment Period – When you are first eligible for Medicare, the period of time when you can sign up for Medicare Part A and Part B. If you're eligible for Medicare when you turn 65, your Initial Enrollment Period is the 7-month period that begins 3 months before the month you turn 65, includes the month you turn 65, and ends 3 months after the month you turn 65.

**Lifetime Reserve Days** – In Original Medicare, these are additional days that Medicare will pay for when you're in a hospital for more than 90 days. You have a total of 60 reserve days that can be used during your lifetime. For each lifetime reserve day, Medicare pays all covered costs except for a daily coinsurance.

**List of Covered Drugs (Formulary or "Drug List")** – A list of prescription drugs covered by the plan.

Low Income Subsidy (LIS) - Refer to "Extra Help."

**Maximum Charge (Limiting Charge)** – Non-participating providers can charge more than the Medicare-approved amount. The "limiting charge" is 15% over Medicare's approved amount. The limiting charge only applies to certain services and doesn't apply to supplies or equipment.

**Maximum Out-of-Pocket Amount** – The most that you pay out-of-pocket during the calendar year for in-network covered Part A and Part B services. Amounts you pay for your plan premiums, Medicare Part A and Part B premiums, and prescription drugs do not count toward the maximum out-of-pocket amount.

**Medicaid (or Medical Assistance)** – A joint Federal and state program that helps with medical costs for some people with low incomes and limited resources. State Medicaid programs vary, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

**Medically Accepted Indication** – A use of a drug that is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration or supported by certain reference books.

**Medically Necessary** – Services, supplies, or drugs that are needed for the prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of your medical condition and meet accepted standards of medical practice.

**Medicare** – The Federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with End-Stage Renal Disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant).

Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period – The time period from January 1 until March 31 when members in a Medicare Advantage plan can cancel their plan enrollment and switch to another Medicare Advantage plan or obtain coverage through Original Medicare. If you choose to switch to Original Medicare during this period, you can also join a separate Medicare prescription drug plan at that time. The Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment is also available for a 3-month period after an individual is first eligible for Medicare.

Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan – Sometimes called Medicare Part C. A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. A Medicare Advantage Plan can be an i) HMO, ii) PPO, a iii) Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) plan, or a iv) Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) plan. Besides choosing from these types of plans, a Medicare Advantage HMO or PPO plan can also be a Special Needs Plan (SNP). In most cases, Medicare Advantage Plans also offer Medicare Part D (prescription drug coverage). These plans are called Medicare Advantage Plans with Prescription Drug Coverage.

**Medicare Cost Plan** – A Medicare Cost Plan is a plan operated by a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or Competitive Medical Plan (CMP) in accordance with a cost-reimbursed contract under section 1876(h) of the Act.

**Medicare Coverage Gap Discount Program** – A program that provides discounts on most covered Medicare Part D brand name drugs to Medicare Part D members who have reached the Coverage Gap Stage and who are not already receiving "Extra Help." Discounts are based on agreements between the Federal government and certain drug manufacturers.

**Medicare-Covered Services** – Services covered by Medicare Part A and Part B. All Medicare health plans must cover all of the services that are covered by Medicare Part A and B. The term Medicare-Covered Services does not include the extra benefits, such as vision, dental or hearing, that a Medicare Advantage plan may offer.

**Medicare Fee Schedule** – A listing of fees used by Original Medicare to pay providers or other suppliers.

Medicare Health Plan – A Medicare health plan is offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide Part A and Part B benefits to people with Medicare who enroll in the plan. This term includes all Medicare Advantage Plans, Medicare Cost Plans, Special Needs Plans, Demonstration/Pilot Programs, and Programs of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE).

**Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage (Medicare Part D)** – Insurance to help pay for outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, biologicals, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Part B.

**Medigap (Medicare Supplement Insurance) Policy** – Medicare supplement insurance sold by private insurance companies to fill *gaps* in Original Medicare. Medigap policies only work with Original Medicare. (A Medicare Advantage Plan is not a Medigap policy.)

**Member (Member of our Plan, or Plan Member)** – A person with Medicare who is eligible to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS).

**Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that contracts with our plan where members of our plan can get their prescription drug benefits. In most cases, your prescriptions are covered only if they are filled at one of our network pharmacies.

**Network Provider** – **Provider** is the general term for doctors, other health care professionals, hospitals, and other health care facilities that are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the State to provide health care services. **Network providers** have an agreement with our plan to accept our payment as payment in full, and in some cases to coordinate as well as provide covered services to members of our plan. Network providers are also called **plan providers**.

**Organization Determination** – A decision our plan makes about whether items or services are covered or how much you have to pay for covered items or services. Organization determinations are called *coverage decisions* in this document.

Original Medicare (Traditional Medicare or Fee-for-service Medicare) – Original Medicare is offered by the government, and not a private health plan such as Medicare Advantage Plans and prescription drug plans. Under Original Medicare, Medicare services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers payment amounts established by Congress. You can go to any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare. You must pay the deductible. Medicare pays its share of the Medicare-approved amount, and you pay your share. Original Medicare has two parts: Part A (Hospital Insurance) and Part B (Medical Insurance) and is available everywhere in the United States.

**Out-of-Network Pharmacy** – A pharmacy that does not have a contract with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies are not covered by our plan unless certain conditions apply.

**Out-of-Network Provider or Out-of-Network Facility** – A provider or facility that does not have a contract with out plan to coordinate or provide covered services to members of our plan. Out-of-network providers are providers that are not employed, owned, or operated by our plan.

**Out-of-Pocket Costs** – Refer to the definition for cost sharing above. A member's cost-sharing requirement to pay for a portion of services or drugs received is also referred to as the member's out-of-pocket cost requirement.

Part C - Refer to Medicare Advantage (MA) Plan.

**Part D** – The voluntary Medicare Prescription Drug Benefit Program.

**Part D Drugs** – Drugs that can be covered under Part D. We may or may not offer all Part D drugs. Certain categories of drugs have been excluded as covered Part D drugs by Congress. Certain categories of Part D drugs must be covered by every plan.

**Part D Late Enrollment Penalty** – An amount added to your monthly premium for Medicare drug coverage if you go without creditable coverage (coverage that is expected to pay, on average, at least as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage) for a continuous period of 63 days or more after you are first eligible to join a Part D plan.

**Point-of-Service Benefit** – Coverage for certain covered services provided by out-of-network providers, within the United States and its territories, that may be at a higher cost sharing level (out-of-network level). See Chapter 4, Section 2.2 for more information.

Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) Plan – A Preferred Provider Organization plan is a Medicare Advantage Plan that has a network of contracted providers that have agreed to treat plan members for a specified payment amount. A PPO plan must cover all plan benefits whether they are received from network or out-of-network providers. Member cost sharing will generally be higher when plan benefits are received from out-of-network providers. PPO plans have an annual limit on your out-of-pocket costs for services received from network (preferred) providers and a higher limit on your total combined out-of-pocket costs for services from both network (preferred) and out-of-network (non-preferred) providers.

**Premium** – The periodic payment to Medicare, an insurance company, or a health care plan for health or prescription drug coverage.

**Prescription Drug Benefit Manager** – A company under contract with UCare that manages specific delegated aspects of the pharmacy benefit, including claims processing and coverage determinations.

**Primary Care Provider (PCP)** – The doctor or other provider you go to first for most health problems. In many Medicare health plans, you must go to your primary care provider before you go to any other health care provider.

**Prior Authorization** – Approval in advance to get services or certain drugs. Covered services that need prior authorization are marked in the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4. Covered drugs that need prior authorization are marked in the formulary.

**Prosthetics and Orthotics** – Medical devices including, but are not limited to, arm, back and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

**Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)** – A group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the Federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients.

**Quantity Limits** – A management tool that is designed to limit the use of selected drugs for quality, safety, or utilization reasons. Limits may be on the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription or for a defined period of time.

**Real-Time Benefit Tool** – A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific formulary and benefit information. This includes cost sharing amounts, alternative formulary medications that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (Prior Authorization, Step Therapy, Quantity Limits) that apply to alternative medications.

**Rehabilitation Services** – These services include physical therapy, speech and language therapy, and occupational therapy.

Service Area – A geographic area where you must live to join a particular health plan. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's also generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. The plan must disenroll you if you permanently move out of the plan's service area.

**Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Care** – Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of care include physical therapy or intravenous injections that can only be given by a registered nurse or doctor.

**Special Enrollment Period** – A set time when members can change their health or drug plan or return to Original Medicare. Situations in which you may be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period include: if you move outside the service area, if you are getting "Extra Help" with your prescription drug costs, if you move into a nursing home, or if we violate our contract with you.

**Special Needs Plan** – A special type of Medicare Advantage Plan that provides more focused health care for specific groups of people, such as those who have both Medicare and Medicaid, who reside in a nursing home, or who have certain chronic medical conditions.

**Step Therapy** – A utilization tool that requires you to first try another drug to treat your medical condition before we will cover the drug your physician may have initially prescribed.

**Supplemental Security Income (SSI)** – A monthly benefit paid by Social Security to people with limited income and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and older. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

**Telehealth Services** – Interactive, real-time virtual visits that allow providers to evaluate, diagnose and treat you without an in-person office visit. They are often used for follow-up visits, to manage chronic conditions and medications, to consult with specialists, and other clinical services.

**Urgently Needed Services** – Covered services that are not emergency services, provided when the network providers are temporarily unavailable or inaccessible or when the enrollee is out of the service area. For example, you need immediate care during the weekend. Services must be immediately needed and medically necessary.

#### Care Core with M Health Fairview & North Memorial Customer Service

Method	Customer Service - Contact Information
CALL	612-676-6520
	1-888-618-2595 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	Customer Service also has free language interpreter services
	available for non-English speakers.
TTY	612-676-6810
	1-800-688-2534 (this call is free)
	8 am – 8 pm, seven days a week
	These numbers require special telephone equipment and are only
	for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking.
FAX	612-676-6501
	1-866-457-7145
WRITE	Attn: Customer Service
	UCare
	PO Box 52
	Minneapolis, MN 55440-0052
WEBSITE	ucare.org

### Senior LinkAge Line® (Minnesota SHIP)

Senior LinkAge Line® is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

Method	Contact Information
CALL	1-800-333-2433 (this call is free)
TTY	Call the Minnesota Relay Service at 711 or use your preferred relay service. (This call is free.)
WRITE	Minnesota Board on Aging PO Box 64976 St. Paul, MN 55164-0976
WEBSITE	www.seniorlinkageline.com

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