



**POLICY:** Transplantation – Omisirge Utilization Management Medical Policy

• Omisirge® (omidubicel-only intravenous infusion – Gamida)

EFFECTIVE DATE: 11/15/2023 LAST REVISION DATE: 08/09/2023

**COVERAGE CRITERIA FOR:** All UCare Plans

#### **OVERVIEW**

Omisirge, a nicotinamide modified allogeneic hematopoietic progenitor cell therapy derived from cord blood, is indicated for use in patients with hematologic malignancies who are planning to undergo umbilical cord blood transplantation following myeloablative conditioning to reduce the time to neutrophil recovery and the incidence of infection in adults and pediatric patients  $\geq 12$  years of age.<sup>1</sup>

## **Disease Overview**

Stem cell transplantation is used to treat various hematologic malignancies and involves placing healthy stem cells into the patient to restore the normal production and function of blood cells.<sup>2-6</sup> Umbilical cord blood is one source of healthy stems cells used for allogeneic transplantation; others can be obtained from peripheral blood or bone marrow. After birth, the blood present in the umbilical cord and placenta contains valuable hematopoietic stems cells that are typically discarded as medical waste. However, through donation, umbilical cord blood cells can be stored and used later for patients with conditions such as hematologic malignancies. Around 70% of patients do not have an optimal matched family donor; therefore, cells can be obtained from an unrelated donor. Patients who are non-White generally have more difficulties finding a suitable donor.

## **Dosing Information**

Omisirge is given as a single intravenous dose.<sup>1</sup> Omisirge is provided in two bags containing the two cryopreserved cell fractions (i.e., cultured fraction and non-cultured fraction). After it is made from the umbilical cord blood donor source, which takes about 21 days, Omisirge is shipped to the transplant center for a specific patient.

# **Safety**

Omisirge has a Boxed Warning regarding infusion reactions, graft versus host disease, engraftment syndrome, and graft failure.<sup>1</sup>

## **POLICY STATEMENT**

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of Omisirge. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indication. Extended approvals are allowed if the patient continues to meet the Criteria and Dosing. Requests for doses outside of the established dosing documented in this policy will be considered on a case-by-case basis by a clinician (i.e., Medical Director or Pharmacist). All approvals are provided for one dose. The approval duration is 6 months to allow for an adequate timeframe to prepare and administer one dose of therapy.

Automation: None.



#### RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Omisirge is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

# **FDA-Approved Indication**

- **1. Umbilical Cord Blood Transplantation.** Approve for one dose if the patient meets the following (A, B, and C):
  - A) Patient is  $\geq 12$  years of age; AND
  - **B**) Patient has a hematologic malignancy; AND
    - <u>Note</u>: Examples of hematologic malignancies are acute myelogenous leukemia, acute lymphoblastic leukemia, and chronic myeloid leukemia.
  - C) Omisirge is prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist, oncologist, transplant specialist physician, or a physician associated with a transplant center.

**Dosing.** Approve a single dose of Omisirge given by intravenous infusion.

<u>Note</u>: Omisirge is provided in two separate bags containing the two cryopreserved cell fractions (i.e., cultured fraction and non-cultured fraction).

# CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Omisirge is not recommended in the following situations:

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

### REFERENCES

- 1. Omisirge<sup>®</sup> intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Boston, MA: Gamida; April 2023.
- Food and Drug Administration News Release. FDA approves cell therapy for patients with blood cancers to reduce risk of
  infection following stem cell transplantation. April 17, 2023. Available at: <a href="https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/fda-approves-cell-therapy-patients-blood-cancers-reduce-risk-infection-following-stem-cell">https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/fda-approves-cell-therapy-patients-blood-cancers-reduce-risk-infection-following-stem-cell</a>. Accessed on
  July 19, 2023.
- 2. The NCCN Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation (HCT) Guidelines in Oncology (version 1.2023 March 31, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <a href="http://www.nccn.org">http://www.nccn.org</a>. Accessed on July 19, 2023.
- 3. Bazinet A, Popradi G. A general practitioner's guide to hematopoietic stem-cell transplantation. *Curr Oncol.* 2019;26(3):187-191.
- 4. Sanchez-Petitto G, Rezvani K, Daher M, et al. Umbilical cord blood transplantation: connecting its origin to its future. *Stem Cells Transl Med.* 2023;12(2):55-71.
- 5. Be The Match Registry® website. "About Cord Blood" and "How does a patient's ethnic background affect matching?"

  Available at: <a href="https://bethematch.org/support-the-cause/donate-cord-blood/about-cord-blood/">https://bethematch.org/support-the-cause/donate-cord-blood/about-cord-blood/</a> and <a href="https://bethematch.org/transplant-basics/how-blood-stem-cell-transplants-work/how-does-a-patients-ethnic-background-affect-matching/#:~:text=This%20is%20because%20HLA%20markers,can%20make%20all%20the%20difference.

  Accessed on July 19, 2023.
- 6. Dehn J, Spellman S, Hurley CK, et al. Selection of unrelated donors and cord blood units for hematopoietic cell transplantation: guidelines from the NMDP/CIBMTR. *Blood*. 2019;134(12):924-934.

#### HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
New Policy		08/09/2023