

POLICY: Oncology – Tecartus™ (brexucabtagene autoleucel suspension for intravenous injection – Kite Pharma)

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12/1/2020

LAST REVISION DATE: 08/16/2023

COVERAGE CRITERIA FOR: UCare Medicaid and Exchange Plans Only (PMAP, Connect, MSC+, MnCare, all Individual and Family Plans)

OVERVIEW

Tecartus, a CD19-directed genetically modified autologous T cell immunotherapy, is indicated for the treatment of adults with relapsed or refractory:¹

- **B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia.**
- **Mantle cell lymphoma.**

Tecartus is supplied in infusion bag(s) containing frozen suspension of genetically modified autologous T cells in human serum albumin.¹ Each bag is supplied in a metal cassette stored in the vapor phase of liquid nitrogen. Store Tecartus frozen in the vapor phase of liquid nitrogen and thaw prior to administration.

Guidelines

Tecartus is addressed in National Comprehensive Cancer Network guidelines:

- **Acute lymphoblastic leukemia:** Guidelines (version 2.2023 – July 28, 2023) recommend Tecartus for the treatment of relapsed or refractory B-cell precursor acute lymphoblastic leukemia.^{3,4}
- **B-cell lymphomas:** Guidelines (version 5.2023 – July 7, 2023) recommend Tecartus for the third-line treatment of relapsed or refractory mantle cell lymphoma, following treatment with chemoimmunotherapy and Bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitor therapy.^{2,3}

Safety

Tecartus has a Boxed Warning regarding cytokine release syndrome and neurological toxicities. Due to these risks, Tecartus is only available through a restricted program under a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) called the Tecartus REMS.

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for medical benefit coverage of Tecartus. Approval is recommended for those who meet the **Criteria** and **Dosing** for the listed indications. Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Tecartus as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, approval requires Tecartus to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. The approval duration is 6 months to allow for an adequate time frame to prepare and administer 1 dose of therapy.

Automation: None.

RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of Tecartus is recommended in those who meet one of the following criteria:

FDA-Approved Indications

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- 1. Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia.** Approve a single dose if the patient meets all of the following (A, B, C, D, E, and F):
- A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has B-cell precursor disease; AND
 - C) Patient has relapsed or refractory disease; AND
 - D) Patient received or plans to receive lymphodepleting chemotherapy prior to Tecartus infusion; AND
 - E) Patient has not been previously treated with CAR-T therapy; AND
- Note: Examples of CAR-T therapy include Tecartus, Breyanzi (lisocabtagene maraleucel intravenous infusion), Kymriah (tisagenlecleucel intravenous infusion), Yescarta (axicabtagene intravenous infusion) and Abecma (idecabtagene vicleucel intravenous infusion).
- F) Tecartus is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 1×10^8 chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-positive viable T-cells administered intravenously.

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- 2. Mantle Cell Lymphoma.** Approve a single dose if the patient meets all of the following (A, B, C, D, and E):
- A) Patient is ≥ 18 years of age; AND
 - B) Patient has previously received the following (i and ii):
 - i. Chemoimmunotherapy; AND

Note: Examples of chemoimmunotherapy include bendamustine + rituximab, DHAP (dexamethasone, cisplatin, cytarabine) + rituximab, DHAX (dexamethasone, cytarabine, oxaliplatin) + rituximab.

 - ii. A Bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitor; AND

Note: Bruton tyrosine kinase inhibitors include Brukinsa (zanubrutinib capsules), Calquence (acalabrutinib capsules), and Imbruvica (ibrutinib capsules and tablets).
 - C) Patient received or plans to receive lymphodepleting chemotherapy prior to Tecartus infusion; AND
 - D) Patient has not been previously treated with CAR-T therapy; AND
- Note: Examples of CAR-T therapy include Tecartus, Breyanzi (lisocabtagene maraleucel intravenous infusion), Kymriah (tisagenlecleucel intravenous infusion), Yescarta (axicabtagene intravenous infusion) and Abecma (idecabtagene vicleucel intravenous infusion).
- E) Tecartus is prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist.

Dosing. Approve up to 2×10^8 chimeric antigen receptor (CAR)-positive viable T-cells administered intravenously.

CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

Coverage of Tecartus is not recommended in the following situations:

- 1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

REFERENCES

1. Tecartus® intravenous infusion [prescribing information]. Santa Monica, CA: Kite Pharma; October 2021.
2. The NCCN B-Cell Lymphomas Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 5.2023 – July 7, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on August 11, 2023.
3. The NCCN Drugs and Biologics Compendium. © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on August 11, 2023. Search term: brexucabtagene.
4. The NCCN Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (version 2.2023 – July 28, 2023). © 2023 National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Available at: <http://www.nccn.org>. Accessed on August 11, 2023.

HISTORY

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Review Date
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	08/24/2022
Update	08/26/2022: Added: “The approval duration is 6 months to allow for an adequate time frame to prepare and administer 1 dose of therapy.” to the Policy Statement.	NA
Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	08/16/2023